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GREAT ADVANTAGES GIVE BOSTON SECOND RANK AS A SEAPORT

Vast Improvements Needed,
Says Jerome Jones, to
Enable the City to Retain
Present Position.

CAPITAL REQUIRED

Much Depends on Encour-
aging Commercial and In-
dustrial Expansion of New
England and on State Aid.

That Boston's position in the front
rank of the markets of the world depends
largely upon the development of the
commercial and industrial interests of
New England, and that to maintain the
city in this rank vast improvements in
transportation facilities on water and
land are absolutely essential, is the opin-
ion of Jerome Jones, a prominent Boston
importer and chairman of the committee
on maritime affairs of the Boston Cham-
ber of Commerce.

The future possibilities of New Eng-
land, Mr. Jones says, are encouraging to
those interested in its industrial and
commercial pursuits and who study its
welfare.

Boston is the great seaport of New
England, in fact has been for a century
and a half second only to New York on
this hemisphere. It was so in the time
of sailing vessels and is so now in steam
tonnage, foreign and domestic.

The port of New York is hampered by
the Sandy Hook barrier, which has to
be dredged once in so often, and when
Boston suffered for want of deeper chan-
nels, necessitated by the larger foreign
steamships, the federal government ex-
pended \$8,000,000 and more in widening
and deepening our channel, which to-
gether with the outlays made by our har-
bor and land board will make our bay
and harbor adequate for the largest
vessels afloat.

But much has yet to be done for our
waterfront, on the shores of the Mystic
at East Boston, at South Boston and
along Dorchester bay, all of which offer
sites and conveniences for shipment of
raw material and manufactured products,
which are important in competition with
other localities.

The foreign steamship lines are in-
creasing here, as are also our coastwise
(Continued on Page Five, Column Three.)

NEW EDISON DEVICE SOON TO BE SHOWN IN NEW YORK TESTS

NEW YORK—A perfect combination
of the phonograph and moving picture
machine is a thing upon which Thomas
A. Edison is now working. The famous
electrician believes that such a device
would be a great aid in the classroom.
His new "talking picture" apparatus is
now nearly perfected.

It is announced that a practical exhibi-
tion of the new device will be given
before the end of the month before the
board of education of New York. The
moving pictures will be shown in their
natural colors, will stand out from the
screen in a natural manner and will
talk.

As far back as 1890 Mr. Edison com-
bined the phonograph with moving pic-
tures and, although various improve-
ments have been made from time to time,
the desired results have not been
achieved.

Speaking of Mr. Edison's proposed im-
provements, President Dyer of the Edi-
son companies, said the greatest diffi-
culty in having colors reproduced by mov-
ing pictures was that not enough time
was allowed in the taking of the pic-
tures.

FIRST STATE INSPECTION.

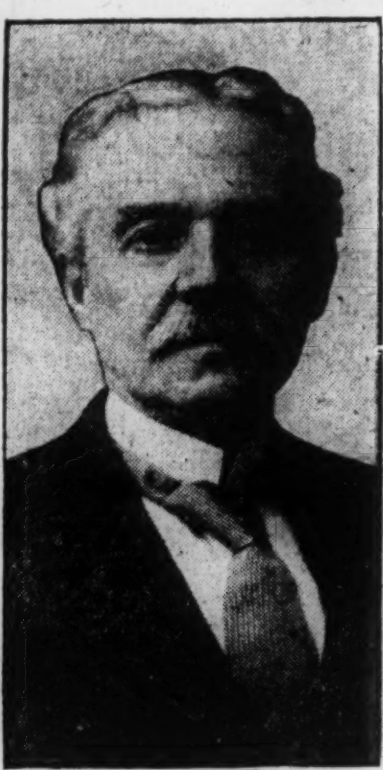
The first of the annual state inspec-
tions of the naval militia was held at the
East armory Wednesday evening when
company A, commanded by Lieut. Fred-
erick G. Robinson, was inspected by Com-
mander Charles H. Parker of the naval
bureau.

ANOTHER AMERICAN SOUTH POLE EXPEDITION PLANNED

NEW YORK—That a pretentious Ant-
arctic expedition, under the joint direc-
tion of the American Museum of Natural
History of New York city and the United
States government, will leave San Fran-
cisco in October, 1910, is practically as-
sured, was the assertion today of Dr.
Hermann C. Bumpus, director of the mu-
seum.

The invasion of the far south will have
a double mission; to make extensive geo-
graphical and biological observations, and
to reestablish the location of Wilkesland,
said to have been reached in 1840 by

Merchant Indicates Way
Boston and New England
Are to Enhance Prestige



JEROME JONES.
Maritime committee chairman of Boston
Chamber of Commerce, who points
out opportunities of port.

SINGLE TAX WORKER CALLS MR. TAFT AND PARTY MONOPOLISTS

Joseph Fels of Philadelphia
and London Refuses to In-
dorse the Chief Executive's
Sincerity.

GIVES HIS VIEWS

"I consider Mr. Taft and his whole
party—if we except the insurgents—
monopolists of the most virulent char-
acter," said Joseph Fels, a Philadelphia
business man who spends much of his
time in London, today to a group of
newspaper men gathered to meet him at
the Boston City Club.

"The agitation about the reduction of
the tariff," he continued in response to
a question as to the foundation for this
opinion, "by the rank and file of the
Republican party, was all humbug. The
taxation of food makes the cost of
living in the United States fully 60 per
cent higher than in any other country
in the world."

In answer to the question, "Don't you
believe Mr. Taft is sincere?" Mr. Fels
replied:

"His actions will have to answer
that."

He explained, in response to further
questioning, that his opinion was based
entirely on the eviv of the President ob-
tained through his official acts. "For,"

NAVY HEAD TO ACT ON TRIAL PAPERS

WASHINGTON—The papers in the
Auld and Robnett court-martials will
probably be considered together by Sec-
retary Meyer. He may take up the mat-
ter today. The punishment of Paymas-
ter Auld for his attack upon Dr. Cowles
at the Charlestown navy yard dance last
December will not be as severe as that
decided upon by the officers of the court-
martial which tried him.

RAISES WORCESTER SALARIES.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Mayor Logan
has approved the salary bill passed by
the city council Jan. 31. The bill gives
increases to most of the city depart-
ment heads, the total increase being
\$4400 a year.

WILLIAMS ALUMNI TO DINE.

The Williams Alumni Association of
Boston will hold its forty-third annual
banquet at the American house at 6:30
p. m. today. The Rev. Carroll Perry,
'90, will be toastmaster.

HOUSEMAID BETTER PAID THAN TEACHER, ASSERTS PRINCIPAL

Wakefield High School Head
and Superintendent Cite
Facts to Show Demand Is
Greater Than Salary.

VOLUNTARY INQUIRY

Teachers in many towns in Massachu-
setts receive lower wages than the aver-
age servant of housemaid, was the decla-
ration made today by Principal Charles
H. Howe of the Wakefield high school
in discussing the question of teachers'
salaries, which is again being presented
for the consideration of the town and
which will be taken up in the near future
by the Wakefield Teachers Association.

The cause is the repeated loss of able
instructors through the fact that other
municipalities offer better inducements,
an instance occurring there this week
in the resignation of Miss Maude E.
Black, supervisor of drawing. Adopting
the idea recently tried in Malden the
teachers' association is contemplating
answering voluntarily questions similar
to those asked by Superintendent Her-
vey of Malden.

Principal Howe said: "The average
cook or housemaid receives better wages
than the Wakefield teachers. They are
paid at least \$5 and good ones get
more. Taking into consideration her
board and room, which at a low figure is
worth \$3.50, she earns an equivalent of
\$8.50 a week. It has been estimated
that a servant wastes at least \$2 a week
in fuel, food and breakage and that
brings the figure up to \$10.50, or \$340
a year as the sum in which she stands
the family who employ her. Of this she
receives \$442."

"There are more teachers earning \$450
than \$600 in the schools of Wakefield
today. A teacher is expected to main-
tain her standing in the community and
the demand of dress at present is enor-
mous. In addition to this she must de-
vote time to professional study to keep
abreast with the times. Yet in spite of
all this she is placed on the same basis
as the housemaid."

Forty-eight of the 68 teachers of the
Wakefield schools receive \$600 or less,
\$450 or \$500 being the average, and only
six principals of grammar schools are
paid over \$600.

In his annual report Superintendent
of Schools J. H. Curry estimates at

(Continued on Page Five, Column Seven.)

HARBORS BILL DUE FOR REPORT TODAY AIDS NEW ENGLAND

WASHINGTON—The \$40,000,000 rivers
and harbors appropriation bill was com-
pleted by the committee today and will
probably be reported to the House late
this afternoon. The Mississippi, Mis-
souri and Ohio river projects are given
large lump sums and generous contin-
uing appropriations.

The largest single item in the bill for
Massachusetts is \$135,000 for a stone
breakwater for Provincetown harbor. This
is a very important harbor for
refuge, which has lately been in poor
condition, as it is protected only by a
temporary dyke, and the sum allotted
is expected to put it in fine condition.
Other items in the bill are as follows:

For deepening the entrance to New-
buryport harbor, \$50,000; for contin-
uing work on the breakwater, Sandy
Bay harbor of refuge, \$100,000; main-
tenance of existing channel, Plym-
outh harbor, \$10,000; continuing work
on breakwater, Nantucket harbor,
\$50,000; widening the existing chan-
nel, New Bedford and Fairhaven
harbor, \$50,000; maintenance of exist-
ing channel, Merrimack river, \$10,000;
Weymouth river, maintenance of ex-
isting channel, \$5000; for deepening the
channel of Mystic river, below the mouth
of Island End river, to 30 feet, \$72,000;
for removing certain rocks in Gloucester
harbor which are a menace to naviga-
tion, \$25,000; to provide for a deeper
and wider channel in Lynn harbor, \$60,
000; for extending the channel in Hing-
ham harbor, \$67,022, on condition that
the state or local authorities assume further
improvement and maintenance of the
harbor.

In addition to these appropriations
the bill authorizes surveys of Boston har-
bor with a view to obtaining a greater
depth in South bay; New Bedford harbor
with a view to extending the channel to
Campello; Salem harbor and Malden river
with a view to increasing depth of chan-
nel.

The rivers and harbors committee has
adopted the policy of an annual bill, and
the appropriations made are for such
amounts as the board of engineers has
reported to be necessary for expenditures
during the coming fiscal year.

Leading Boston Importer
Predicts a Great Future for
Port and New England

BOSTON's prestige, says Jerome
Jones, depends on the develop-
ment of New England commercial
and industrial interests.

New England rivers may be made
a source of immense wealth by de-
velopment of electrical power.

Boston is the second largest port
in the western hemisphere.

Great improvements are needed
along the waterfront.

Increase of foreign and coastwise
lines calls for establishment of new
industries.

State aid is essential to better
transportation facilities.

Boston's educational, social and
commercial advantages are unex-
celled on the American continent.

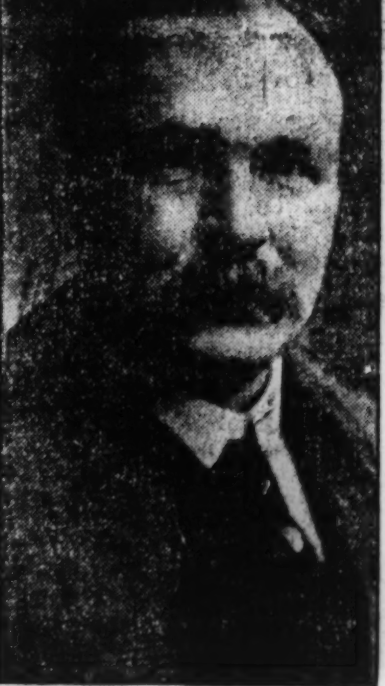
PRESIDENT'S REPORT FOR TUFTS COLLEGE DESCRIBES CHANGES

Fails to Mention Segregation,
but Details Plans for the
Rehabilitation of Liberal
Arts Courses.

BLAZES NEW TRAIL

President Frederick W. Hamilton of
Tufts College has completed his annual
report to the trustees and it was pub-
lished today. The document contains no
mention of the segregation of the women
students, a subject which the president
has advocated warmly in the reports of
the past few years and which is now in
the hands of a committee of the trustees.

In the course of the report President
Hamilton says: "The most notable
academic change inaugurated during the
year has reference to the condition of
the courses in the school of liberal arts."



THE REV. F. W. HAMILTON, D. D.
President of Tufts College, who depre-
cates too decided a leaning to
vocational studies.

especially those leading to the degree of
bachelor of arts. For a good many years
the enrollment of men in this course has
been steadily diminishing and the degree
of bachelor of arts has been less and
less sought. The causes of this falling
off are not local, but general.

"I consider these causes as mainly
three, the first and second of which are
very closely related to each other. The
first of these is the drift toward voca-
tional training, especially along techni-
cal lines, and the impression which so
widely prevails as to the superior value
and practical utility of such study as
compared with linguistic, literary, philo-
sophical, or historical study. This
tendency is making itself felt throughout
our entire educational system.

"To many of us the development of
the scientific courses and the retirement
of the arts courses into a subordinate
position mean the passing of education
and the disappearance of culture. While
not sharing this extreme view, I believe

(Continued on Page Five, Column Three.)

National Park on Canadian Boundary Line Provided In Bill Approved by Senate

WASHINGTON—The bill pro-
viding for the establishment
of the Glacier National park in
northern Montana was passed
Wednesday by the Senate.

If created the park will be situ-
ated just south of the international
line between the United States and
Canada and will adjoin a similar
reservation of the Canadian govern-
ment on the northern side of the
boundary.

ARGUMENTS TODAY FOR INVESTIGATION OF NEW HAVEN LINES

State Legislative Committee
Hears Both Sides on the
Petition of Representative
Brown of Medford.

ATTORNEY REPORTS

The committee on railroads, at the
State House today, began its hearings on
the various measures affecting the New
York, New Haven & Hartford railroad.
The attorney general's report was heard
without comment.

It was announced that the committee
would next take up the report made by
the joint special commission consisting
of the railroad, tax and bank commis-
sioners and that at the same time the
committee would consider the resolve ac-
companying the petition of Representa-
tive Charles H. Brown of Medford for
appointment by the Governor of a spe-
cial commission of three to investigate
the New Haven railroad, especially as
to its relations with other corporations
and to report to the present session of
the General Court before the first
Wednesday in May next.

There were present when the hearing
opened William B. Lawrence of Medford,
Vice-President Timothy Byrnes, repre-
senting the New Haven railroad, and
William H. Coolidge of the Boston &
Maine railroad.

Mr. Lawrence said the New Haven had
increased its capital stock from \$47,500,
000 to \$121,000,000, and has issued bonds
in excess of its capital stock, both with-
out authority of the commonwealth.
Seventy subsidiary corporations of trol-
leys, steamboats, etc., have been invest-
ed in, said Mr. Lawrence.

Vice-President Timothy E. Byrnes
spoke next. He said there was a general
misunderstanding as to the policy of the
New Haven road; that the states of
southern New England disagree in their
railroad policy, and that all of the acts
of the New Haven railroad have been in
accord with the laws of other states, if
they have not been in accord with those
of Massachusetts.

"It is difficult to serve three or four
masters, Mr. Byrnes said, and the com-
pany has found itself between the upper
and nether millstones in this matter.
The New Haven road, he contended, has
very little mileage in Massachusetts, not

(Continued on Page Five, Column One.)

CONTROL IN LIBERAL PARTY IS PROBLEM IN CABINET MEETING

(By the United Press.)
LONDON—Indications of a struggle
for supremacy between the more conser-
vative faction of the Liberals, headed by
Premier Asquith, and the Radical wing,
led by Chancellor of the Exchequer David
Lloyd-George and Winston Churchill, de-
veloped today at the first meeting of the
cabinet since the recent election.

The cabinet met to consider the per-
sonnel of the new cabinet, in which, it
is hinted, there will be several new faces,
and to map out a legislative program.
No announcement has yet been made,
but those in a position to know declare
that Mr. Asquith and his followers in-
dicate their intention to dictate the policy
of the incoming administration, regard-
less of the demands of Mr. Lloyd-George
and his followers, who insist on a more
drastic legislative program than favored
by the premier. So far the Radical fac-
tion has shown itself unyielding, despite
Mr. Asquith's overtures.

The biggest problem confronting the
cabinet is to keep the coalition of Lib-
erals, Laborites and Irish Nationalists
intact, or practically so, and it is under-
stood that an official appeal will shortly
be issued to guard against any reaction-
ary movement in the ranks of the coali-
tion.

"The House of Lords is an anachro-
nism and should be abolished," read one
of the resolutions adopted today by the
Labor party congress, in session at New-
port, Wales.

Other resolutions adopted favor an
election reform bill granting equal suf-
frage to all adults, including women, the
strengthening of the laws against elec-
tion bribery, a single day for holding
general elections instead of scattering
them over several weeks as at present,
and the payment of salaries to labor
members of Parliament out of the par-
ty's funds. The reforms demanded have
all been agreed to in some measure by
the Liberals, excepting that of providing
for the salaries for Parliamentary mem-
bers.

Premier Asquith has issued the custom-
ary letter to his party, asking attend-
ance at the opening of Parliament, "as
matters of urgent importance will im-
mediately arise." It is now known that
business will not begin before the usual
address in reply to the King's speech,
which, it is said, will refer to no legis-
lative proposals except the House of
Lords veto.

Cold Storage Warehouse
Officials Explain Work of
Company to Board on Food



(Photo by Chickering.)
GEORGE S. LOVEJOY.
Manager general storage department of
the Quincy Market Cold Storage
& Warehouse Company.

FOOD PROTESTANTS VISIT COLD STORAGE WAREHOUSE TODAY

Committee Hears Officers of
Quincy Market Company
Explain Work of Concern
and Are Shown Place.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS

The protest committee of the Boston
Consumers League paid a visit to the
warehouses operated by the Quincy Mar-
ket Cold Storage and Warehouse Com-
pany at the invitation of George H. Stod-
dard, treasurer of the company, today.

After an informal talk on the subjects
pursued by the company from Charles H.
Utley, president of the corporation, the
party visited the fish house. George S.
Lovejoy, manager of the storage depart-
ment, aided the party.

Chairman of the protest committee
Max Mitchell, Samuel F. Hubbard and
Edward H. Chandler, secretary of the
Twentieth Century Club, were the only
members of the committee present, the
others being excused on account of ur-
gent business. The newspaper men made
up the rest of the party.

Mr. Utley said that the company
neither owned, controlled nor had any
interest in the contents of the ware-
houses, nor did they have any combina-
tion with the 2500-odd dealers who hire
storage of them.

QUIZ COACHMAN IN RUSSELL CASE

Attorney Simpson, for the claimant,
continued today to cross-examine James
R. Axford, a former coachman of the
Russells, at the hearing of the Russell
will case before Judge Lawton of the
Middlesex probate court in Cambridge.

The examination referred chiefly to
the going away of Daniel Blake Russell
in 1883, and the meeting of Mr. Axford
and the claimant April 29, 1909, in the
office of Berry & Upton. Mr. Axford
said that the claimant is not Daniel
Blake Russell.

STREET CAR HEATING HEARING.

Vice-President Sergeant of the Boston
Elevated railway was the only one to
appear before the committee on street
railways today at the State House in
regard to the petition of John E. Carter
of Winchester to take the enforcement
of the law relating to street car heat-
ing from the state police. Mr. Sergeant
opposed the bill. No one else appeared and
the hearing was closed.

OPPOSE FEDERAL INCOME TAX AT HEARING FOR LEGISLATURE

Interest in the proposed amendment of
the federal constitution to permit the
imposition of a tax upon incomes again
lagged at the State House today, and
after being in session a little over an hour
the committee was again obliged to con-
tinue its hearing because speakers were
lacking.

The proposition was opposed by Maj.
Henry Winn and Alderman Joseph T.
Carr, both of Malden. Major Winn de-
clared himself in favor of the income tax
of itself, but he objected to the particu-
lar amendment which Congress has pro-

APPLICANTS BESIEGE CIVIL SERVICE BOARD AT THE STATE HOUSE

Upward of Two Thousand
Have Registered to Obtain
Positions in Boston Under
New Regime.

REFERRED BY MAYOR

Little Chance for Belated
Seekers of Places, but the
List Is Increasing Rapidly
Day by Day.

Following the inauguration of Mayor
Fitzgerald and the storming of his office
by applicants for city positions of all
kinds, the city labor department of the
civil service commission at the State
House has broken all records for regis-
tering applicants for all kinds of city
jobs. Since Monday, the last registering
day for the present quarter, between 80
and 100 applicants have visited the office
each day, and the clerk in charge of re-
ceiving applications and registering
names has been forced to provide a spe-
cial desk for himself outside the regular
office enclosure, in order not to interrupt
the regular routine business of the office.

On Monday 77 names were added to
the already voluminous register, and this
is a record that has seldom been equaled.
The increase in the business of the office
was first noticed some three weeks ago,
and it has steadily been growing.

All applicants for city positions at
the mayor's office have been referred
to the civil service commission, and the
officials at the State House feel assured
that they have all appeared at the labor
division office direct from city hall, but
those who have applied since Monday
stand a very poor show of getting on
the city payroll, as there are in the vicin-
ity of 2000 names now on the register
from which names will be selected for
certification before the late applicants
have an opportunity.

There are 995 registered for common
laborers' jobs, these including everything
from pick-and-shovel men up to painters
and carpenters' helpers.

In the classified lists on the register
there are the names of 131 for stationary
engineer positions, 198 firemen, 215
(Continued on Page Five, Column Five.)

TAX COMMISSIONER SUBMITS A REPORT ON APPORTIONMENT

Tax Commissioner William D. T.
Trefry has sent to the Massachusetts
House of Representatives his triennial
report of apportionment of taxes, which
is the basis of assessment of state taxes.

The report shows that the total
amount of valuation taken into consid-
eration in fixing the basis of apportion-
ment was \$4,001,820,713 this year, as com-
pared with \$3,626,656,263 for the last
apportionment in 1907. The number of
polls is 905,331 for this year and 863,694
three years ago.

AVIATION RECORD BROKEN AT CAIRO

CAIRO—The American aviator, Sands,
using an Antoinette monoplane, at the
aviation meet at Heliopolis beat the
world's speed record Wednesday. He
covered 3 1/2 miles in 4m. 22s.

LONDON—The correspondent of the
Sportsman gives the record to Duray,
who used a Farman biplane, and says his
time was 4m. 15.4-5s. The Daily Mail's
and Reuter's despatches agree that Sands
broke the record, but Reuter gives his
time as 4m. 22.3-5s.

PRUSSIAN ELECTION BILL UP.

BERLIN—The debate on the Prussian
election reform bill was begun in the diet
today. Chancellor Von Bethmann-Holl-
weg spoke.

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SEND YOUR "WANT" AD TO THE MONITOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—IT WILL BE RUN FREE ONE WEEK ON THE CLASSIFIED AD PAGE

If you are looking for employment, or for an employee
The Monitor offers you an opportunity to supply your need without the expense of advertising.

Name.....
Street.....
City..... State.....
CUT ALONG THIS LINE.

Write your advertisement on this blank and mail direct to The Christian Science Monitor, Boston, Mass.

The Christian Science Monitor is read in every city in America.

News of the World Told by Cable and Correspondence

LONDON LETTER

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—The fortnightly meeting of the Royal Horticultural Society took place in Vincent square, Westminster, a few days ago, and among the many orchids shown, one in particular attracted much attention for it is said to be the only specimen of its kind in this country, having come from New Guinea. The flower may be described as of the usual "cradle" form, and it has a white margin with reddish chocolate markings, and a yellow lip. A new species of lady's slipper orchid was also shown for the first time. An unusually large collection of hardy flowers was on view, but not more than one exhibition of fruit. The most interesting feature of the meeting was, however, the magnificent collection of orchids.

EXHIBITION OF MAJOLICA

WARE IN GERMANY

A factory at Cadinen, where majolica ware is manufactured, was bequeathed to the German Emperor some years ago by one of his subjects, and an exhibition of pottery from this factory has just been opened at a large shop in the Leipzigerstrasse. The exhibition includes examples of all the products manufactured at Cadinen, from glazed tiles to artistic terra-cotta and porcelain vases. It is considered that a "boom" is likely to be experienced as the result of the exhibition. Several of the underground railway stations in Berlin, as well as several of the public buildings throughout the empire, are decorated with Cadinen tiles, and it is expected that this class of pottery will become still more popular in the future.

NEW ZEALAND GOLD MINES

AMONG THE GREATEST

According to a correspondent of the "Standard," David Ziman, a director of the Consolidated Gold Fields of New Zealand, is reported to have said:

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL—Vaudeville. **BOSTON**—Cohan & Harris Minstrels. **CASTLE SQUARE**—"Shore Acres." **COLONIAL**—"The House Next Door." **GLOBE**—"Going Some." **HOLLIS STREET**—"What Every Woman Knows." **KEITH'S**—Vaudeville. **MAJESTIC**—"The Melting Pot." **PARK**—"The Man from Home." **SHUBERT**—"The Midnight Song." **TRIMONT**—"Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm."

Boston Opera House.

FRIDAY—8 p. m., "Leda." **SATURDAY**—2 p. m., "Madame Butterfly"; 8 p. m., "Trovatore."

Boston Concerts.

THURSDAY—Steinert hall, 8 p. m., piano recital, Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, assisted by Carl Paellier. **FRIDAY**—Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., fifteenth rehearsal Symphony Orchestra. **SATURDAY**—Symphony hall, 8 p. m., concert by music department of city of Boston. **SUNDAY**—Symphony hall, 7:30 p. m., "Golden Legend," Handel and Haydn Society.

NEW YORK.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Southern and Marlowe in "Romance and Juliet." **AMERICAN**—Vaudeville. **ASTOR**—"Seven Days." **BIJOU**—"The Lottery Man." **CASINO**—"The Young Turk." **COLONIAL**—Vaudeville. **COMEDY**—"A Man's World." **CRITICISM**—"The Bachelor's Baby." **DAILY**—"The Inferior Sex." **EMPIRE**—"Mid-channel." **GAIETY**—"The Fortune Hunter." **GARRICK**—"Your Humble Servant." **GRAND OPERA HOUSE**—"The Silver Star." **GLOBE**—"The Old Town." **HAMMERSTEN'S**—Vaudeville. **HERALD SQUARE**—"The Yankee Girl." **HYPHODROME**—Spectacles. **HUSON**—"A Lucky Star." **IRVING PLACE**—Dramas and operettas in German. **KEITH & PROCTOR'S**, Fifth avenue—Vaudeville. **KNICKBOCKER**—"The Dollar Princess." **LIBERTY**—"The Arcadians." **LUXEM**—"Mrs. Dot." **LYRIC**—"The City." **MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE**—Grand opera. **MAYNARD ELLIOTT'S**—"The Passing of the Third Floor Back." **NEW THEATRE**—Repertoire and opera. **NEW YORK**—"The Young Turk." **SAVOY**—"The Traveling Salesman." **STUYVESANT**—"The Lily." **WALLACK'S**—"Miss Jimmy Valentine." **WEST END**—"Is Matrimony a Failure?"

CHICAGO.

AMERICAN—Vaudeville. **CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE**—"Miss Patsey." **COLONIAL**—"The Love Cure." **GARRICK**—"Herd." **GRAND OPERA HOUSE**—"The Fourth Estate." **HAYMARKET**—Vaudeville. **ILLINOIS**—"Seven Days." **LA SALLE**—"The Flirting Princess." **OLYMPIA**—"The Fortune Hunter." **MAJESTIC**—Vaudeville. **MAJESTIC**—"The Man of the Hour." **POWER**—"The Chorus Lady." **STUBBART**—"Miss Philana." **WHITNEY**—"Molly May."

Zealand, in speaking of the subject of the gold mining industry to a representative of a New Zealand journal, said: "You have in this country something more than prospects. In my opinion, you have in the Waikato the greatest gold mine in the world, and I consider that, should developments continue as they have hitherto done—and there is no reason why they should not—when all other known great mines are worked out the Waikato mine will still be producing gold in large quantities. As regards mining on the west coast of the South island, we have good proved mines there, and with an energetic policy I hope to see them developed into great mines. We have already proved highly payable gold-bearing reefs at a depth of close upon 2000 feet. The richest quartz I have ever seen I saw in one of the stopes at the Wealth of Nations mine at a depth of 1600 feet."

FOREST CULTIVATION.

(Special to The Monitor.)

GUELPH, Ont.—The city council has taken the initiative in forest cultivation by deciding to plant 168 acres, the trees for which are to be brought from Germany.

EIGHTY PER CENT PROFIT IN EGGS

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—Lady Salisbury, the president of the National Poultry Association, has been endeavoring for some years to set up cooperative depots for eggs in English villages. The supply is, however, not at present quite equal to the demand. So highly are the fresh eggs provided by the association valued that shops and various institutions are only too anxious to be supplied with eggs bearing the stamp of the association. One firm has made an offer to take eggs amounting in value to \$25,000 a year, and it is with the greatest regret that the president has been obliged to refuse so good an offer. The depots that have been opened have been most successful, 80 per cent profit, not including the large sums made by the egg-sellers, having been made by one depot. The Agricultural Organization Society is now working with the poultry association and, in the opinion of the former, we are entering upon an era of unprecedented advance in cooperation. It is clear that an increase in the number of these depots will be of the greatest benefit to all concerned.

FILE PLANS FOR UNION STATION

REGINA, Sask.—The Canadian Pacific railway has filed plans for a new union station at Regina, which when built will be the finest building of the kind between Winnipeg and the coast, and involve an expenditure of from \$500,000 to \$600,000. The length of the new station is to be 450 feet and a portion of it will be four stories high, affording accommodations for the necessary executive offices of the railways using it, viz., the Canadian Pacific, the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern.

GERMANY FORCED HOLLAND DEFENSE

THE HAGUE—Reports that Emperor William at one time threatened to occupy Holland were given definite form in States-General Wednesday. Baron Van Heeckeren said that "a neighboring sovereign intimated a few years ago that he would be obliged to have Dutch territory occupied if Holland did not place herself in an adequate state of defense against Great Britain."

ROOSEVELT LECTURE DATE SET.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway—It is announced that Theodore Roosevelt will arrive here on May 2, and on that day deliver his promised address before the Nobel peace prize committee.

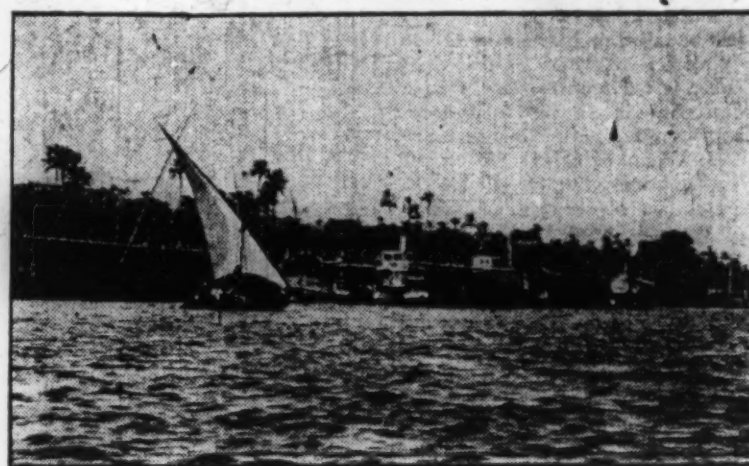
DUKE SUES FOR ROYAL RANK.

BERLIN—Duke Ernest Gunther of Schleswig-Holstein, brother of Empress Augusta Victoria, has begun another legal action to establish his right to rank as a member of a ruling house.

Railroad Building Aid to Navigation on the Nile

(Special to The Monitor.)

KHARTOUM—As almost all rivers of the civilized Orient, the Nile presents a picture of modern steam navigation alongside quaint, ancient styles of native craft. The river steamboats afford a comfortable and frequent service between Cairo and Khartoum, with short interruptions of continuity at the cataracts. The picturesque native boats, with their great lantzen sails, are often chartered by tourists for journeying, by easy stages, in delightful, out-of-doors, picnic fashion, up the mighty river whose annual rising makes fertile one of the most intensely cultivated regions of the world. The chief purpose of the Nile steamers is the continuation of steam transportation, which is effected by rail as far as Khartoum, up the Nile as far as Gondokoro, which is the head of navigation. It was the availability of the Nile as an avenue of communication from the Mediterranean that caused King Leopold to lease the Lado Enclave from Great Britain as a river gateway to his Congo possessions, an arrangement which now is terminated by the end of the Belgian monarch-promoter's career, and



(Photo by Moritz, Khartoum, copyrighted.)

MODERN AND ANCIENT NILE BOATS.

View of the waterfront at Khartoum, showing the river-steamers which afford communication with the Lado Enclave, recently part of King Leopold's possessions.

a survey and appraisal is being made of the improvements carried out by the Belgian ruler, for the purpose of reimbursement of his heirs. The boats on the Nile are now having

HOW AMERICANS FARED IN PARIS

(Special to The Monitor.)

PARIS—The majority of the Americans in Paris live either in the fashionable section called the Etoile quarter or in the Montparnasse or student district. During the first few days of the flood there was very little variation in the normal routine, other than that elevators in their apartment houses were not in working order and certain street cars and bus lines were not running. Of course the American resident knew that all the towns within the radius of many miles around the capital were flooded. He could see for himself, if he chose, that the waters were creeping up to the first stories of the bathing establishments and floating laundries, but this was about all. Then in a day or so the dweller in more aristocratic sections found that his electricity was turned off. His cook's bill for the daily marketing had increased considerably. Vegetables were high because the gardens of suburban growers were under water. Butter, eggs, coal oil and candles went up steadily.

Students at the National School of Fine Arts situated on the quays found that their only way of going to class was on rafts or long narrow raised pathways of boards hurriedly improvised. In fact many streets in the Latin quarter and its more exclusive neighbor, the Egobourg St. Germain were covered with several feet of water, and street car communication with the right bank of the Seine became more and more difficult, as bridge after bridge was barred to anything but a pedestrian public.

PREMIER SAYS CAPTAIN HAS NOT BEEN NOTIFIED

(Special to The Monitor.)

OTTAWA, Ont.—Captain Bernier's interesting arrangement for an international pleasure and business trip to the polar seas is not being very well received by his government at home in Ottawa. In the Commons some members asked the premier about the "working details" of the proposed parceling out of the fishing grounds up north, which the captain was explaining down in New York, whereupon Sir Wilfrid declared that the government had not notified Captain Bernier that he was to head such an expedition next June or that any such plan had been mentioned by the government, to the captain.

IN THE SENATE CHAMBER ALSO THE MATTER

was referred to and the general sentiment was expressed by Sir Richard Cartwright, who emphasized the necessity of officers refraining from speaking about their commissions from the government and from making statements without due warrant from the government.

The incident led to a lengthy discussion in the Senate relative to the northern lands, and to the desirability of Canada exercising there the rights ceded to her through Great Britain.

EXTREME LIBERAL SUCCEEDS SPANISH PREMIER IN OFFICE

MADRID—King Alfonso has solved the minor crisis precipitated by the resignation of Senor Moret y Prendergast on Wednesday by the appointment of Jose Canalejas y Mendes, a Democrat and leader of the extreme Liberal left, in his place, and the latter has announced members of the cabinet as follows:

Premier Jose Canalejas y Mendes; foreign minister, Garcia Prieto; minister of the interior, Senor Sagasta; minister of war, General Aznar; minister of finance, Senor Cobian; minister of justice, Ruiz Valarino; minister of public works, Senor Calbeton; minister of public instruction, Count Romanones.

Senor Moret's resignation was due to internal Liberal dissensions concerning differences of opinion concerning policy toward the Republicans. The contention of the right wing of the Liberals was that Senor Moret's catering for the support of the Republicans tended to imperil the monarchy. The climax was reached when the executive committee of the Liberal party, headed by Count Romanones, resigned, and a majority of the Liberal ex-ministers advised the King that Premier Moret should be superseded in the interests of harmony.

The Imperial announces that the Vatican opposed a categorical non-possessum regarding the proposition of the Spanish government for the reform of the concordat of 1851. The paper says that the government will probably proceed with the work without negotiations with Rome.

STEEL COMPANY MAY GET ISLAND

(Special to The Monitor.)

VANCOUVER, B. C.—The announcement is made here that 6000 acres of iron lands on Texada island have been bonded in the sum of \$1,000,000, with a freight of \$10,000. Those who have secured the property are said to represent the American Steel Corporation, and that it is the purpose of the company to establish steel works on the island. It is said that the supply of ore on this property is practically inexhaustible, and that it is specially adapted for the manufacture of steel.

RAILWAY HOTELS TO BE ENLARGED

VANCOUVER, B. C.—Hayter Reed, manager of the Canadian Pacific railway hotel system, with the chief architect of the company, has completed a tour of inspection of the western division of the service and announces that additions or enlargements will be undertaken immediately at Banff, Lake Louise, Sicomous and Victoria in anticipation of increased tourist travel.

ENGLISHMEN WILL EXPLORE MONGOLIA

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—It is reported by Reuters' agency that an important expedition is being privately organized to explore western and northwestern Mongolia. The expedition will be a British undertaking, and the results will doubtless be of the greatest interest, since practically nothing has up to the present been written about these regions in the English language.

The goal of the expedition is the upper source of the Yenesei, a large shut-in basin of which very little is known. It is the intention of the members of the expedition to make a thorough exploration of the country from botanical, zoological and geographical standpoints.

The expedition, which is to consist of M. P. Price, J. H. Miller and D. Carruthers, will leave England at the end of March and will proceed to Krasnoyarsk, the nearest point on the Siberian railway to the district to be explored. They will then proceed up the Yenesei river to Minusinsk, where a caravan will be organized. The Chinese government has given the necessary permission to travel in the country, and it is lending every assistance.

It is hoped that the expedition may throw some light on the existence of the original Turkish people, and that archeological discoveries will be made.

DEEPENING OF FRENCH CANAL IS COMPLETED

(Special to The Monitor.)

GATUN, Canal Zone—The deepening of the French canal to facilitate the sand and stone transportation service between dock 13 and Gatun docks has been practically completed. The channel has been given a ruling depth of 15 feet for a bottom width of 90 feet, which will permit of its use by all save three of the tugs of the Atlantic fleet. These three tugs, while they can navigate as far as this point, cannot successfully maneuver their bows because there is not sufficient depth of water. If found necessary an additional cut may be made down the center of the channel to make it practicable for all the tugs.

CHINA AND JAPAN IN POSTAL PACT

PEKING—The governments of China and Japan Wednesday signed a postal working agreement on the basis of the postal union rules. The agreement affects Manchuria chiefly.

China recovers its monopoly of mail carrying on its own railway, together with equal rights over the Japanese railroad. China considers the agreement advantageous. It will become effective April 1.

EUROPEAN AERONAUTICS

(Special to The Monitor.)

LONDON—It is reported that the first British naval airship will be ready within the next few weeks. This vessel has been constructed, as was mentioned some time ago, by Messrs. Vickers Sons & Maxim at their Barrow shipbuilding yards. This vessel is of what is known as the "rigid" type, and is to be the largest of the kind in the world, the Zeppelin airship excepted. This great airship has been constructed mainly for military purposes, and although capable of carrying between 20 and 30 men, the number of men necessary to work the vessel will be six, and the crew will be limited to this number.

It is said that Messrs. Spencer & Sons, whose name has for a long time been associated with aeronautical matters, are closely connected with the designing of the airship. In referring to the question, says a correspondent of the Evening Standard, Percival Spencer made the following remarks: "The new Admiralty airship is naturally something of an experiment. Opinions differ on the subject of size. Some believe in huge constructions of the Zeppelin type and others pin their faith to the smaller airships of the French Clement-Bayard type. I must say that the latter have certain

material advantages. Being small, they are proportionately harder to hit. They do not require so many men to handle them, and they are capable of traveling quite as fast as the larger vessels. The Admiralty airship is an enormously powerful one and is the outcome of long and careful experiments. The latest improvements known to aerial science have been incorporated in her and many more which have not been made public."

It appears that Messrs. Spencer's Highgate works have been steadily engaged for some time past in the construction of aerial vessels, no fewer than three flying machines and two gas vessels and airships having been completed during the last few months.

The centenary celebration is to take place at Bournemouth shortly and, in addition to the usual festivities, the first international aviation meeting ever held in the British Isles will be held under the auspices of the "Federation Aeronautique Internationale." A guarantee fund has been opened and amounts already to \$1005.

AUSTRALIAN SAVINGS BANKS.

(Special to The Monitor.)

MELBOURNE, Victoria—According to the latest figures of the savings banks of Australia the average amount for each depositor in the commonwealth is about \$172.

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Leading Events in Athletic World

UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA WILL HAVE PITCHER SCHULTZ

Has Passed Off His Scholarship Conditions and Can Now Play on the Varsity Nine.

FRESHMAN COACH

PHILADELPHIA—The announcement that Wallace Schultz, the star pitcher of the University of Pennsylvania baseball team of 1909 is again eligible to play on the varsity has been received with much rejoicing by the undergraduates of the university and they feel sure that another championship team will be turned out this season. Previous to the mid-year examinations, Schultz was heavily conditioned in his studies, but he has not only succeeded in making them up, but has passed his mid-year examinations as well.

The candidates are now busy training every day in the baseball cage under the watchful eye of Coach Roy Thomas. Thomas is a former Pennsylvania captain who made a fine record on his college team and was later captain and outfielder for the Philadelphia Nationals, until 1909, when he was traded to the Boston Nationals. He has been very successful as a coach and will probably not play major league baseball again.

Over 40 candidates are trying for the team and, judging from the way the new men are working out, it will not be very difficult to fill the two vacant positions on the nine. There are enough good men from the 1912 nine and second varsity of last year to furnish excellent material for regulars and substitutes.

A new freshman coach has been appointed in the person of W. L. Cariss, who was a member of the varsity nines of 1904, 1905 and 1906. He was captain in 1906 and made a good record both as a leader and player. He was one of the most versatile players that ever represented a college, playing in every position but pitcher and catcher.

The athletic committee has changed its rules regarding the awarding of the varsity baseball "P." In order to win such a letter now it has been made the past few years. Any one interested in joining the team must be a member of one of the nine teams, made up of two with Brown, two with Yale, three with Cornell, and two with Princeton. For the batteries' candidates it will be necessary that three innings of at least two of these games be pitched.

TUFTS DEFEATS M. I. T. ONCE MORE

Tufts defeated Technology at basketball at the Technology gymnasium Wednesday night, 18 to 10. It was Tufts' second victory over Technology. The fast work of Kimball, Dickinson and Atwood was the feature of the Tufts play, while Bennis, Johnson and Crocker excelled for Technology. The summary:

TUFTS	TECH.
Kimball, f.	Bennis, f.
Kimball, f.	Johnson, f.
Kimball, f.	Crocker, f.
Kimball, f.	Johnson, f.
Kimball, f.	Crocker, f.
Kimball, f.	Johnson, f.
Kimball, f.	Crocker, f.
Kimball, f.	Johnson, f.
Kimball, f.	Crocker, f.
Kimball, f.	Johnson, f.

MICHIGAN COACH HAS RESIGNED

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Keene Fitzpatrick has resigned as professor of physical training and director of Waterman gymnasium at the University of Michigan to accept a similar position at Princeton University. He will make the change at the opening of the college year next fall.

Fitzpatrick has trained the athletes at the University of Michigan since 1894, except during the years 1906 and 1907, when he held a similar position at Yale University.

TUFTS BEGINS SATURDAY

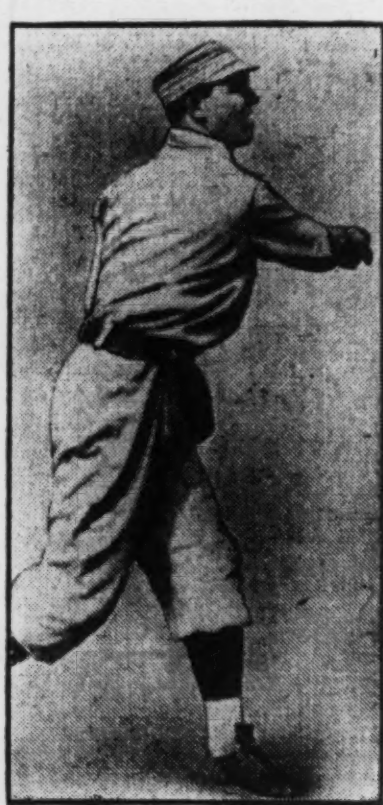
MEDFORD, Mass.—Captain Dustin of the Tufts basketball team has ordered the candidates for all the positions to report for the first indoor practice in the basketball cage of the Goddard gymnasium on Saturday afternoon. The announcement of the appointment of a coach for the coming season has not yet been made and it is a possibility that a coach may not be appointed until after the indoor work has begun. Although the regular work will not begin until Saturday some of the battery candidates have been doing some light work during the past few days.

HARVARD ASKS KITTREDGE

Malachi Kittredge, the former Boston catcher, is said to have been asked by the Harvard baseball management to coach the crimson pitchers. Donovan, Cicotte and Clarke, Mathewson, Joss and Farrell have not been able to take the position. Kittredge is wintering at Bucksport, Me., and an early reply is expected to Coach Pieper's advances.

MINNESOTA TO SEND TEAM

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—The University of Minnesota will be represented by a relay team at the sixteenth annual intercollegiate and interscholastic relay race meeting of the University of Pennsylvania April 30. An invitation has been received here and the athletic authorities will vote favorably on it.



WALLACE SCHULTZ, Pennsylvania baseball nine.

A MASTERS' CHESS CONTEST.

(Roy Lopez.)

SCHLECHTER.	LASKER.
1 P-K4	P-K4
2 Kt-KB3	Kt-KB3
3 B-K5	B-K5
4 Castles	P-Q2
5 P-Q4	P-Q2
6 Kt-K5	B-K2
7 Kt-K5	Castles
8 Kt-K5	Castles
9 B-K5	B-K2
10 B-K5	P-KR3
11 Q-K3	Kt-R2
12 B-K5	Q-B3
13 B-K5	Q-B3
14 QR-Q	Kt-R2
15 P-K5	P-K5
16 Q-K3	Q-K4
17 Q-K3	P-Q2
18 P-K5	P-K5
19 K-R2	K-R2
20 Kt-K2	P-R4
21 Kt-K2	P-R4
22 Kt-K2	P-R4
23 Kt-K2	P-R4
24 Kt-K2	P-R4
25 Kt-K2	P-R4
26 Kt-K2	P-R4
27 Kt-K2	P-R4
28 Kt-K2	P-R4
29 Kt-K2	P-R4
30 Kt-K2	P-R4
31 Kt-K2	P-R4
32 Kt-K2	P-R4
33 Kt-K2	P-R4
34 Kt-K2	P-R4
35 Kt-K2	P-R4
36 Kt-K2	P-R4
37 Kt-K2	P-R4
38 Kt-K2	P-R4
39 Kt-K2	P-R4
40 Kt-K2	P-R4
41 Kt-K2	P-R4
42 Kt-K2	P-R4
43 Kt-K2	P-R4
44 Kt-K2	P-R4
45 Kt-K2	P-R4
46 Kt-K2	P-R4
47 Kt-K2	P-R4
48 Kt-K2	P-R4
49 Kt-K2	P-R4
50 Kt-K2	P-R4
51 Kt-K2	P-R4
52 Kt-K2	P-R4
53 Kt-K2	P-R4
54 Kt-K2	P-R4
55 Kt-K2	P-R4
56 Kt-K2	P-R4
57 Kt-K2	P-R4
58 Kt-K2	P-R4
59 Kt-K2	P-R4
60 Kt-K2	P-R4

WESLEYAN TIES TRINITY SEVEN

HARTFORD, Conn.—The Trinity and Wesleyan college hockey teams played a tie, 1 and 1, game on the ice at Ellersie park Wednesday afternoon. Morris of Trinity played a fast game and caged the ball in the first half. Merritt tied in the second. The summary:

TRINITY.	WESLEYAN.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.
Burgin, f.	Merritt, f.

BROWN INTERCLASS BASKETBALL

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—An innovation in interclass basketball at Brown has been undertaken this year and all four classes will meet each other instead of only the two lower classes. On Saturday of this week the first two games will be played between the juniors and freshmen and the seniors and sophomores. The following week the juniors will play the sophomores and the freshmen and seniors will meet. The series will close March 12 with the annual freshman and sophomore contest. On Feb. 26 the seniors and juniors will play. The upper class teams will not have much practice before the first game, having just been organized.

JUNIORS WIN TRACK MEET

The annual interclass track meet of the Boston Latin school was won Wednesday by the class of 1911 with 44½ points. Second place went to 1912 with 17 points, 1910 being third with 14½ and 1913 with 12. L. Cusick '13 was high point winner with 8.

BOSTON SIGNS ARELANES

The Boston American Club has signed Pitcher Frank Arellanes and has sold the releases of Benjamin F. Hunt to Denver and Harry N. Yount to Sacramento.

GARDNER WINS FROM TRAVIS

Chicago Golfer Leads Qualifying Round of the Sixth Annual St. Valentine's Tournament at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C.—The record field of 164 golfers drove off in Wednesday's qualifying round of the sixth annual St. Valentine's golf tournament.

Walter J. Travis of Garden City and J. P. Gardner of Midlothian furnished the feature match in which the Chicago player scored 77 against 81 for his opponent. Their cards:

Gardner—	3 4 4 5 5 3 6 2 3 35
Travis—	5 4 4 4 7 4 4 4 6 42 77
Out—	5 6 6 4 5 3 7 3 3 42
In—	5 4 5 4 5 4 4 3 5 39 81

Third place in the first division was taken by C. L. Becker of Woodland in 84. I. S. Robeson of Oakhill and H. W. Perrin of Merion Cricket Club tied for fourth place at 85. A tie at 91 marked the limit of admission to this division.

The following were the qualifying scores for the first three divisions:

PRESIDENT'S CUP.
J. P. Gardner, Midlothian, 35, 42, 77; W. J. Travis, Garden City, 42, 77, 81; C. L. Becker, Woodland, 42, 84, 101; I. S. Robeson, Oak Hill, 42, 85, 101; H. W. Perrin, Merion, 44, 41, 85; J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 42, 41, 86; C. H. Mathieson, Ardley, 43, 44, 87; Theo. Casselher, Oakland, 46, 44, 88; H. C. Fowles, Oakland, 44, 44, 88; Robert Hunter, Westbrook, 41, 48, 89; G. J. McKee, Pittsburg, 45, 44, 89; W. C. Johnson, Canoebrook, 46, 44, 90; F. S. Sauer, Englewood, 47, 45, 90; P. E. Gardner, Midlothian, 45, 45, 90; W. Dean, Woodland, 44, 46, 90; F. V. Sullivan, Garden City, 43, 48, 91.

GOVERNOR'S CUP.

J. E. Smith, Wilmington, 46, 45, 91; H. H. Carter, Blue Mount, 48, 43, 91; E. B. Fowles, Oakland, 45, 47, 92; E. S. Parmelee, New Haven, 42, 50, 92; G. H. Chamer, Columbia, 48, 45, 93; H. M. Weaver, Camden, 49, 45, 94; C. R. Hudson, Rochester, 47, 47, 94; L. E. Beall, Uniontown, 47, 47, 94; J. Curtis, Rochester, 47, 47, 94; S. Waters, Apawamis, 48, 46, 94; H. Wendell, St. David's, 52, 42, 95; S. McLaughlin, Wyckoff, 48, 47, 95; R. C. Collier, Dunwoody, 49, 46, 95; C. S. MacDonald, Toronto, 50, 45, 95; D. Dorchester, Oakland, 50, 45, 95; H. R. McKenzie, St. Andrews, 52, 45, 96.

SECRETARY'S CUP.

W. J. Faltz, Wyckoff, 47, 48, 95; E. B. Baird, York County, 44, 51, 95; J. E. Kellogg, Alpine, Pittsburg, 47, 48, 95; S. Higgins, St. Andrews, 44, 51, 95; W. L. Baldwin, Westburn, 48, 48, 96; P. Cook, Apawamis, 48, 49, 97; T. T. Rushmore, Garden City, 46, 51, 97; G. Small, York, 46, 52, 98; F. E. McFeeley, Lottree, Pa., 51, 47, 98; H. O. Smith, Brookline, 48, 50, 98; A. Sedgewick, Hartford, G. C., 50, 49, 99; A. C. Sumner, Nassau, 51, 45, 99; T. R. Boyd, Algonquin, 46, 55, 99; W. L. Hurd, Oakland, 48, 51, 99; C. Nicholson, New Bedford, 49, 50, 99; J. C. Linneman, Shawnee, 51, 48, 99.

HERMANN TO MEET DREYFUS.

CINCINNATI, O.—President August Hermann of the Cincinnati Nationals and President Barney Dreyfus of the Pittsburghs will have a meeting here this week and will leave for New York, where a session of the board of directors of the National league will be held in the office of President Lynch. This meeting will be an important one, inasmuch as it will settle the claim of former Manager Murray of the Philadelphia team, who is seeking judgment for several thousand dollars against the club management. Another important matter for decision is that of the schedule, about which quite a battle is expected.

PITCHER FERGUSON TO RETIRE.

TERRE HAUTE—Cecil Ferguson, the Boston National pitcher, has bought a general store here and has announced that he will quit baseball.

GOLD RACQUET PLAY BEGINS TOMORROW ON TUXEDO COURTS

Harold T. McCormick, the Present Holder, Is Entered to Defend Leg on Trophy—Former Champion In.

NATIONAL IS NEXT

NATIONAL RACQUET CHAMPIONS.

1892—J. S. Tooker.
1893—B. S. de Garmendia.
1894—B. S. de Garmendia.
1895—B. S. de Garmendia.
1896—B. S. de Garmendia.
1897—B. S. de Garmendia.
1898—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1899—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1900—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1901—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1902—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1903—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1904—George H. Brooke.
1905—Lawrence Waterbury.
1906—P. D. Haugan.
1907—R. R. Flucke.
1908—Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1909—H. F. McCormick.

NEW YORK—The seventh annual singles racquet tournament for the gold racquet presented by Clarence H. Mackay will begin tomorrow on the courts of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet Club, and a lively competition is expected, as Harold F. McCormick, the present holder, will have to defeat some of the best men in this game in order to win his second leg on the trophy.

The present gold racquet was donated by Mr. Mackay in 1908, he having won permanent possession of the first one by capturing it in 1905, 1906 and 1907. This trophy was first competed for in 1904, when it was won by Milton S. Barger. Mackay then won it three years in succession and the present trophy was won by J. Gordon Douglas in 1908 and by McCormick last year. The trophy is very highly prized and corresponds in importance to the Marylebone prize in Great Britain.

In addition to Mr. McCormick, former champion M. S. Barger, G. C. Clarke, Jr., George Thorne, Charles Pike and Charles E. Sands are entered, and while McCormick is a decided favorite for the trophy, he will have to play his best in order to win. Following the Tuxedo tournament will come the national championship battles, which will take place this year on the Boston Tennis and Racquet Club courts, beginning next Wednesday. This event promises to be of truly championship caliber, as in addition to McCormick, George H. Brooke, Q. A. Shaw, Joshua Crane, Jr., P. D. Haughton, R. R. Finche, all former champions, will take part. It will be the first time that the present champion has met these men and followers are awaiting the outcome of the matches with much interest. The pairings:

Preliminary round: R. Wendell, Jr., vs. W. P. Graves, N. W. Cabot vs. W. R. Dinsmore, C. Hutchins vs. W. Stackpole. All matches Feb. 17.

First round: L. Waterbury vs. winner Wendell-Graves match, G. R. Peering vs. winner Cabot-Dinsmore match, Payne Whitney vs. G. A. Thorne, Q. A. Shaw vs. C. R. Pike, R. Finche vs. N. Bartlett, L. T. Scott vs. G. C. Clarke, Jr., P. D. Haughton vs. R. D. Wynn, H. F. McCormick vs. winner Hutchins-Stackpole match.

MORE CANDIDATES REPORT NEXT WEEK

Men Who Have Never Tried for Harvard Varsity Nine Start Training Monday—Freshmen Report Tuesday.

The second division of the Harvard varsity baseball candidates will begin active training for the coming season next week, when the men who have not previously tried for the team will report in the baseball cage to Coach Pieper and Captain Lanigan. The battery men have now been working two weeks and are fast getting into shape for the calling out of the entire squad some three weeks from now.

The candidates for the freshman nine will meet in the Union Monday night, when plans for the training season will be discussed and all the players will report at the cage Tuesday morning for their first spring work. The outlook for this team seems very bright, as it has a number of candidates for the battery position that have already shown what they can do on their school teams.

Barthol of Phillips Exeter, Felton of Stone school, Carr of Brookline High, Marsh of Brown and Nichols and Bartlett of Middlesex are all pitchers who have done fine work and who should be made into good material for the freshman nine. Edward Graves and R. P. Lewis are two fine catchers who will easily hold their own with those of any college freshman class. There are also a number of very promising candidates for the other positions.

COMMERCE BEATS CHARLESTOWN H.

High School of Commerce easily defeated Charlestown high at basketball Wednesday by a score of 34 to 12. This practically gives the championship of the X division of the Boston High School League to the victor, as that team has but one more game to play, which it should win easily. The summary:

H. S. of Commerce.	Charlestown H. S.
Armstrong, f.	Callahan, f.
Chamberlin, f.	Washburn, f.
Moran, f.	McPadden, f.
Norton, f.	McPadden, f.
Kennedy, f.	McPadden, f.
Case, f.	McPadden, f.
Case, f.	McPadden, f.
Case, f.	McPadden, f.
Case, f.	McPadden, f.
Case, f.	McPadden, f.

HORSE SHOW DIRECTORS NAMED.

NEW YORK—The National Horse Show Association stockholders have elected the following directors: Alfred G. Vanderbilt, E. T. Stotesbury, Frederick M. Davis, William H. Moore, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, J. W. Harriman, Robert A. Fairbairn, M. L. Akers, Roy C. Gasser, William G. Loew, G. Millin Wharton, Henry Fairfax, J. S. Spoor, Arthur G. Leonard, Colin Campbell, J. H. Childs and C. W. Watson.

JUBILEE Y. C. HAS NEW TROPHIES.

At the February meeting of the Jubilee Yacht Club at Beverly two new members were admitted and announcement was made by the regatta committee of three new cups offered for the racing season, one by Councilor W. H. Gove, the second by Alderman A. P. Loring, Jr., and the third by F. A. Guinivan.

RATIONAL GOLF

By Jason Rogers.

A curious case of golfers' weakness has just been brought to my attention; in fact, I have been asked to adjudicate on a rather difficult problem, and I should much like, sir, to have the benefit of your great experience and advice upon it. writes Henry Leach under the head "Letters of a Modern Golfer to His Grandfather," in Golf Illustrated. I rather think that when you were down at Westward-Ho! with me about a year ago I had the pleasure of introducing to you those two fine golfing spirits, Teddy Masters and Harry Brant. These two boys, as I have no doubt you gathered on that occasion, are just about as fine specimens of the enthusiastic modern golfer, full of all his strengths and his weaknesses, as you would wish to meet in the course of a week's play.

Moreover, they are as like each other as two halves out of the same box, have the same style—which is not entirely to the credit of either—the same handicap—which is not a low one—and it is some about in the natural course of events that, as they are in the habit of spending at least three days a week on the links together in the most deadly combat, they have developed a curious jealousy of each other.

When they are in about the same form, he it good or bad, all is well with the world. They go out for the day, and even though it takes them both about 140 to go around Mid-Surrey and they do none of the short holes in less than six, they come back telling you what fine games they have had, what splendid driving they put in and how they believe that the ball they are now playing with is the very best ever made, as they are getting 20 yards farther with it than any other and can pop it down within about three yards of the hole with their mashes every time. They pat each other on the back and one even ventures to mention that the other had horribly had luck at a certain hole, where he really fooled every shot up to the hole-side and then missed a nine-inch putt for the half.

But when one is off and the other is on his best game, it is a very different sort of thing. They sit in opposite corners of the room at the end of the day, and Teddy, being the one who is off, does not hesitate to make veiled hints to the secretary that there are some men in the club who are not quite such sportsmen as they might be, and also that it would be a good thing if the club had a competition now and then, as they do at some places, where the competitors would have to pass an examination in the rules of golf before being allowed to take out their cards. Mr. Masters intimates at the same time that he has got a press of work at the office and fears he will not be able to play any more golf for a week or two.

Now it so happened by a curious combination of circumstances that both these excellent persons, for the first time in their lives, recently became thoroughly disgusted with themselves and the game at the same time. Masters gently intimated that he was much

And there was Teddy, with his coat off and in his hands the favorite putting cleek which one of the professionals sold him for £3 after winning the open championship with it. He was intently studying the line of a curly putt some five feet, and watching him most anxiously was little Nellie, his 7-year-old daughter, also armed with the dad's old aluminum article. Teddy was just in the act of missing, when Brant began to talk, and the latter at once received a lecture on the impropriety of speaking when a fellow is making his stroke. It was then explained that Teddy was giving his daughter a stroke-a-hole.

When Brant interrupted Teddy was one down with three to go, and the match looked in rather a bad state for him. Eventually he lost at the last hole, and as soon as Nellie had gone off, Brant gently asked him how soon it would be convenient for him to hand over the £10. There was a violent altercation, Masters holding that it was ridiculous to call that sort of thing golf, while Brant declared that it was the nearest thing to St. Andrews on the autumn medal day that he had ever seen. They could come to no understanding; but Brant was so strong in his view that he intimated that the compact having been terminated, and Masters having lost, he was off the next day for a week at Littlestone with a friend of his, when he hoped to get good value for the money that he was going to lay out on the expedition. Now I am called upon to settle the question as to whether that putting match was golf or not, and who pays? What is your view, granddaddy?

HARVARD RELAY TEAMS ARE NAMED

The final make-up of the two Harvard relay teams that will compete in the B. A. meet Saturday has been announced. The short-distance team, which will meet Cornell, each man running 300 yards, will be made up of Foster, Ranney, de Selting and Merriew, running in that order.

Foster is the intercollegiate sprint champion from the '12 class team, and de Selting and Merriew have run the quarter on the varsity teams for the past two years.

The other relay team, which will meet Yale in the final event of the evening, will be made up of Guild, Ryley, Fernald and Jaques, in that order. Each man will have to run 780 yards, or six laps. Guild and Ryley are both from last year's varsity team, but neither has won his "H." Fernald was captain of the freshman track team last year and ran in the half mile and mile. Jaques is the best man in college at distances from a half mile up.

BONHAG HAS THIRTY-ONE RECORDS

Spalding Athletic Almanac for 1910 credits George V. Bonhag of the Irish-American A. C., New York, with no less than 31 American running records, 30 of which were made during the season of 1909. A remarkable coincidence is the fact that C. M. Daniels, of the New York A. C., holds practically all the swimming records where an individual alone figures in the competition and was a member in other instances of record holding relay teams. Daniels holds 43 records made at various times during necessary for a man to play in the main athletics will find the Spalding Athletic Almanac settles many disputed questions.

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PAUL WITHINGTON, 1909. No. 6 Harvard varsity crew of 1909.



LOTHROP WITHINGTON, JR., 1911. No. 5 Harvard varsity crew of 1909.

The Harvard and Yale crew managements have agreed that:

- The annual Harvard-Yale boat race be rowed on the Thames river, on Thursday, June 30, 1910.
- The following schedule for rowing races be adopted:
 - The freshman eight-oared race will be started at 10:30, at the railroad bridge and rowed upstream, finishing at the navy yard.
 - The varsity four-oared race will be started as soon as practicable after the finish of the freshman eight-oared race, and will be rowed upstream, starting at the navy yard and finishing at the end of the upstream course.
 - The university race will be started at a point opposite the Harvard freshman quarters, at 4:30, and will be rowed downstream to the railroad bridge.
 - Should it be necessary to postpone the four-oared and freshman races (if the university race is rowed on time), they will be rowed downstream immediately after the university race, in order named, from the beginning of the four mile course to the railroad bridge.

GREAT ADVANTAGES GIVE BOSTON SECOND RANK AS A SEAPORT

(Continued from Page One.)

Lines, all of which connect with extensive railway facilities from the West and from the North, making Boston an attractive point at which to establish new industries, based upon the fact that cheap transportation is the important factor in determining the location for an industry.

The new cotton mill at East Boston is the beginning of industries that will increase and thrive here. Plans are already being considered for an extensive improvement of the waterfront at East Boston, for new piers and docks connecting with the railway system. South Boston and Dorchester bay invite development. The state is interested in this development by attracting capital to invest in the waterfront, which is now undeveloped and from which no taxation is derived, but which, if improved by reason of having the bonds of such an enterprise non-taxable for a term of years will ultimately render large taxes available to the city and the state.

The Boston & Albany has recently invested \$3,000,000 at and near the Cunard piers. Mystic wharf is being improved. Commonwealth pier, which has been idle for several years, is likely to be improved with \$500,000 to be expended by the fresh fish dealers in making that the largest fresh fish market on this continent, an industry already involving \$6,000,000 per year, with such facilities for that trade as to make it quickly accessible over the new Northern avenue bridge and also by rail connection.

The state has admitted the principle of contributing toward better transportation facilities. Fifty years ago it committed itself to the Hooseo tunnel, involving an outlay of \$25,000,000, the argument being that it would bring to New England cheaper foodstuffs, fuel and raw materials and would take away the finished product at the lowest cost of transportation. That gave us a competing line west. On the north we have the Canadian system of roads, constantly expanding, which insures competition for lower transportation rates.

All this expansion development is in the interest of the middle West and Northwest, which must have extensive Atlantic seaboard facilities for taking away their crops and bringing back supplies.

While New York is the great magnet of commerce, its wharf and pier charges are excessive and often forbidding. Boston is the port that will share with New York in the great foreign commerce.

It is clear, with Boston's advantages in the commercial and industrial center, "increasing in its population and wage-earning capacity and therefore in wage-paying and purchasing power," that the development of real estate and taxable values will follow in the line of such undertakings.

We have yet to benefit by the undeveloped electrical power of New England's rivers, which may be made a source of immense wealth.

It is needless to set forth here the attractions of Boston and its environment. Its educational system, the colleges, music, the grand park system, our water system—in short, all that makes up a large and growing cultivated community—are not excelled on this continent.

This line of description of the city's advantages could be extended indefinitely and logically, says Mr. Jones, who adds that we must appreciate what we have and seek to develop and enlarge our facilities.

OPPOSE GERMANS FIXING SALVAGE

Boston underwriters say they will not agree to have the salvage in the case of the German steamer Varzin settled in German courts as respects the cargo, which is insured here. This statement is made as a result of a meeting of the owners at Hamburg Wednesday, when they agreed to have the matter of the salvage award settled in the German courts. One local company, which has more than \$300,000 on the Varzin's cargo of wool, refused to sign the general salvage. Theodore Gore has been selected to adjust the matter for the local companies.

The Erika will continue her voyage to Lisbon today and the Varzin will be towed to New York for repairs.

DRAPER CLUB HAS REUNION.

The Republican league of ward 10, long called the Draper Club in honor of the present Governor, gave its fourth annual reunion and ball in Huntington chambers hall Wednesday night.

NEW YORK REPORTS INCREASE IN IMMIGRANTS FROM IRELAND

NEW YORK—Reports published here show that the total number of immigrants from Ireland landed at the port of New York during the year was 21,736, an increase of 5442 over the preceding year. Of this number 11,240 were men and 10,496 women.

The money brought to this port by the Irish immigrants during 1909 amounted to \$558,771.

More than one half of the immigrants were destined for New York state; 2296 went to Pennsylvania, 1689 to New Jersey, 1062 to Massachusetts, 987 to Connecticut, 1508 to Illinois, and the remainder to various states. Seventy-seven were, however, found to be unable to

Happenings in New York

NEW YORK NEGROES ATTEND FREE NIGHT SCHOOL'S CLASSES

NEW YORK—A free night school for negroes, known as the Henrietta evening industrial school, has recently been opened by the Childrens Aid Society on West Sixty-third street, in the San Juan hill section, the chief negro district of the city. Despite its brief existence it has an average nightly attendance of 200. There are a few Russians and Germans in the school, but most of the members are negroes between the ages of 15 and 30.

Each evening from 7 o'clock until 9 the classes are in session in the building owned by the society. The faculty numbers 16 and there are separate rooms for the various classes.

It is the aim of the school to give industrial training in as many branches as possible. The schoolwork is divided into 12 departments—dressmaking, millinery, model housekeeping, training for janitors, class for men in restaurant cooking, class for girls in making underwear, class in domestic economy, shoemaking, carpentering, basket making, chair caning, and a class in grade work.

On the top floor of the building is a model flat, consisting of three rooms, which is used in connection with the model housekeeping class. This flat was fitted up entirely by the students themselves. The boys club is a feature of the work. Even the fathers and mothers attend evening classes in many instances. The boys club was formed so that the parents might bring them also to the school.

AN UNUSUAL PLEA IN BIG SUGAR CASE

Charles R. Heike, on Trial at New York, Will Claim He Was Given "Immunity Bath" by the Government.

NEW YORK—A new field of court endeavor is likely to be opened up as the result of a trial begun in the criminal branch of the United States circuit court today. For the first time in the history of the federal courts a man, indicted for conspiracy to defraud the government, was placed on trial before a jury on a plea at bar in which he set up that he had been given an "immunity bath" by being compelled to testify before a grand jury. The evidence thus obtained, he alleged in his plea, was used against him and his indictment followed.

This the government absolutely denies. It asserts that the evidence the accused gave was used in a case under the anti-trust law; that the defendant did not testify against himself, and if the jury finds that the government contention is true, and that immunity was not granted, the government will at once move the imposition of sentence the same as though a criminal conviction had been obtained, holding that the claim of immunity was in law a confession of guilt.

The case on trial is that of Charles R. Heike, secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Company of New York and secretary of the American Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey, the latter popularly known as the sugar trust. Mr. Heike is accused of conspiracy to defraud the government in that he secured the entering of false weights on sugar cargoes into the United States. He was indicted late in January.

HOUSE IS MOVED ON LAKE BOTTOM

OCEAN GROVE, N. J.—A remarkable feat in housemoving has been accomplished here. A two-story frame dwelling, the property of T. Nelson Lillagore, ex-assemblyman, has been taken across Fletcher lake, en route to a new location at Bradley beach. In order to facilitate the passage of the building the water was drawn off the lake so the house-movers passed over dry-shod.

MOVE FOR BROOKLYN STATUE.

NEW YORK—A movement has been started looking to the erection of a monument in the Gowanus section of Brooklyn to commemorate the battle of Long Island.

NEW MUNICIPAL BATH HOUSE IN NEW YORK NEARLY FINISHED

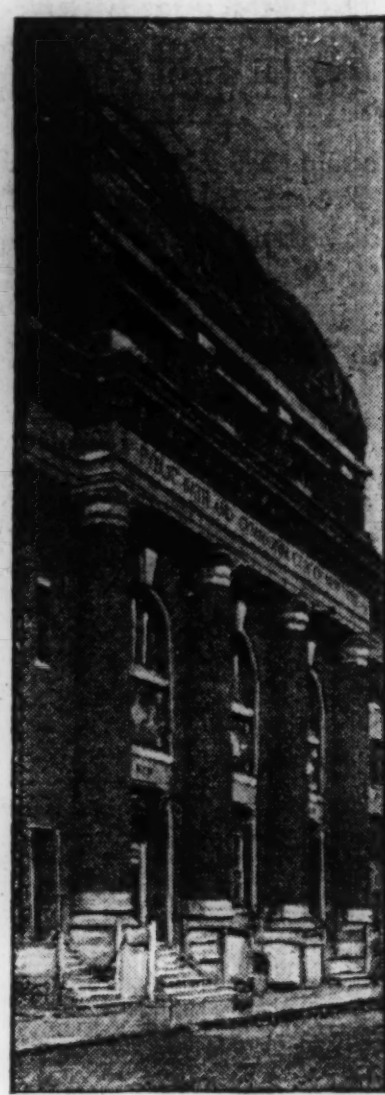
NEW YORK—Manhattan's 12th municipal bath house is now nearing completion. It is a model structure, located on East 54th street, containing a gymnasium with floor space 79 by 61 feet with a gallery, running track and the usual equipment of a battery of shower baths for men and women. It was designed by Werner & Windolph, architects.

The conspicuous steel beam arches, as seen in the accompanying picture, screen in a large playroom. The gymnasium is located on the top floor just above the columns. Back of the columns on the second floor are the baths, 77 for men and 36 for women. For the first floor more shower baths are planned. It has been proposed that this space be utilized for a swimming pool or a neighborhood hall instead of baths but this matter is still to be determined by the public buildings department. Experts are inclined to agree that it is most desirable to have a swimming pool in a public bath house.

Spec'ing of these establishments in Manhattan, Robert E. Todd, who has made an exhaustive study of the subject, says that they are monumental in style of architecture, monuments of progress as the first municipal gymnasiums in New York, and also monumental blunders in that they do not include swimming pools.

Two of the city baths, the seventh and eighth in the order of construction, have swimming pools, but their location is such as to preclude the use of these to the best advantage. Mr. Todd says of them: "They offer a very great opportunity for usefulness, if the cooperation of the board of education can be secured for regular class work in them as educational institutions, while the schools are in session. If the board, however, cannot use them five days each week, the buildings may continue to be white elephants for the city government for several years to come."

The new municipal bath house will have cost when completed about \$280,000. The three other new baths which



FRONT OF NEW BATH HOUSE.

have been completed within a year and have the same use of floors but are smaller in size cost considerably less.

Ramblings of a Stub Pen

New York Daily Letter.

NEW YORK—It is seldom that public sentiment has been so aroused as it has been by certain statements of Joseph C. A. Hedy of the Rapid Transit Company to the public service commission which, according to opinion freely expressed here, makes all logic on the subway overcrowding situation a "red herring and absurdum."

Arguing on the results of an investigation by the public service commission that showed that 60 per cent of the express trains leaving the Grand Central station during non-rush hours carried passengers clinging to straps, Mr. Hedy declared that on the trains examined during this period of investigation there had been 94,000 seats and only 69,000 passengers. His inference was that about 24,000 passengers preferred standing to sitting. On its face this statement might be taken to imply that New Yorkers are so enamored of or so habituated to the art of balancing themselves on straps that they waive the opportunity to sit down in the subway, even when vacant seats invite occupation.

But no one in New York is inclined to take such a proposition seriously, especially if they belong to that class of representative New Yorkers who use the subway twice daily during the year. The old saying that "you can prove anything by figures" is the only response obtainable when seeking some popular explanation of this subway conundrum. No one is inclined to be persuaded that the subway accommodations of the city are adequate, in spite of the fact that this is the conclusion which Mr. Hedy seems ambitious to draw. As one critic says: "The empty car that passed at 3:30 o'clock is as useless to the passenger who boards a train at 4:30 o'clock as is the superfluous heat you complained of the day before yesterday, which your janitor throws up at you when you tell him that you are shivering today. It is impossible for the population to distribute itself with absolute uniformity over eight hours of the day, and thus to adapt itself, from moment to moment, to the exact amount of the subway's facilities. Unfortunately as it may be from the manager's standpoint, the only way to give somebody a seat when he wants it is to provide a very considerable number of seats which will remain unclaimed."

New York's Chinatown, the largest of the East, has suspended business for two weeks. "Gong He Fat Toy" is the greeting of the Orientals as they pass one another on the street, this guttural combination meaning "a happy new year," for year 4607 in the Chinese calendar has commenced, and must be fittingly ushered in.

The densely populated Chinese district bounded by Pell, Mott and Doyers streets is each evening the scene of unique Chinatown Ushers in New Year festivities. In every household Year With Gaiety remains spread and all callers are made welcome. The business places are ablaze with decorations, the reddest sort of red being the predominating color. Among the delicacies served specially for the occasion are rice, preserved ginger, nuts and other luxuries imported directly from

the flowery kingdom. These are consumed in great quantities. One feature of the celebration is the payment of all debts incurred during the past year. Restaurants, stores and all manner of resorts are closed. Notices posted on the doors tell visitors that they will remain so until further notice.

Twenty million will be the population of New York city in 1950, according to the calculations of Joseph C. A. Hedy, consulting engineer and civic worker, who has just issued a pamphlet and diagram in support of his statement. He believes that the greater city is not in a state of congestion and that there is ample acreage within the present boundaries to house 100,000,000 persons comfortably. This would be 500 inhabitants to each acre, but at present in the East Side, Manhattan, there are 2000 persons to an acre in many districts. In estimating the increases the engineer has been guided by the percentages of increases in the past 120 years. The following table shows his estimates:

NEW YORK CITY.		
Year.	Population.	Population per acre.
1800.	2,500,000	12
1850.	3,450,000	16
1900.	4,800,000	23
1920.	7,000,000	34
1930.	9,800,000	47
1940.	12,700,000	63
1950.	19,250,000	92

BROOKLYN.		
Year.	Population.	Population per acre.
1800.	828,547	37
1850.	1,100,862	49
1900.	1,700,000	73
1920.	2,500,000	109
1930.	2,900,000	127
1940.	3,500,000	154
1950.	5,000,000	219

QUEENS.		
Year.	Population.	Population per acre.
1800.	57,550	1
1850.	152,969	2
1900.	300,000	3
1920.	500,000	10
1930.	1,000,000	23
1940.	1,500,000	42
1950.	2,000,000	74

The engineer expects that the population of Manhattan will begin to decrease gradually in 1940, because business will move the residents of the downtown sections steadily further north and the other boroughs will receive the benefit of the decrease.

BILL TO PERMIT WOMEN TO BALLOT

NEW YORK—For the purpose of determining the sentiment of the women of the state of New York on the question of suffrage, State Senator Brackett has introduced a bill in the Legislature providing for a special election next fall at which all women 21 years old may vote on the question of whether or not they desire the full right of suffrage.

Should the measure pass and such an election be held, its value would be purely academic, as a constitutional amendment would be necessary to grant women the franchise, and only male citizens could vote on such an amendment.

The next constitutional convention in New York will be held seven years hence, provided the voters call for it. If the proposition to grant women the suffrage does not come before the people prior to that time, it may come up for discussion then.

INQUIRY SCHEDULE OF SENATE GROWING IN LENGTH EACH DAY

WASHINGTON—Additions are being made to the list of articles included in the Senate's investigation of the cost of living. The inquiry is expected to begin shortly and if amendments continue little will be omitted from the investigation.

At the instance of Senator Burton, the resolution was made to cover all commodities; Senator Johnson obtained the inclusion of prices of beef, sheep and hogs, and Senator Bacon, the inclusion of prices of steel.

Senator Lodge will probably be chairman and the other Republicans will include McCumber of North Dakota, Elkins of West Virginia and Smoot of Utah. The choice for the fifth Republican seems to lie between Gallinger of New Hampshire and Crawford of South Dakota. Senator Elkins is doing his best to prevent Senator Lodge from being chairman of the special committee on high prices.

It is a fact that the cost of things to wear has increased in more marked degree than the cost of foodstuffs. This is shown by a report which the secretary of commerce and labor has just made to Congress.

NEW YORK—The Hudson county grand jury today continued its investigation of the big cold storage warehouses on the New Jersey side of the Hudson river. In view of the court's dictum that any combination to raise prices is a conspiracy, Prosecutor Garven counts on securing indictments that he believes will check the alleged evils of the cold storage system whereby it is charged that altitudinous prices are maintained in season and out.

FRAMINGHAM SUIT IS ENTERED TODAY

A suit was entered in the United States circuit court today by John F. Bentley of Newton against the town of Framingham to recover on a note of \$15,000, dated Oct. 29, 1908, and payable June 15, 1909, which was signed by John D. Lombard, treasurer.

The note purports to have been approved by William H. Walsh and Frank P. Stockwell, a majority of the selectmen, and to have been drawn under authority of a vote of the town on March 11, 1908, by which the treasurer could borrow up to \$150,000 in anticipation of taxes.

BANKING REFORM PLANS REJECTED

Bank Commissioner Arthur B. Chapin's plan for the auditing of the books of all the savings banks, cooperative banks and trust companies in the state at least once a year has been rejected by the Legislature.

According to Mr. Chapin, there is a great laxity in the way the Massachusetts savings banks are examined. There is no probe into the actual solvency of the banks that would entail a scrutiny of the securities, their value, the number of depositors and the amount deposited.

MARBLEHEAD.

The following have been appointed to take charge of the erection of the Marblehead Y. M. C. A.'s new \$20,000 building: Richard T. J. E. Steele, John L. Noyes, Theodore P. Day, T. E. Ferguson, R. J. Lindsay, Thomas D. Hanson, William Brown and Girdler Stacey.

The Rev. John W. Barnett, Ph.D., has resigned from the First Congregational church, to accept the pastorate of the First Congregational church of Barre, Vt.

LYNN.

There are prospects of change in the personnel of the public work board. Luther S. Atwood, sub-principal of the classical high school, ex-Mayor Eugene A. Bossmann and George N. Nichols being candidates against Commissioner Harry A. Sweet.

Principal Charles S. Jackson has canceled the English High-Revere high athletic tournament announced for Feb. 22.

The Earl building on Union and Exchange streets has been sold to Frederick A. F. Fiske of Boston for \$20,000 more than the mortgage of \$35,000 held upon the property.

REVERE.

During Lent there will be special services at St. Paul's Episcopal church. The rector, the Rev. Francis L. Beal, will preach on the "Call of the Master." Each Friday afternoon he will speak to the children the same as last year. Each Wednesday evening a clergyman from some other city will speak. Wednesday evening of next week the speaker will be the Rev. Mr. Budlong of Dorchester.

NEEDHAM.

The Norfolk county commissioners have decided to assess one half the cost of rebuilding the bridge over the Charles river at the Dedham-Needham line upon the county, the other half to be borne by the two towns. The selectmen of Needham will ask that the cost as between the two towns shall be assessed in proportion to their rateable value. The cost will be in the vicinity of \$20,000.

HOLBROOK.

The senior class of Summer high school will take a trip to Washington in April. The Central Social Club has selected the following end men for the annual minstrel show March 17: Joseph Megley, Dennis McCarthy, Andrew Dempsey and Everett Chessman.



HOTEL POTTER



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MILO M. POTTER, Manager.

SANTA BARBARA

News in Brief Gathered Today from Towns and Cities in Massachusetts

WALTHAM.

The lecture on "Tennyson" by Miss Margaret Cummings of Radcliffe, which was to be given at the Waltham Christian Union tonight, has been postponed until March.

The Republican city committee has engaged room A in Central block as a permanent location.

A three days' athletic carnival opens today at the free reading room in aid of Sherwood camp fund.

The Waltham Reform Club will celebrate its fifty-fourth anniversary at Kingsbury hall Saturday evening.

BRAINTREE.

Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 has elected: Captain, John Fraser; first lieutenant, Martin Fraser; second lieutenant, Robert Whitmarsh; clerk, Joseph Gurney. Hose Company No. 1 has chosen: Captain, Peter Smith; first lieutenant, Edward Starr; second lieutenant, Parker Brown; clerk, Elmer Vinton.

Unit Circle of Kings Daughters is to hold a social in Union church tomorrow evening.

RANDOLPH.

The Republican town committee has elected: Chairman, Winthrop B. Atherton; secretary, Frank W. Belcher.

A meeting will be held in the vestry of the First Congregational church the evening of Feb. 14 to organize a Y. M. C. A.

The board of registrars will meet Saturday evening.

NORTH EASTON.

The Young Peoples union of the Baptist church has elected: President, Mrs. Emma Howard; vice-president, Miss Beattie DeWitt; secretary and treasurer, E. E. Packard.

Steadfast circle of Kings Daughters has elected: President, Mrs. Mabel Porter; vice-president, Mrs. Nellie Marshall; secretary, Mrs. Carrie Smith; treasurer, Mrs. Hattie Haves.

HYDE PARK.

Womans day was observed at the Congregational church today. The Womans Home Missionary Society met at 10:30, lunch was served, and the Womans Foreign Missionary Society and the Maternal Association met this afternoon.

"The Country Minister," a four-act play, will be given in French hall this evening for the benefit of the Congregational church building fund.

HINGHAM.

The Wompatuck Club has elected: President, Elmer L. Curtis; vice-president, Benjamin A. Robinson; secretary, Joseph B. Thaxter; treasurer, Frank W. Nash; directors, Albert J. Stephenson, Robert M. Fullerton, Winthrop J. Cushing, Charles S. Groves, Edward R. Grosvenor, Howard P. Hersey, David Cobb, William Ripley and J. Winthrop Spooner.

WEYMOUTH.

The Rev. R. H. Dix of Amesbury has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First and Third Universalist churches in this town. He will assume charge Sunday, March 1.

The annual fair of the Ladies Social Circle of the First Universalist church will be held Feb. 23 and 24.

ROCKLAND.

The next meeting of the Commercial club will be held the evening of Feb. 24 in Grand Army hall, when articles appearing in the town meeting warrant will be discussed.

All the public schools will hold Lincoln day exercises Friday afternoon in their assembly halls.

PLYMOUTH.

Special Lincoln day services will be held at First Church of Christ, Scientist, Lathrop street, Saturday evening, at 7:30 o'clock.

MILTON.

Henry H. Barnes and Percy E. Bates of Milton Center have announced their intention of being candidates for the board of selectmen.

The Macedonian lodge, A. F. and A. M., announces the election of the following officers: Master, Edmund J. Carpenter; wardens, Lincoln Damon and Jesse B. Baxter; treasurer, H. Clifford Gallagher; secretary, Arthur W. Jenkins; chaplain, the Rev. W. Dewees Roberts; associate chaplain, George W. Nickerson; marshal, William H. Young; deacons, Charles H. MacFarvey and Frank S. Childs; stewards, Edward F. W. Bartol and W. Newton Harlow; inside sentinel, Albert H. Durell; tyler, James Spencer; trustees of charity fund, H. Clifford Gallagher and Charles F. Hall.

BRIDGEWATER.

The Ousamequin club has elected: President, Mrs. George B. Tovey; vice-presidents, Miss Merie B. Snow, Mrs. Ernest L. Cook and Mrs. N. F. Wilcox; recording secretary, Miss Katherine Carpenter; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Alfred C. Fay; treasurer, Mrs. Lyman A. Pratt; auditor, Mrs. George W. Cutler.

Several citizens are to make an effort to change the time of the annual town meeting from afternoon to evening of March 7.

STOUGHTON.

The February meeting of the board of trade will be held in the town hall this evening.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Congregational church is to hold a reception to the honorary members the evening of Feb. 18.

The historical society is looking up events and happenings of the town for the year 1855.

ABINGTON.

The annual guests' night of the Abington Womans Club will be held this evening in Grand Army hall.

McPherson post, G. A. R., has been presented with two pictures showing Andersonville prison and a likeness of General Grant.

George Meade camp, Sons of Veterans, is to hold public exercises Lincoln Day in Grand Army hall.

WHITMAN.

The Womans Alliance of the Unitarian church has selected this committee to have charge of the annual reception and ball: Mrs. W. F. Atwood, Mrs. Nahum Reed, Mrs. C. D. Reed, Mrs. C. Howard Soule, Mrs. A. G. Gurney, Miss Margaret Edson, Miss Irene Hersey, Miss Mabel Perkins, Miss Mabel Bryant, Miss Sadie Hill, Miss Nellie Cook.

NEWTON.

The Womans Club of Newton Center was entertained today by illustrations in costume of the history of dancing by Miss Lillian Harrington.

The Current Events class met today at the New church pastors and listened to a lecture by Mrs. May Alden Ward.

At the monthly sociable of the Universalist church, Newtonville, tonight, Miss Brown's class will render a play.

CHELSEA.

ARGUMENTS TODAY FOR INVESTIGATION OF NEW HAVEN LINES

(Continued from Page One.)

over six or seven miles, and leases the remainder of its trackage.

Mr. Byrnes said he thought the railroad commission the proper authority to supervise the running of the railroads. In the past two years the company has expended more than \$200,000, he said, in an examination of its properties. The report of this investigation will be ready July 1 and the company will be prepared to submit this to the state officials. This report, he said, will show that the New Haven properties are worth more than twice the value of the securities which have been issued upon them.

Representative Washburn of Worcester of the committee questioned Mr. Byrnes at some length as to how far he would go in following the recommendations of the railroad commission.

BOSTON-1915 PLAN GIVEN OUT TODAY

It was said at the office of the Boston-1915 movement today that the conferences of the various organizations which are backing the Boston-1915 project at the Twentieth Century Club will be for the purpose of choosing committees to work in union with the Boston-1915 directorate.

Each organization will have a committee of its own and will represent some one department of activity in the city. The organizations have been classified as follows: Business organizations, charities and correction, education, health, labor, neighborhood welfare, religious, art, music and drama, civic, city planning and housing, cooperative associations, women's clubs and organizations working with youth. A delegate will be chosen by each organization to represent it on the directorate, which will be increased to 75 members.

HEAR BILL TO AID YOUNG TEACHERS

Representative Charles F. McCarthy of Marlboro was heard at the State House today in support of his bill to regulate school bureaus and agencies and to assist persons seeking employment as teachers. Nearly all of the 10 teachers' agencies were represented and ex-Representative Dorman appeared as their counsel.

Mr. McCarthy charged the existing system of teachers' agencies with being in the main "grasping monopolies." He said that something should be done to protect the girls who apply to the agencies and who are kept coming to deposit their fees of \$2 each time on the alleged delusive hope held out to them that they will get a position.

CHANGES ORDERED AT THE NAVY YARD

Edward A. Blair, second lieutenant, United States marine corps, was detached from the Charlestown navy yard today and ordered to Honolulu, Hawaii.

John Q. Adams, second lieutenant, United States marine corps, was detached from the Charlestown navy yard today and ordered to temporary duty at Honolulu, Hawaii, awaiting the arrival of the transport Logan, on which he will proceed to Guam.

Chief Boatswain J. A. Riley reported for duty at the Charlestown navy yard today.

The collier Brutus sailed from Lambert Point, Va., Wednesday for Boston with a cargo of coal and government supplies.

PENSION SOUGHT FOR THE FIREMEN

The committee on cities at the State House gave a hearing today on the petition of Representative Andrew P. Doyle of New Bedford for legislation to provide retirements and pensions for the New Bedford firemen.

The pension is to be at least one-half the salary received in the service. Among those who spoke for the bill were Atty. Edward T. Donnan of New Bedford, Representatives Doyle, Hathaway, Lewin and Perry. Captain Donoghue of the New Bedford fire department was present but did not speak. There was no opposition offered, and the hearing closed.

GRAND TRUNK LINE FOR RHODE ISLAND

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—A charter incorporating the Southern New England Railway Company, a new branch of the Grand Trunk system, was petitioned for in the state legislature today. It was referred to the committee on corporations.

The new line will start from Palmer, Mass., to which point the Grand Trunk is now connected. Coming into Rhode Island, it touches Woonsocket, Valley Falls, Pawtucket and this city, reaching tide-water at the Providence river.

NAVY CAPTAIN PASSES AWAY

WASHINGTON—Capt. Alexander Sharp, president of the board of inspection for shore stations of the navy department, passed away today. In the Spanish-American war he commanded the Vixen, being advanced five numbers in grade for eminent service. He commanded the battleship Virginia on the voyage around the world.

REPORT CHELSEA FLOOD AID FUNDS

List Is Made Public of Relief Contributors Whose Money Was Handled by Boston Chamber of Commerce.

More than 200 families affected when the embankment protecting a portion of the Chelsea lowlands gave way Dec. 26, 1909, and flooded that part of the city, have been aided by the contributions of a number of Boston men and by citizens of Chelsea. The following subscriptions totaling \$4250 were received by the Boston Chamber of Commerce and placed in the hands of W. E. McClintock, chairman of the Chelsea board of control, under whose supervision the work has successfully been performed.

George Abbott \$10, N. L. Amster \$50, Edwin F. Atkins \$50, Edward W. Atkinson \$50, Hugh Bancroft \$50, William A. Bancroft \$50, Walter C. Baylies \$50, Thomas P. Beal \$50, Charles P. Blinn, Jr., \$5, E. J. Bliss \$50, The Bowker Fertilizer Co. \$50, William C. Bray \$50, George W. Brown \$50, Brown & Adams \$50, Brown, Durall & Co. \$50, I. Tucker Burr \$50, William S. Butler & Co. \$50, Charles M. Cabot \$100, Francis J. Callahan \$25, Richard B. Carter \$25, Colb, Bates & Yerxa Co. \$50, Charles F. Cross & Co. \$50, John H. Cross \$50, Richard H. Dana \$25, H. B. Day \$50, Eldridge Baker Co. \$50, Emerson Piano Co. \$50, Farnsworth, Thayer & Stevenson \$50, A. Lincoln Filene \$50, Edward A. Filene \$50, Gilchrist Company \$50, Ginn & Co. \$50, Hersey B. Goodwin \$20, E. A. Grozier \$50, Charles Head & Co. \$50, Augustus Hemenway \$50, L. P. Hollander & Co. \$50, C. H. Hood \$25, Hornblower & Weeks \$100, Charles W. Hubbard \$50, Theodore Jones \$50, Gardner M. Lane \$50, Charles E. Lauriat Company \$30, Amory A. Lawrence \$50, Col. Thomas L. Livermore \$50, Augustus P. Loring \$50, Walter M. Lowrey \$50, Howard Marston \$50, W. H. McElwain Company \$100, Laurence Minot \$50, J. K. Mosser Company \$50, New England Confectionery Co. \$100, Henry J. Nichols \$50, William A. Paine \$50, Benjamin S. Palmer \$50, Walter E. Parker \$25, Frank E. Peabody \$50, George L. Peabody \$50, Wallace L. Pierce \$50, Thomas G. Plant Company \$50, Fred H. Rice \$50, J. L. Richards \$50, E. H. Rollins & Sons \$50, Al A. Rosenbush & Co. \$25, Bernard J. Rothwell \$50, Joseph B. Russell \$25, W. F. Schrafft & Sons Corporation \$50, Thomas Sherwin \$50, William P. Shreve \$50, A. Shuman \$50, Charles A. Stone \$50, R. Clifton Sturges \$25, Henry F. Tapley \$50, Charles H. Taylor \$50, Charles H. Traiser \$25, Henry O. Underwood \$50, Charles S. Waldo \$50, Samuel Ward \$25, Samuel D. Warren \$50, Edwin S. Webster \$50, William Whitman \$50, George Wigglesworth \$50, D. G. Wing \$50, S. W. Winslow \$50, Robert Winsor \$50, John G. Wright \$50, John Wythe \$10, C. C. H. \$25, W. B. K. \$50, S. P. B. \$50.

FAVOR DREDGING DORCHESTER BAY

The matter of dredging the channel in Dorchester bay was considered by the committees on harbors and public lands at the State House today.

Charles L. Carr had charge of the hearing for those in favor. He directed the attention of the committee to the report of the harbor and land commissioners.

Walter S. Chase, commodore of the Dorchester Yacht Club, favored more dredging.

Nathan T. Robinson told the committee how a wharf owned by him was gradually becoming useless owing to the bay slowly filling up.

Senator Abbott appeared in favor of the project. He asked that the matter be held up until he could find out from the harbor and land commissioners whether or not that board would allow \$100,000 from its annual appropriation of \$100,000 to be used for this purpose. This was agreed to and the hearing was closed.

BOSTON BREAKS IMPORT RECORD

Importations to the port of Boston from foreign countries are breaking all previous records, according to figures made public today by Daniel Knowlton, secretary to Collector of the Port Curtis. During the first five weeks of the calendar year the total was \$12,994,298, compared with \$10,349,214 for the same period in 1909. The value of exports from Boston to foreign countries for the five weeks of 1910 was \$6,824,412, compared with \$8,287,530 for the corresponding period in 1909.

Receipts for custom duties for the month of January, 1910, show a gain of \$918,641.91 over the same month last year.

"A GREAT HONOR," SAYS MR. PEARY

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"It is a great honor to myself and to my family," said Commander Peary here Wednesday when informed that a bill making him a rear admiral was passed by the United States Senate.

The commander was entertained at the Hope Club until the time for his lecture in Infantry hall. He was introduced by Lieut. Gov. Zenus W. Bliss, and was tendered a reception by the Board of Trade at the conclusion of his talk.

SEEK TO HONOR GENERAL SICKLES

WASHINGTON—Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, last of the corps commanders of the civil war, will be a lieutenant-general if a bill favorably reported by the House committee on military affairs today, becomes a law. The committee also reported the West Point Military Academy bill to increase the size of the cadet corps today.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT FOR TUFTS COLLEGE

(Continued from Page One.)

that there is serious danger of over-emphasis on the vocational.

"The second cause for the decline of the arts course is the increasing difficulty of obtaining full academic training according to the standards of the older time in our secondary schools.

"The third cause is one which I believe to have been very influential but which I do not remember having seen mentioned or discussed to any extent in consideration of this much considered subject. I believe that the introduction and development of the elective system has had an influence only second to that of the commercial demand for technically trained men in reducing the interest in the arts course. The arts course is regarded as good enough for a boy who has no definite purpose in life and no need of training for efficiency but who desires the educational and other advantages of four years in college, while the technical course seems to be direct and definite preparation for efficiency in some gainful employment.

"Plans are now being prepared at Tufts College for a reorganization of our A. B. courses which is hoped to put into effect the beginning of the fall term of 1910. It is proposed to organize a considerable number of courses leading to this degree on the same principle and with the same exactness as that shown in the technical courses; courses practically identical in the freshman year, but diverging thereafter, leading to preparation for law schools, for teaching, for journalism, for social service, for business, either directly or in preparation for admission to the Braker school of business administration and probably ultimately for other occupations. I am confident that the time is ripe for such a change as is here indicated and I am glad that Tufts is to be the leader in a definite movement to rehabilitate the neglected arts course."

SINGLE TAX WORKER CALLS MR. TAFT AND PARTY MONOPOLISTS

(Continued from Page One.)

said he, "I am not acquainted with Mr. Taft personally. In fact, I should not recognize him if I met him, save by his pictures."

Mr. Fels, who describes himself as a Virginian by birth and a Philadelphian by adoption, who spends half his time in London, and who interests himself in promoting the single-tax philosophy of Henry George wherever and whenever there is an opportunity, is to speak tonight before the Boston City Club upon the topic, "The English Budget, with Special References to the Land Clauses." Saturday he will speak to the Twentieth Century Club.

Mr. Fels said: "I am not a philanthropist. I am opposed to all forms of charity—soup-houses, work-houses and every possible kind of so-called benevolence which has a tendency to pauperize the receivers of it. I believe in wiping out of existence the causes which make soup-houses and charity institutions necessary."

"Do you believe in the income tax?" he was asked.

"I don't believe in the income tax," he replied. "I only believe in one tax, and that is the single tax, which is not a tax at all but the taking by the people of the property that their presence and industry have created. In this I include all kinds of monopolies and special privileges."

"We have in the United States such a vast empire of land not yet subdued by the plowman's share that we only here and there feel the pinch of that poverty that covers Great Britain. In my opinion 5 per cent of the working population of New York city is unemployed. There seems to be no reason why the same proportion does not exist in Boston."

Asked how the adoption of the single tax would affect the cost of living, he replied: "Of course, the single tax philosophy includes free trade with the world. The income to carry on the government, which now claims to be largely raised by so-called protection, would, under single tax, come from that inexhaustible reservoir, land values and public franchises arising out of and a part of land values."

Discussing the recent British elections, Mr. Fels said that there were a number of things which happened that reduced the Progressive majority. Among these, he mentioned, was the influence of the women, which had shown itself at every election in which there was a three-cornered fight between the Conservatives, the Labor party, of socialists, and the Liberals. Another was what he characterized as "the fraudulent German war scare," while a third was "the helplessness of the tremendous poverty-stricken mass throughout Great Britain who catch at straws, the straws in this case being the promises of the Conservatives of tariff reform, which were erroneously called protection."

Mr. Fels gave a pithy characterization of Chancellor of the Exchequer David Lloyd-George, when asked if the latter was a disciple of Henry George. "I don't think he is a disciple of anybody but David Lloyd-George. However, in a speech he admitted that the budget embodies the theories of Henry George and Richard Cobden."

MILL BLOWS UP IN MICHIGAN. BAY CITY, Mich.—Princeling mill at Crumpt, 18 miles northwest of here, blew up today, killing six workmen besides injuring several others.

STATE EDUCATOR DINES JAPANESE

Chairman Fish of Board Is Host at Union Club to President of Tokio University.

Baron Dairoku Kikuchi, president of the Imperial University of Kioto, was the guest of Frederick P. Fish, chairman of the state board of education, for lunch today at the Union club, where the Japanese met several prominent educators of Massachusetts. After his address before the students of Harvard University on "Japanese National Development, With Especial Reference to Education," Wednesday evening, he was given a reception in the Union by the Japan club of Harvard. In his address the baron said in part: "At present a crisis is imminent in the Japanese field of education. The old social system, based upon the idea that the national unit was the family, is now at variance with the more modern idea of the individual as the national unit. The government is looking forward to making a change so that what is good of the old may be combined with the best of the new."

Baron Kikuchi is the guest of Secretary Jerome D. Greene of Harvard today and for a few days following.

COUNTRY RIVERS SWELL THE SEINE

PARIS—The present rise in the River Seine is due to the increased volume of its affluents above Paris. The hydrographic department predicts a continued rise until tomorrow, when it will reach a height of over 22 feet at Pont Royal and equal the flood level of 1882.

Although confident that there is no danger of a repetition of the recent flood disaster, the authorities are taking thorough precautions. Among the recent big American subscriptions was \$10,000 from the Metropolitan Opera Company benefit at New York.

The River Meuse in Belgium has overflowed its banks at Flenalle and Jemeppe, while the suburbs of Liege are inundated.

Maj. Henry L. Higginson, treasurer of the Paris flood relief committee of Massachusetts, today acknowledges the following contributions:

Previously acknowledged	\$43,628
Friends	50
A few children	5
First Church of Christ, Scientist, Braintree, Mass.	15
Carter's Ink Company	100
Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Thompson	15
Joseph Lee	100
George A. Draper	250
Edwin C. Cushing	10
Alliance Francaise, Group de Boston-Cambridge	575
Alice B. Cary	25
The First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, additional	25
First, Second and Third Churches of Christ, Scientist, Kansas City	250
Total	\$45,057

REASSAIL BOARD ON IMMIGRATION

WASHINGTON—The immigration commission, which has been attacked on the floor of the House by Representative Macon (Dem., Ark.), was under fire again today.

The appropriation of \$125,000 to allow the commission to finish its work, which was knocked out of the urgent deficiency bill by Mr. Macon, had been put back into the bill in the Senate.

Representative Gardner (Rep., Mass.) moved that the House agree to the Senate amendment.

Representative Fitzgerald (Dem., N. Y.) in opposing the motion said "I charge that the commission grossly violated the act of Congress that required them to finish their work."

PRINCETON BOARD FOR CONCESSION

PRINCETON, N. J.—The trustees of Princeton University met this afternoon behind closed doors and it is understood the entire controversy growing out of the withdrawal of the gift of \$500,000 by William C. Proctor of Cincinnati, because he did not agree with the strictures placed on his gift by President Woodrow Wilson, was thrashed out.

The session adjourned without definitely disposing of the graduate school matter, but it was intimated that Mr. Proctor will be invited to renew his offer and that certain concessions will be made, whereby both sides can agree.

DR. W. G. MACDONALD PASSES ON

Dr. William G. Macdonald, medical examiner of Suffolk county since 1895, and for 11 years medical inspector and assistant city physician of Boston, passed away Wednesday evening at his home, 580 Center street, Jamaica Plain.

VIRGINIA CORPORATION TAX

RICHMOND, Va.—A license tax on corporations has been introduced in the House of Delegates by Speaker Byrd which would not be in lieu of the property tax which is now in effect.

CHECK ROOM RESPONSIBLE

PHILADELPHIA—A jury here Wednesday held the Pennsylvania Railroad Company liable for the full value of baggage lost in a ten cent package room at one of its stations in New York.

STEAMERS ARE RENAMED

PORTLAND, Me.—The Eastern Steamship Company steamers Bay State and Ransom B. Fuller are to be renamed Underwood and Riverton, respectively.

APPLICANTS BESIEGE CIVIL SERVICE BOARD

(Continued from Page One.)

teamsters, 137 lamp-lighters, 74 carpenters, 87 oilers, 33 chauffeurs, 53 gardeners, 48 blacksmiths and 52 painters.

There is considerable gaiety about City hall today in anticipation of the celebration of Mayor Fitzgerald's birthday tomorrow.

Mayor Fitzgerald and the members of the city council this evening will make the third visit of their series to learn immediate needs of various sections of the city, and this time the people of Charlestown will have an opportunity to tell what they want for improvements. The meeting will be held in the Charlestown high school hall.

The time for filing itemized expense accounts by the treasurers of the mayoralty campaign managements expires tonight.

Applicants still haunt the mayor's office in search for favors and city jobs of every kind or description, and every mail brings in a flood of written requests of every nature. It takes the greater part of Assistant Secretary Field's working day to take care of these matters. Dorchester citizens indulged in a regular old fashioned town meeting at the high school hall in Codman square Wednesday evening, on the occasion of the visit of Mayor Fitzgerald and the members of the city council who desired to learn the needs of the district.

They were told that several new streets were absolutely necessary, and that certain streets as now laid out should be accepted and improved at once; also that some of the streets which have been accepted for many years should be kept cleaner, and that some more adequate arrangement should be made for the removal of the ashes and garbage of the Dorchester section of the city. This latter issue has caused much discussion, and is one that is very likely to receive the immediate attention of the new city government.

One of the really big improvements desired by the Dorchester residents is the construction of a boulevard to take the place of Dorchester avenue, connecting Dorchester with the Cove street bridge and bringing the section into direct communication with the South Shore.

Next came the plea for more adequate transportation facilities, and in this Mayor Fitzgerald can join, for this is one of the matters that he has been striving to improve for a long time.

Mayor Favors Creating Civic Centers in Districts

Mayor John F. Fitzgerald today announced his intention to promote the establishment of civic centers by means of the series of visits he is making to the various sections of the city with the members of the city council for the purpose of learning the urgent wants of the different districts.

The first step has been made in Dorchester, where the various improvement associations have agreed to cooperate and meet regularly at least once a month, and the mayor will take up the proposition with the school committee, in order to secure the halls of the high schools for the use of the improvement associations for these meetings.

A beautifully executed certificate of election, the pen work of Frank R. Wells, clerk of the building department, has been presented to the mayor, and it occupied a prominent place in his office today. It is done on sheepskin in colors and is a copy of the original certificate given him by the election commissioners.

The sum of \$3000 has been granted to the Evacuation day committee for the celebration in South Boston on March 17.

Tomorrow afternoon the mayor will have a conference with the schoolhouse commission. Chairman David A. Ellis of the school board and Fire Commissioner Parker relative to the disposition of the Mason street property now used as headquarters for the school committee and by the fire department for engine 36.

On Saturday a conference will be held with Building Commissioner Everett, Dr. Philip Cabot and George R. Swasey of the board of appeal, relative to going before the Legislature to secure a revision of the present laws on the plumbing of new buildings.

Democratic committees have filed statements of campaign expenses for wards 5 and 9. In each instance \$300 was expended, \$280 of which was for ward workers and the remaining \$20 for carriages.

PLAN NEW BANK IN SOUTHBRIDGE

SOUTHBRIDGE, Mass.—Business men of Southbridge have plans under way for the formation of a cooperative bank. It is predicted that within a month the institution will be established under a charter from the bank commissioner at Boston.

A petition is in circulation among the working class in the town for a receivership and an investigation of the trustee of the Southbridge Savings Bank.

WOMAN SAVES BOY IN RIVER

Using two sections of clothesline, hastily knotted together and running out on to the thin ice of the Charles river, Miss Elizabeth Roach of Waltham threw the rope to 6 year old Joseph Eagle, Wednesday, and saved him.

MAN PERISHED IN FIRE

The Boston police were notified of the discovery of evidence today that one man perished in the fire at the Brighton abattoir Wednesday. It is believed to have been Michael J. Akina.

Are Your Valuables Safe

Of the new customers in our safe deposit vault on Court Street, many had never realized, until they visited our new building, the tremendous safeguards provided for valuables in a modern safe deposit vault.

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Old Colony Trust Company

COURT STREET TEMPLE PLACE

PURCHASE TOLD OF BY BROKER IN SUIT

NEW YORK—W. H. Remick, of R. L. Day & Co., brokers and bankers, deposed today before the commission taking testimony in the suit brought by minority stockholders in Cleveland, O., to prevent the delivery of independent telephone stock to J. P. Morgan & Co., on the alleged ground that the Morgan firm is buying this stock for the account of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company. Mr. Morgan will be a witness.

Mr. Remick said he bought \$7,000,000 worth of telephone stock without knowing the physical valuation of the properties or inquiring into the earning powers and that later he sold the same stock to J. P. Morgan & Co. without furnishing any such information. He said an unnamed senator was concerned in the deal.

He testified that he had been summoned to the offices of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company in October, 1909, by Vice-President Hall, who told him the company wanted to buy independent companies in Ohio and Indiana but doubted whether it could legally acquire the properties. Hall asked him if he would buy them and hold them, giving the American an option on the properties. Remick agreed if he was properly safeguarded and entered into a contract whereby he was to buy the properties from F. H. Goff of Cleveland and James S. Bailey, Jr., of Toledo.

The American company was to furnish him the money to buy the properties and to guarantee him against any pecuniary loss. The American Company furnished him with \$7,000,000 and he entered into contracts with Bailey & Goff to buy the stock, without ever making an examination of the properties.

Remick detailed certain conversations he had with Bailey and W. H. Baker, Attorney McGraw of Cleveland, representing the minority stockholders, asked who Baker was.

"Baker is a former vice-president of the Mackay company. I took him into my employ to assist me in managing the companies," said Remick. "Mr. Pickernell of the American company introduced me to Baker as the man I wanted for that purpose."

Mr. Remick testified that on Dec. 7, 1909, he held, under his contract with the American Company, 20,000 shares of common and 23,500 shares of preferred stock in the Cuyahoga Telephone Company and 10,300 common and 26,400 of preferred in the United States Telephone Company. This was the stock Vice-President Hall of the American had tried to get J. P. Morgan to float in a holding company, in which the American should have a large interest. That day he received a telephone message from H. P. Davison, a partner in J. P. Morgan & Co., asking if the stock was for sale. Mr. Remick telephoned the American Company and asked if they intended to take the stock off his hands. They released him from his option and he sold the stock to Morgan & Co. for more than \$7,000,000.

WALTHAM WAITS TRIAL OF GLIDER

WALTHAM, Mass.—The Waltham Aeronautical Society, composed mostly of high school pupils, has completed the construction of the parts of its experimental glider, and will assemble them shortly. As soon as circumstances permit a try-out of the machine will be made. Every member is keenly interested in the subject of aeronautics, and eager to be the first to fly in the glider. The membership of the society will probably be enlarged to admit many others who are interested in this subject.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING HELD

BEVERLY, Mass.—Sunday school workers, representing 47 Sunday schools with a total enrolment of 8986, met at the First Baptist church in afternoon and evening sessions Wednesday for the annual convention of the Salem district of the Massachusetts Sunday School Association.

HOUSEMAD BETTER PAID THAN TEACHER

(Continued from Page One.)

teacher's actual living expenses at \$250 for the 10 school months; wearing apparel at \$150, books, stationery, etc., at \$50, traveling expenses, entertainment and church obligations at \$50, making a total of \$500. This, he notes, gives the teacher no opportunity to save and indicates that they are underpaid.

"We expect," he continues, "that our teachers will conform to the increased standards of living, and beside their professional duties that they shall take their share of other forms of social service; that they shall provide for their own professional growth, attend lectures, read current literature, keep up with the times, take advantage of opportunities offered by the various summer schools and college courses. We are not willing that they shall cheapen their services in any way, nor that they shall in any way shun or shirk their obligations to church and other forms of community life. Of what other form of labor so poorly paid are such demands required?"

PITTSFIELD ROAD REFUSES TO STOP

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—As a result of the accident Wednesday, in which a big double-trucked electric car of the Pittsfield street railway coast down slippery rails on a steep grade in Dalton and then crashed into a railway bridge abutment at the foot, killing one passenger and injuring 25 others, the Pittsfield board of aldermen at a special meeting the same evening voted to close two branch lines operated by the Pittsfield Street Railway Company, to give more power to other lines.

Chairman W. Perley Hall of the Massachusetts railroad commission this noon said that Commissioner George W. Bishop, accompanied by an inspector, is in Pittsfield today making a personal investigation of the accident.

BOARDS OF CLUBS OF WOMEN MEET

The Industrial and Consumers League committees of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs will hold a conference at Perkins hall, 264 Boylston street, this afternoon.

Mary Morton Keweenaw presided. Richard K. Conant,

PLAYHOUSE NEWS

"ANTAR" IN FRANCE

The production of M. Antoine and the stock company of the Odeon of "Antar," the historical Arab play adapted and translated by Chekri-Ganem Effendi, with music by M. Rimsky-Korsakoff, at the Theatre de Monte Carlo, was an original and daring venture that has turned out successfully, says the New York Tribune.

Antar, the "father of heroes," the great warrior and poet of the Orient in the sixth century of our era, is the hero of a romance that in Arabian literature fills a place analogous to that of the Celtic legend of Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table in English literature. He flourished in Arabia at about the same time as King Arthur in Brittany, Wales and England. His father was a pure bred Arab chieftain, Shedad-el-Abi, and his mother a Nubian.

He was the most famous fighter, as well as the foremost writer, in Arabian history. He is the author of one of the seven poems hung at the entrance to the Kaaba at Mecca, and his "romances," composed in rhythmic prose alternating with verse, which fill 40 MS volumes, are as familiar to Arabs today as are the works of Shakespeare to English speaking people.

Antar's romances surpass the "Arabian Nights" in interest and beauty. Chekri-Ganem Effendi has been guided in his translation by Dr. von Hammer, who first brought Antar to European notice in 1862. The drama, in five acts, deals with the love of Antar for his fair cousin Abin, which evokes the enmity of Antar's stepmother Shammea. The military achievements of Antar during the 40 years war between the two great hostile tribes of the peninsula are set forth in epic verse. The music of M. Rimsky-Korsakoff is light, descriptive and at times brilliant, but is merely auxiliary to the drama. The figurative, dancers and acrobats are all Africans, having been brought over for that purpose from Tripoli and Egypt.

HERE AND THERE

Speaking of his new play, Bernard Shaw, according to the New York Sun, says: "In 'Misalliance' I have carefully cherished, repeated and exaggerated every feature that the critics have denounced in my other plays. In the present instance there is no division into acts, no change of scene, no silly plot, not a scrap in fact of what the critics are pleased to call action. To sum it all up, there is nothing if you please but Shaw and some very good acting."

Harry Lauder will appear in Boston next week for what is announced as his final engagement in this city for at least five years, as he has contracts that will keep him in England during that period.

They're gallant down in Kentucky. When it was found that the assembly hall conflicted with the appearance of Mme. Nazimova, the date of the ball was changed by the Legislature.

MR. FROHMAN'S PLANS

Charles Frohman, our leading theatrical producer, is off for his annual trip to London. Coinciding with his departure comes a flood of announcements. Condensed, they are as follows:

Mr. Frohman's long planned repertoire season in London will be inaugurated at the Duke of York's theater, Feb. 21. He is taking with him for production in London "Alias Jimmy Valentine," "Love Among the Lions," "The Honor of the Family," "The Bachelor's Baby" and "A Woman's Way."

"The Climax," which is to be played in London by Miss Marie Doro, departed, star, scenery and all, on the same liner with Mr. Frohman. A performance of the play on the boat is planned. Why not reviews of the performance by wireless?

"Chanticleer," Rostand's poetic drama just produced in Paris, is promised as soon as the production can be made ready, probably in the early fall. Further promise is made that Boston and Chicago will see the play with duplicate companies, without waiting for the New York production to finish its run.

CHICAGO OPENINGS

Low fields begins an engagement on Feb. 13 at the Garrick theater in "Old Dutch," a musical play; music by Victor Herbert, lyrics by George V. Hobart and book by Edgar Smith. The piece proved interesting in New York. Ned Wayburn staged it.

Miss Fannie Ward will be in the bill next week at the Majestic theater in a one act play.

Miss Grace George comes to the Grand opera house on Feb. 21 in "A Woman's Way." "The Fourth Estate" will move on Feb. 21 to the Studebaker.

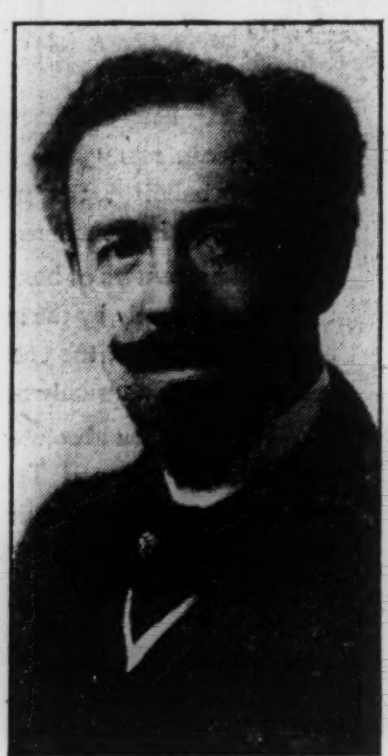
The Great Northern is being remodeled by the Shuberts and will be reopened Feb. 20 with "Dick Whittington," a typical English pantomime.

NEW YORK OPENINGS

For the second week of their engagement, E. H. Sothern and Miss Julia Marlowe will appear in "The Taming of the Shrew" at the Academy of Music. Seats are on sale for the whole engagement and popular prices prevail.

Ben Greet and his players will begin a 10 weeks' season at the Garden theater, Feb. 14. His repertoire will include "She Stoops to Conquer," "Everyman," "Macbeth," "The Rivals," "The Merchant of Venice," Marlowe's "Dr. Faustus," "Julius Caesar," Gilbert's "The Palace of Truth," Hawthorne's "Wonder Book" plays and Bulwer Lytton's comedy, "Money."

The next production at the New theater will come on Feb. 14 when "The Witch" will be played. This drama is from the Norwegian of H. Wiers-Jensen, and was produced with success at the



WRIGHT KRAMER.

He begins a series of travélouges at Tremont Temple Friday evening.

"Our Own Hawaii" is the title of the first travélouge to be given here by Wright Kramer, Burton Holmes' fellow-traveler and associate lecturer, this week. In company with Mr. Holmes, Mr. Kramer visited the Hawaiian islands last summer. Mr. Holmes was there the year before and also 10 years before that, and the travélouge to be given here will be a perpetual contrasting of the islands before and after annexation. By means of the finely colored lantern slides and motion pictures, the old life in its old setting of semi-barbaric and tropical quaintness and beauty will be shown. Especial stress will be laid, of course, upon the islands as they are today, with their up-to-date trolley cars, hotels, electric lighting and telephone service, showing in marked contrast the conditions which existed at the time of Mr. Holmes' earlier visit, when the native hut, the taro patch and the simply clad native had as yet been undisturbed by annexation and cable communication.

The supplementary series of Burton Holmes travélouges to be delivered by Mr. Kramer begins this Friday evening and Saturday afternoon at Tremont temple.

National theater, Copenhagen. The play has been altered so that the action passes in Salem, Mass., during the witchcraft period.

MRS. WIGGIN RECEIVES.

There was an unusual event for the matinee audience at the Tremont theater Wednesday, for all had an opportunity to greet the novelist, Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin, after the performance of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm." When the play was finished the author took a position in the foyer and parlors where the ladies could be presented to her. In the course of the reception she spoke in appreciative terms of the kindness of the Bostonians to the play, and she was most pleased to meet some of those who had been so kind to her. Among those presented were the members of the Drama Club of Radcliffe, who have taken Mrs. Wiggin as an honorary member, and 29 girls from Wellesley College who had made up a party for the matinee, as well as a group of kindergarten teachers from the Back Bay. The whole affair was marked by informality and proved one of the most pleasant features of the stay of "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" in this city.

MME. BERNHARDT HERE OCT. 31.

Word comes from Chicago that Mme. Sarah Bernhardt will begin her tour of this country at the Studebaker theater, that city, on Oct. 31. She will be under the management of William F. Connor, who directed her last tour here.

J. M. BARRIE'S MOTHER.

The actual heroine of "What Every Woman Knows," the new comedy that Miss Maude Adams is presenting at the Hollis, is J. M. Barrie's own mother, Mrs. Margaret Ogilvy, and such a mother she was.

When he was a boy Barrie used to write stories, and his mother encouraged him. When he had been at the university and declared his intention of becoming an author, she grew alarmed at his views. She wanted him to be a minister, possibly a professor. Later, however, she became reconciled to the author business, and they planned the future together.

Barrie and his mother had read somewhere that a novelist was better equipped than most of his competitors if he knew himself and one woman. Barrie told that one-day his mother said to him:

"You know yourself, for everybody must know himself, but I doubt I am the only woman you know well."

"Then I must take you for my heroine," Barrie answered.

"A gay and farrant-like heroine," she replied, and they both laughed at the notion.

Try as he would Barrie has never been able to keep his mother out of his books and plays, and that was always a great source of amusement to her. Barrie says that his mother used to love to have cushions on unused chairs but detested putting her back against them. She used to have a saying, "I wouldn't sit in the fine chair, James," just as Maggie Wylie says in the first act of "What Every Woman Knows."

TAVECCHIA AND PINI-CORSI.

ROLLERY as the motive of which to make all the music and action of an opera hinge has not been much used by the Italian composers in recent years. When the Italian opera makers left off writing their works for the Parisians and wrote them for their own countrymen, the buffo bass and the buffo baritone fell into a secondary place. The buffo finds his chief field of activity today in a few old operas like the "Barber of Seville" and "Don Pasquale," which hold their own in the modern repertoire because of the interest of their music; though sometimes he is allowed by the modern composer a minor role, like that of the Sacristan in "Tosca." A notable modern work which calls for a baritone with humorous gifts in a leading role is "Falstaff," but Verdi's Sir John is not a buffo in the strict sense of the word.

Two humorous bass singers of the old type appeared at the Boston opera house Wednesday evening—Mr. Tavecchia in Donizetti's "Don Pasquale," which had its second performance of the season; and Mr. Pini-Corsi in Puer's "Maestro di Cappella," which had its first performance. Mr. Tavecchia as Pasquale had the part which was Mr. Pini-Corsi's when "Don Pasquale" was produced in the first half-season; his associates in the cast were the same that Mr. Pini-Corsi had—Miss Nielsen, Mr. Fornari, Mr. Bourillon and Mr. Stroesco. Mr. Pini-Corsi on Wednesday evening as Barnaba, the chaplain of Milan, had for his associate singers Miss Lewicka in the soprano role of Geltrude, the sewing maid, and Mr. Balestrini in the tenor role of Benetto, the neplev.

Miss Nielsen was a more daring humorist in the character of Norina than was before, or else she was a more practiced one; in the veil scene she made the contrasts sharper and she effected the changes quicker between the mock demure Sophronia and the mocking Norina. And after she signed the make-believe marriage contract with the Don she threw the good old man's parlor ornaments about the room as if she had taken some stage lessons of Maria Gay. Miss Nielsen's singing was as good in its general style as it was when she appeared with Mr. Pini-Corsi; it was more brilliant in its coloring, it contained many new subtle dramatic strokes. There was a slight incongruity at times between Miss Nielsen's impersonation of the widow and Mr. Tavecchia's impersonation of Pasquale, owing clearly to her having had in thought Mr. Pini-Corsi and not Mr. Tavecchia as her associate when she studied her part. Mr. Tavecchia did not keep up the idea throughout the drama that Pasquale was to be laughed at for his conceit, but made him seem like an abused man who ought to be pitied.

Miss Nielsen could have made her interpretation heighten the pathos of the Don's plight had she chosen to do so; but she probably thought that the pathos was not there.

Mr. Tavecchia was less flexibly humorous than his predecessor in the character of Pasquale, but he was excellent always in his singing; and what are the old buffo operas kept on the stage for if not because of the opportunity they give for good singing?

It would not be safe for a singer of inferior buffo technique to undertake to interest an audience with "Maestro di Cappella." The part of Barnaba can be correctly sung only by a baritone with a higher range of notes than Mr. Pini-Corsi has; but nobody should demur at the adaptation of the score of an old opera, only a part of which survives at all, to the voice of an artist who is temperamentally qualified to sing it. Mr. Pini-Corsi knew that his audience would not go away satisfied with the little piece as a drama, for not enough of the original play is enacted to show what is its plot. The only thing he could rely on to please them was his treatment of three humorous situations—that of the opening scene, in which Geltrude, the cook, frightens the chaplainmaster and his neighbor by telling them the French are coming to storm Milan; that of the middle scene, in which the chaplainmaster tries to sing alone his opera, "Antony and Cleopatra," and that of the closing scene, in which he teaches Geltrude to take her part with him in one of his laboriously composed duets.

It was a special kind of performance for Mr. Pini-Corsi, one that gave him opportunity to illustrate buffo singing as it was practised in former days; and he bent all his genius to making it successful. The spirited work of his assistants, Mme. Lewicka and Mr. Balestrini, showed that they, too, enjoyed the excursion into a byway of art.

Mr. Conti conducted both Donizetti's opera and Puer's fragment of an opera. Cast of "Pasquale": Norina, Alice Nielsen; Ernesto, Paul Bourillon; Don Pasquale, Antonio Pini-Corsi; Dottor Malatesta, Rodolfo Fornari; Un Notario, C. Stroesco.

Cast of "Maestro di Cappella": Benetto, Guglielmo Balestrini; Barnaba, Antonio Pini-Corsi; Gertrude, Matilde Lewicka.

The new singers of next week will be the soprano, Mme. Fely Dereque, who will appear Wednesday evening in "Faust," and the Metropolitan tenor, Leo Slezak, who will appear at the Saturday matinee in "Trovatore."

Boito's "Mephistopheles" will have its first production by Mr. Russell's singers next Friday evening; it will be sung in French. Saturday evening, "Carmen" will be performed at popular prices. The repertoire of the second week of the second period is as follows:

Monday evening, Feb. 14, at 8 p. m. "Bohème" (in Italian): Mimi, Alice Nielsen; Musetta, Eugenia Bronskaja; Rodolfo, Florencio Constantino; Marcello, Raymond Boulogne; Colline, Jose Mar-

dones; Schaunard, Attilio Pulcini; Alcindoro, John Mogan; Benoit, Luigi Tavecchia; Un Doganiere, Howard White; Pargipol, C. Stroesco; conductor, Arnaldo Conti.

Wednesday evening, Feb. 16, at 7:45 p. m. "Faust" (in French): Faust, Paul Bourillon; Mephistopheles, Gusto Nivette; Valentine, Raymond Boulogne; Wagner, Roberto Vanni; Marguerite, Fely Dereque; Siebel, Bettina Freeman; Martha, Elvira Leveroni; conductor, Wallace Goodrich.

Friday evening, Feb. 12, at 8 p. m. "Mephistopheles" (in French): Mephistopheles, Jose Mardones; Faust, Florencio Constantino; Wagner, C. Stroesco; Sere, Roberto Vanni; Marguerite, Frances Alda; Martha, Elvira Leveroni; Elena, Celestina Boninsegna; Pantomima, Maria Claessens; conductor, Arnaldo Conti.

Saturday matinee, Feb. 19, at 2 p. m. "Trovatore" (in Italian): Manrico, Leo Slezak; Count de Luna, Raymond Boulogne; Ferrando, Giuseppe Perini; Ruiz, Ernesto Giaccone; Leonora, Celestina Boninsegna; Ines, Virginia Pierce; Azucena, Guerrina Fabbri; conductor, Arturo Luzzatti.

Saturday evening, Feb. 19, at 8 p. m. "Carmen" (in French): Don Jose, Paul Bourillon; Escamillo, George Baklanoff; Il Dancaïro, C. Stroesco; Il Remendado, Ernesto Giaccone; Zuniga, M. Gutworth; Morales, Attilio Pulcini; Carmen, Fely Dereque; Micaela, Eugenia Bronskaja; Frasquita, Matilde Lewicka; Mercedes, Bettina Freeman; conductor, Wallace Goodrich.

Musical Events in Boston

contralto, sang Durante's "Danza," Faure's "Les Berceux" and "Noel Païen" by Massenet. Heinrich Schuecker, harpist, played Saint-Saens' Fantasia, op. 95, Rossini's "Andante Religioso" and Blumenthal's "Marche des Croates."

The Boston Singing Club always shines in a miscellaneous concert. Its leader is not only a skilled programmatist, but excels as an interpreter of the dainty and refined effects of vocal writing, and last night's concert amply illustrated these things. The club was never so well balanced—the sopranos in particular have vastly improved their tone quality, especially in high passages, and all through the first part of the program, which was all we were able to hear, there were effects that were both grand and beautiful. No detail was too fine to receive attention, and praise is due for the large effects obtained from a small number of voices. Gerike's "Chorus of Homage" was remarkable for this and also for command of light and shade.

The atmosphere of the club's concert was as aesthetic as that of a string quartet, and the artistic work of Mr. Schuecker and the entirely charming and cultured singing of Miss Gauthier fitted into the evening's work as truly as a picture in its frame.

That the club may prosper and continue its success must be the wish of every lover of the artistic side of music.

SYMPHONY CONDUCTORSHIP.
C. A. Ellis, manager of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, states today in regard to the various reports which are being printed about the conductorship of the orchestra, that the only musicians who have been considered for the post of conductor this year are Max Fiedler, who has just been engaged for a further term of two years, and Dr. Kark Muck of Berlin. No other conductors have been approached nor has the possibility of engaging any other than Mr. Fiedler or Dr. Muck been even considered.

BOSTON SINGING CLUB.
The Boston Singing Club, H. G. Tucker director, gave its second concert in Jordan hall Wednesday night. The club sang part songs and choruses by Handel, Franz, Burdett, Gervart, Chadwick, Gerike, D'Indy, Hegar, Cui, Rubenstein, Mendelssohn. Miss Ernestine Gauthier,

to show them off to best advantage. In this instance, however, the pose is characteristic of the landscape. The effect is wonderful in delicate color harmonies. In "Bacchus and Ariadne," a great deal of force is put into the faces, especially that of Ariadne, who sits in a reclining position on the rocks looking seaward and whose profile is full of expressiveness. In the other figure compositions graceful groups of women are placed decoratively on the canvases but there is more strength and beauty in the landscapes without figures.

NEW YORK ART LETTER

NEW YORK—A most remarkable exhibition of sculpture and ivories, collected by George A. Hearn, has been open during the past week at the Lotus Club. The ivories date from the eleventh century down to the present time, covering practically the whole history of ivory carving from the first crude work, which is beautiful in its simplicity, through the decorative period of the Renaissance. The carving represent historical scenes, kingly triumphs and mythological subjects. Many of the very old pieces have become softened through age, which lends to them a certain charm. Among the most interesting figures are the Madonna and infant Jesus models of the thirteenth century. Besides these there are sumptuously decorative plaques and trays, this part of the collection being the finest of its kind in the country.

The paintings in the exhibition number 21 in all and also cover a wide range. English artists of the eighteenth century are the best represented. Gainsborough's "Blue Boy" has obtained much favorable criticism for its light and shadow effects and color harmony. Reynolds is represented by two portraits of feminine sitters. There are also examples of Romney and Lawrence, both well done, the latter being painted in a freer way than is usual with the artist. Guardi's "Venice" is a splendid example of that artist's work, with its lightness of touch and the fine quality of its tonal harmonies. Crome has a stormy landscape scene and Maue a painting "Sheep and Landscape" which is soft and rich in tone.

The American landscapes in the collection represent the work of George Innes, George Fuller and Alexander Wyant. Innes' "Wood-Gatherers" has not been surpassed by that painter. It represents an evening scene with two graceful figures in the foreground. The composition has an effective force and unity. "The Quadron" by George Fuller is a work full of imagination and power, besides possessing a very distinct style of its own. "The Adirondacks," a landscape by Wyant, is characterized by its grouping and good composition as one of the best of his works.

The most prominent work in the sculpture division of the exhibition is by Barre and Meunier. The examples of these men's productions do much toward making the exhibition one of the most varied and interesting seen in New York this winter.

At the Macbeth galleries two one-man exhibitions are now on view—Spanish paintings by Mora and a group of landscapes and figures by F. B. Williams. Among the Mora studies the "Joquina" stands out prominently. It is a portrait of a woman, and is a very strong character interpretation. "Mercedes" also is notable for the understanding of character it portrays. In such works as "The Party, Sevilla" and "After the Bull-Fight, Granada" the artist has aimed to accomplish big things, and he succeeds in a way in getting very picturesque results. He fails, however, to show the contrast of character which is an essential to making his works interesting. A number of street and garden scenes are shown, which are pleasing but not important. "A Fountain, Granada" is finer than the rest and shows a good technique and brilliant execution.

The idyllic landscapes and figure compositions by Mr. Williams are of considerable interest and show him at his best. The landscapes are rich in color and imagination and full of a delicate use of values. "The Broad Valley" is very expressive, while "On the Mountain" is a very interesting canvas. When Mr. Williams introduces figures in his work he generally makes the landscape a secondary consideration, placed so as

President Mellen Will Address Club on Transportation Subjects on Which Lately He Has Been Silent

President Charles S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has accepted an invitation to address the Boston Boot and Shoe Club at its regular monthly dinner, to be held at Hotel Somerset, Wednesday evening, Feb. 10, it is announced today, and it is expected that he will speak of his company's plans for the unification of New England's transportation system and the problems arising from the recent merger of the New Haven and Boston & Maine roads, through the medium of the Boston Holding Company.

It is some time since President Mellen has given a public address along these lines. It is said he is likely to touch on one or two phases of future development that have not yet received much attention.

The club has designated this "New England Transportation Night," and a number of public men and prominent railroad officials have been invited to meet Mr. Mellen. There will be a reception at 5 o'clock, and the dinner at 5:30 will be informal. The committee of arrangements consists of President Alfred W. Donovan, Secretary Thomas F. Anderson, Col. F. G. King, Elmer J. Brown, Joseph Caunt and George E. B. Putnam. There will also be a special reception committee, Col. Milton H. French, chairman.

SENATOR'S ACCUSER IS FIRM.
ALBANY N. Y.—A searching cross-examination on Wednesday in the Senate failed to shake the testimony of Hiram G. Moe of Groton, N. Y., who maintains he paid a bribe of \$1000 to Senator Jotham P. Aldis, as charged by Senator Benn Conger.

H. M. HARTSHORN PASSES ON.
Henry M. Hartshorn, chairman of the overseers of the poor, of Malden, passed away at his home, 34 Lebanon street, late Wednesday.

LECTURES.
TREMONT TEMPLE
BURTON HOLMES
TRAVELOGUES
Delivered by WRIGHT KRAMER
EVENING
8:15
MAT.
2:30
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Washable Dresses of Gingham, Repp, Galatea or Percalé. High or low neck models. Size 6 to 14 years..... 2.95 and 5.00

Coats of mannish mixed materials or Navy Blue Cheviot, flannel lined. Size 8 to 12 years..... 5.00 and 7.50
usual price 8.50 to 14.00

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value 2.75

Italian Silk Bloomers..... 2.75
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NEW PLAN TAKES GOLD FROM SAND

A successful method of collecting the millions of dollars of fine gold scattered through the sands of Snake river is said to have been discovered by W. J. McConnell of Moscow, Ida., who was in Portland recently, says the Oregonian.

Mr. McConnell is identified with the political history of both Oregon and Idaho, having at one time served as state senator from Yamhill county in this state and later becoming United States senator from Idaho and Governor of that state.

If Mr. McConnell's discovery is the success he thinks it is, Snake river and other places where flour gold has been found in large quantities but which owing to its nature has not been collected at a profit will add large sums of gold to the wealth of the world.

EPISCOPAL BODY SHOWS INCREASE

Figures just compiled by the authorities of the Episcopal church show how great has been its recent expansion, says the Providence Journal. In 1890 it passed the 500,000 mark; in 1909 it had 929,117 communicants, or nearly twice as many as 19 years ago.

At the present rate of growth it will include a million in 1912, and will thus have doubled itself in the comparatively short space of 22 years.

SENATOR'S ACCUSER IS FIRM.

ALBANY N. Y.—A searching cross-examination on Wednesday in the Senate failed to shake the testimony of Hiram G. Moe of Groton, N. Y., who maintains he paid a bribe of \$1000 to Senator Jotham P. Aldis, as charged by Senator Benn Conger.

H. M. HARTSHORN PASSES ON.

Henry M. Hartshorn, chairman of the overseers of the poor, of Malden, passed away at his home, 34 Lebanon street, late Wednesday.

Violets, Roses
And other cut flowers fresh daily and ready for immediate delivery. Careful attention given to telephone orders.
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Tomorrow, Feb. 11, at 8. LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR. Mmes. Lipkowska, Pierce, MM. Constantino, Fornari, Vanni, Perini, Giaccone. Cond. Conti.
Sat. Aft., Feb. 12, at 2. MADAMA BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Kirmse, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Hansen, Fornari, Giaccone, Pulcini, Archambault, Picco, Stroesco. Cond. Conti.
Sat. Eve., Feb. 12, at 8, at Popular Prices. II. TROVATORE. Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Kirmse, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Hansen, Fornari, Giaccone, Pulcini, Archambault, Picco, Stroesco. Cond. Conti.
Mon., Feb. 14, at 8. LA BOHEME. Mmes. Nielsen, Freeman, Kirmse, Leveroni, Pierce, MM. Hansen, Fornari, Giaccone, Pulcini, Archambault, Picco, Stroesco. Cond. Conti.
Wed. Eve., Feb. 16, at 8. FAUST. Mmes. Dereque, Freeman, Leveroni, MM. Bourillon, Nivette, Boulogne, Vanni. Cond. Goodrich.

Good seats available for every performance at Box Office or 171 Tremont st. (Eastern Talking Machine Co.)

SPECIAL To enable music lovers to enjoy first-class opera sung by eminent artists, a series of

Grand Opera

WILL BE FURNISHED ON SATURDAY EVENINGS AT POPULAR PRICES

Next Saturday Evening at 8
IL TROVATORE
Mmes. Hoffmann, Oltzka, Pierce, MM. Cartica, Boulogne, Perini, Giaccone.
GRAND CORPS DE BALLET
Prices 50c, \$1, \$1.50 and \$2
SEATS ON SALE NOW

Among the operas to be presented on Saturday evenings are Carmen, Lohengrin, Faust, Rigoletto, Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci and Lucia di Lammermoor.

Season tickets for seven Saturday evenings can be had on application to the box office. Mason & Hamlin pianos used.

GOOD HOME SONGS

Marked Mailed Price. For "Song of Hope"..... 4.50 8.25
"Think of Today"..... .50 .75
"Lullaby"..... .50 .75
The above are by Jane Bingham Abbott, the composer of the universally popular song, "Just for Today."
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LINCOLN W. B. Clarke Co
See Our Window 26 & 28 Tremont St.

Increase Pay of New England Telephone Girls

Boston company to distribute \$200,000 to women employees.



OPERATORS AND PUPILS AT THE SWITCHBOARDS IN BOSTON.

These workers, so closely associated with modern business and home life, are soon to receive from their employers a voluntary increase in wages because of the high cost of living.

PRESIDENT TO HELP NEW YORK PLANS TO REORGANIZE PARTY

NEW YORK—A radical reorganization of the Republican party in this state is to be effected at once, according to the United Press. Preliminary steps will be taken next Saturday afternoon, when President Taft, Governor Hughes, State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff and all of the big state leaders that can reach here meet in the home of Lloyd C. Griscom, recently elected head of the New York county committee on the demand of President Taft.

It was reported today on high authority that Mr. Griscom Wednesday secured the promise of Governor Hughes to attend the conference. President Taft and the Governor are to be the chief speakers at the Lincoln day banquet of the New York Republican Club, and an attempt will be made to have them reach a common understanding regarding what is best for the party in the state.

Governor Hughes will not be a candidate for reelection. He says that he is too poor. But he will be asked to name the man he thinks best fitted to reorganize the party and become its candidate next fall.

Having disposed of the Ohio situation, President Taft now has his attention directed to New York state. The independent party men declare he realizes more than any one else that the Platt machine is doomed and if the Republican party is to be successful in the election this fall there must be a new deal and the policies of Governor Hughes endorsed, at least in part.

President Taft believes there is a possibility of the Republicans losing the House this fall in the congressional elections, unless strenuous efforts are made by the party. He is working with the Republican congressional committee to prevent the loss of the House and at his advice the congressional question is also to be considered at this conference.

Incidentally up at the Republican Club today it was freely predicted that the result of Saturday's meeting between the Governor, who is likely to be a candidate for the presidential nomination two years hence, and the President, who will also be a candidate for that honor, will be the effective checking of the "Back from Elba" movement.

With Governor Hughes and President Taft working together, it is declared today, one of them will have the New York state delegation to the 1912 national convention and this will tie the hands of the pro-Roosevelt following.

Roosevelt men deny this but there is no question that all the resources of the Taft administration will be utilized to have New York at his back when the next national convention assembles.

PAN-AMERICAN DIRECTOR DUE AT BANQUET IN NEW ORLEANS

WASHINGTON — The Progressive Union of New Orleans, a strong business men's organization, which is preparing to hold a world's Panama exposition in the Gulf city in 1915, in celebration of the completion of the Panama canal, has invited Director John Barrett of the international bureau of American republics, to speak at a banquet in New Orleans the night of Feb. 18. The invitation comes through a committee of 25, which is carrying on the preliminary arrangements for the exposition.

Director Barrett will discuss the importance, ways and means of developing closer trade relations between the United States and Latin America, and the direct bearing on these relations of the Panama canal and the projected exposition celebrating its completion. The committee is made up of men prominent in the business, social and political life of New Orleans, and their preliminary efforts indicate that the exposition will be a success.

The membership of the committee,

WOMEN operators and clerks of the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company will soon be apportioned the sum of \$200,000, which has been appropriated by the officials of the company to increase their wages.

For some time the officers of the company have been studying economic conditions and the appropriation is an effort to counterbalance the increased cost of living.

President Sherwin of the company,

"The company has appropriated approximately the sum of \$200,000 for the purpose of increasing wages among its women employees, especially among the operators and clerks whose salaries are small. The increase in the cost of living during the past few years has been very burdensome, and it is hoped in some measure to relieve that pressure."

"It is impossible at this time to state just how this increase will be apportioned or what employees will share in it. There are thousands of employees, and the increase in wages will become effective as speedily as the heads of the various departments can make an equitable apportionment. Besides the large number of employees, there are many different classes, all of which will have to be considered, so it will probably be several months before a definite plan of apportionment can be devised and put into effect."

BOSTON EXHIBIT OF ROAD OPENS

The Great Northern Shows People of Bay State Capital What Grows Along Its Lines in West.

Exhibitions are being given by the Great Northern Railway Company in various cities of the country of the products from the different sections along the line of its system. The Boston exhibit begins today at 201 Washington street, and will continue for several weeks.

The Boston exhibition is not confined to the products of any one state. There are fruits and vegetables from Minnesota, Dakota, Oregon and Washington, and Montana.

In the great fruit producing section, which includes the eastern part of Washington and the northern part of Oregon and small parts of Idaho and Montana, well developed orchards return to the producer from \$1000 to \$2500 an acre per annum. Potatoes are exhibited 10 inches long and weighing 4 pounds each; onions 5 inches in diameter weighing 2 pounds, and other varieties of equally large size, yet of the finest quality.

ANDERSONS TO CRUISE SOUTH. WASHINGTON—Mr. and Mrs. Larz Anderson will leave the capital today for the South, where they will board their houseboat Roxana for a cruise in Florida waters.

COOPERATIVE STORE AWAKENS INTEREST

A system of cooperative stores similar to that established in various countries of Europe has been advocated frequently as a method of solving the problem of the cost of living. Various cooperative buying enterprises have been launched from time to time, some of which have survived and are doing business successfully. The problem seems to be, in the United States, to arouse a general interest in such a project, and thus to mass a sufficient buying power to enable the business to be done on a large scale and give it an impetus to overcome opposition.

So certain are some wholesale jobbers that the cooperative methods of the Old World are destined to take root in this hemisphere that they are shaping their business policy to secure the orders of this class of trade. Already there is a very considerable volume of business done yearly on a cooperative basis in New England and the effect of this method has been observed upon the prices of certain of the staple necessities.

The grange members of Massachusetts have a cooperative buying company, now in its second year of activity. Last year it sold sulphate of potash, a chemical fertilizer, to its members at \$45 a ton, while local dealers retailed it to the farmers at \$59 a ton. Last year, before the cooperative concern began supplying grain to its patrons, the farmers paid the grain merchants approximately \$3 a ton more for grains than they pay today.

An instance of the effect of cooperation on retail trade was seen about 20 years ago, when a farmers' cooperative scheme was launched in Boston. This concern sold certain commercial fertilizers at prices which saved the purchaser \$3 a ton. By making a contract for the entire output of a mill, a saving of \$7 a ton was effected for the ensuing year. The manufacturers, however, who were thus brought in competition with the cooperative interests, put their prices down \$5 a ton below those of the cooperative concern. Whatever the motive may have been to do this it gave the farmer a rate \$12 a ton better than he had enjoyed before the cooperative company began doing business.

At the Railway Terminals

The New Haven road will run a special train from South station at 6:45 o'clock tomorrow evening to Brockton for the accommodation of the members of the Boston Apollo Club.

The electrical department of the Boston & Albany road is installing the telegraph, telephone and lighting apparatus in the new terminal building at Beacon park, which is practically completed.

President Mellen of the New Haven road with Directors Fisher and Hemingway accompanied President Tuttle of the Boston & Maine road to Portland Wednesday for the Maine Central directors meeting, arriving at North station on the return trip at 4:20 p. m.

The Boston & Maine road will provide special service from North station tomorrow evening at 5:30 o'clock for the accommodation of Lieutenant-Governor Frothingham and staff on their way to Stoneham's military night.

TECH MEN FORM FOREIGNERS' CLUB

Following the example set by other colleges in forming organizations of the foreign students who come to the institution steps were taken during the vacation to form a new foreigners' club to be known as the Cosmopolitan Club of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Besides the students coming from outside countries a limited number of American-born men will be admitted.

The organizing committee, which is made up of a few foreign students and several members of the faculty and the corporation has drawn up a constitution, examined rooms and selected charter members.

REPORT ADVOCATES FEDERAL PUBLICITY FOR CORPORATIONS

WASHINGTON—Commissioner of Corporations Herbert Knox Smith, in his annual report to the secretary of commerce and labor just issued, declares that the greatest possible check on corporate evils is publicity, and to that end he indorses a system of reports by interstate industries to a federal agency in a rational way, which he believes will involve no drastic action, but on the contrary will forestall it.

The report is a sharp contrast to the administration's federal incorporation bill just presented to both houses of Congress and is doubly interesting because of that fact.

"Publicity," declares Mr. Smith, "will improve the standing of our corporate securities both at home and abroad, and will help to give to our business machinery that foundation of fairness and openness and public confidence which it must have if it is to be a permanent factor in our national advance."

"It will bring together the government and the corporate manager in conference and cooperation which alone can serve to adjust continuously the complex and changing relationship between our business forces and the public welfare."

Mr. Smith contends that already, under public condemnation, great corporate abuses have been abandoned, railroad rate discriminations have been wiped away and numerous forms of commercial oppression diminished. Corporate managers themselves, declares Mr. Smith, are frankly advocating a more open accounting.

"The issue is national," the report continues. "Action by the federal government is imperative under its unquestioned power and duty to regulate interstate commerce. One of the primary motives for the creation of the federal government was for a national control of national business. Those directing the great corporations have deliberately nationalized them in size and scope; they cannot now be heard to object to a centralized control which they themselves have made necessary."

The report says, in part: "As guardian of the nation's welfare the government must see to it that the ordinary standards of right and fairness, which restrain our individual citizens, shall also be applied to our great modern businesses."

"Conditions confront us which are now determining the country's future. A significant process of evolution is going on within our commercial organization. Two types of corporate managers are struggling for control. The one bases his success upon increasing the efficiency of his organization, by giving better service or lower prices. The public thus shares the benefits of his efficiency."

"The other succeeds by crippling the efficiency of competitors, by railway rebates, by unfair competition, by commercial oppression. If this process continues it will surrender the control of our commercial forces to the commercial pirate, to the injury of the nation and the ruin of individuals."

"The situation is thus ready for a complete system where (1) all important interstate commerce corporations shall regularly make reports to a federal agency; where (2) that agency shall have the further right to verify and extend the facts presented; where (3) business transactions of public interest shall be made public, safeguarding at the same time all proper business secrets; where (4) there will be a permanent meeting ground for cooperation and adjustment between the government and business interests; and (5) whereby those corporations that deal fairly and openly shall correspondingly acquire public confidence and support."

"The exact form of this system is of little importance. The information must be had for the primary purposes of the government and the citizen. Cooperation also must be had; publicity should as far as possible be voluntary. Corporate managers are recognizing the value of government publicity. To profit by this new spirit the system of supervision must provide for cooperation. Prosecution is indeed necessary to destroy unfair methods, but it should be reserved as the last resort rather than used as the normal instrument."

"Our great interstate industries must come under permanent national supervision. The bureau has proved that this can be secured in a rational and effective way. A system of practical publicity, with cooperation, will obtain that requisite for all wise measures, reliable information. It will direct against business evils the overwhelming force of public opinion."

What Mr. Smith Indorses, His Reasons, and Benefit He Thinks Would Result

PERMANENT federal supervision of interstate industries through a federal agency.

That the national government is for the control of national business.

That the promoters of the great corporations have nationalized their scope.

That this being so they cannot object to centralized control.

That it would increase strength of corporate securities both at home and abroad.

That such widespread publicity would prevent corporate abuses.

That the public would be the great beneficiary.

A MASTER STROKE

A lucky buy gives us merchant tailors woollens at greatly reduced prices in light Scotches and medium dark greys and mixtures in weights suitable for immediate and early spring wear. From these woollens we have made on the very latest spring models a special line of suits to retail at \$20, \$25 and \$30.

The real values of these suits are \$30, \$35, \$40 and \$45. If you're tired of the old and long for the new you will welcome this opportunity to buy for present wear one of these advanced style suits. All sizes in regulars, stouts and longs.

Good Shoes

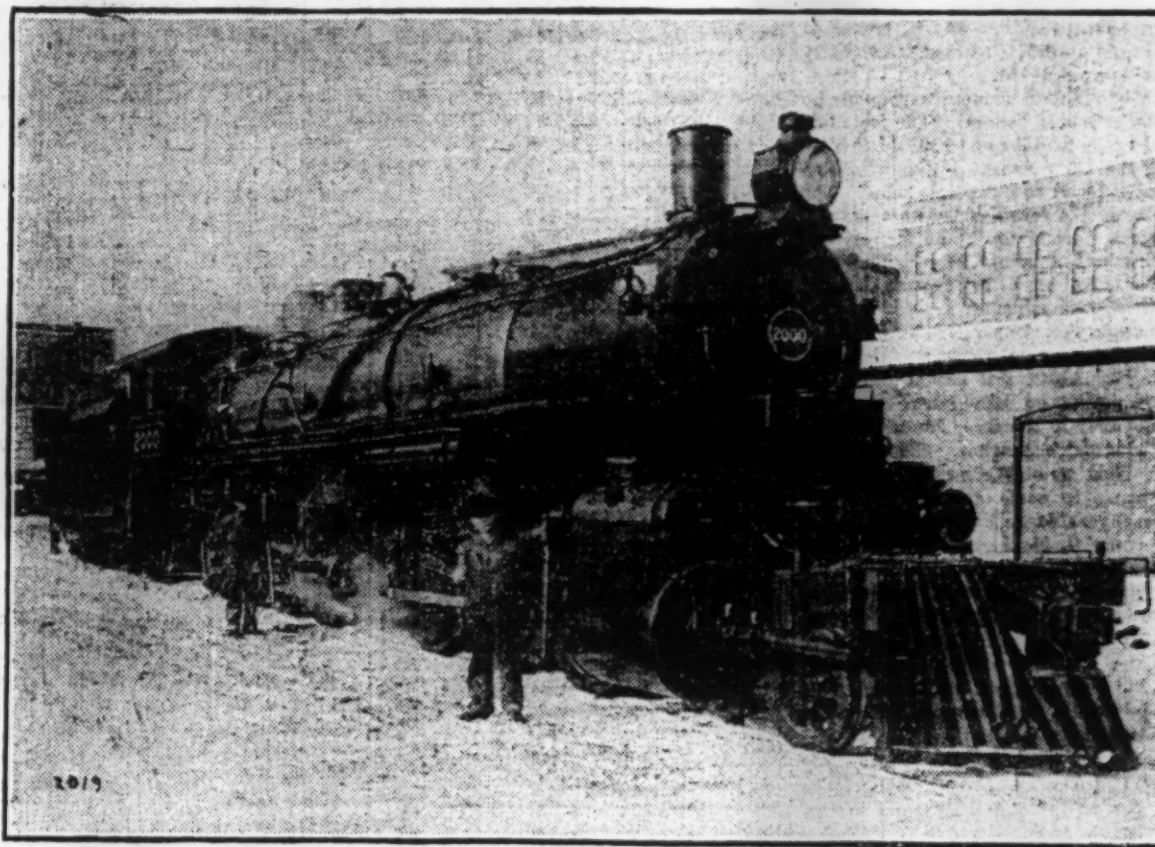
Leonard Morse

Good Hats

Adams Square

Largest Locomotive in the World

Great Northern railway shops turn out a monster compound engine of enormous traction power.



TYPE OF ENGINE USED TO HAUL GREAT LOADS OVER THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN GRADES.

Pennsylvania railroad also tries out one of these "Mallet Articulated Compound" locomotives, patterned after the German make, and contemplates adopting them for the heavy freight hauls upon its lines.

SECRETARY MEYER PRACTICALLY WINS

WASHINGTON—Secretary Meyer has practically won his fight for his naval reorganization plan.

The House committee on naval affairs, it is said today, will take action next week which will be, in effect, a tentative approval of the secretary's ideas.

Representative Dawson of Iowa furnished the method by which the committee and the secretary reached a common understanding.

Under Mr. Dawson's plan, which it is expected, the committee will adopt, the appropriations for 1911 will be made under the old system, but Secretary Meyer will be vested with authority to distribute the expenditures as he may see fit. To guard against a diversion of funds from proper channels it will be required that the money be spent solely for the purpose intended by Congress.

The committee is expected to require further that when the secretary submits his estimates to Congress for the year 1912 he must do so under the existing plan of apportionment. This will avoid giving sanction of law to the Meyer plan and at the same time give the secretary the opportunity of trying out his reorganization idea for a year.

The Meyer plan provides for the abolishment of the bureau of equipment and placing all naval construction under the direction of officers of the line and a rearrangement of the duties of some of the other departments.

CHELSEA CHURCH GIVEN A BIG SUM

The First Baptist church of Chelsea was bequeathed \$10,000 by the will of Franklin K. Cushing of Chelsea, filed for probate late Wednesday.

He gives the income from his portion of his father's estate, together with \$2000 and other personal property, to his wife, Clara B. Cushing, the same to go ultimately to the First Baptist church. The Rev. Dr. F. W. Bakeman, pastor of the church, the Rev. Albert D. Spaulding of North Scituate and the ladies home, Chelsea, get \$2000 each.

MR. PINCHOT CALLS ACTION ON RANGERS ATTACK ON SERVICE

NEW YORK—Gifford Pinchot, deposed chief forester of the United States, defended the rangers of the forest service in a speech before the National Arts Club in New York Wednesday. He criticized the action of George P. McCabe, solicitor of the department, who, as temporary chief, after Mr. Pinchot's dismissal, took action to abolish the collegiate training of foresters at government expense.

This action Mr. Pinchot described as a "secret attack on the service, a method so effectively used by special interests against the people and a cruel and needless loss." He said in part:

"The solicitor of the department of agriculture is in honor and in duty bound to forward the work of the forest service by every lawful means at his command. Yet he led the secret attack upon it and used anxious and successful care that no attempt to defend its course should be made by any other man."

"The men of the forest service were first informed that the legality of their work was in question only after adverse judgment had been rendered without giving them any hearing."

BARNARD COLLEGE GRADUATE WINNER OF NATIONAL PRIZE

NEW YORK—Announcement is made by the committee in charge of the competitive examinations for the scholarship

offered by the Federation of American Women's Clubs that Miss Juliet Stuart Points of the class of '07 of Barnard College has won the prize.

BASES CANDIDACY UPON INSURGENT

LINCOLN, Neb.—William Hayward, secretary of the Republican national committee and chairman of the Nebraska committee, is scheduled to announce today his candidacy for Congress on an insurgent platform from the first Nebraska district, now represented by John A. Maguire, a Democrat.

Market Makes Further Gains, Closing Strong

INACTIVE ISSUES MOST CONSPICUOUS IN STOCK MARKET

Good Advances Made During Early Sales by Securities Not Generally Prominent in a Bull Campaign.

LOCALS ARE STEADY

Further advances were made by New York stocks during the early trading today, the entire list with the exception of the leaders recording good gains during the first sales. A reluctance on the part of United States Steel, Reading and Union Pacific to participate in the improvement was ignored by other stocks, but the action of these market leaders was regarded by the bears as significant that the big interests were not yet ready for a prolonged upward movement.

Stocks such as are not usually prominent in a bull campaign were the most aggressively bought and recorded the largest gains. U. S. Steel which enjoyed a net gain yesterday of 3 points opened up $\frac{1}{2}$ at 78 $\frac{1}{2}$ but after slight improvement reacted below the opening figure. Union Pacific which had a net gain Wednesday of $\frac{3}{4}$ opened up $\frac{1}{2}$ at 182 $\frac{1}{2}$ but was soon selling around Wednesday's closing price. Reading was $\frac{1}{2}$ higher at the opening at 160 $\frac{1}{2}$, reacted fractionally and then crossed 161.

Gains of 2 points or more were made by the Rock Island issues. The common opened up $\frac{1}{2}$ at 45 $\frac{1}{2}$ and sold up to 46 $\frac{1}{2}$ during the early sales. Pullman opened up $\frac{1}{2}$ at 107 and rose 2 points more. The Norfolk & Western issues were strong. The stock opened up $\frac{1}{2}$ at 99 and advanced about 2 points more. The convertibles also were in urgent demand making a good advance.

Although the Copper Producers Association made a favorable statement, showing a substantial reduction in the surplus stocks on hand there was not the buoyancy in the shares as was shown in Wednesday's market. The copper had a good gain Wednesday, probably discounting to some extent the effects of the favorable report. Amalgamated Copper was $\frac{1}{2}$ higher at the opening at 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ and advanced above 75 and then reacted around 74. American Smelting at 80 $\frac{1}{2}$ was up $\frac{1}{2}$ at the opening. It reacted to 79 $\frac{1}{2}$ and then advanced above 81. Utah Copper opened $\frac{1}{2}$ higher at 49 $\frac{1}{2}$, but soon sagged off to 49. This stock has had a good advance within the past three days.

The local market was moderately strong and steady. Copper Range, Anaconda, North Butte, Mohawk and several other issues made advances of 2 and 3 points during the session. Fractional gains were general throughout the list during the first sales.

Toward midday both markets reacted somewhat and then became rather dull. A break in Third Avenue from 115 to 9 was a feature of the early afternoon trading in New York. Other stocks sagged off and around 2 o'clock the market again rallied. Norfolk & Western made further gains, selling around 101 $\frac{1}{2}$. St. Paul sold ex-dividend at the opening at 144. It improved a small fraction and then sold off to 142 $\frac{1}{2}$ before recovering. Steel sold off over a point before recovering. Amalgamated Copper, which advanced above 75 during the forenoon, also declined somewhat. The local market continued steady.

CHICAGO BOARD.
(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)
Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.
May..... 1.06 1.11 1.06 1.11
Sept..... 1.01 1.02 1.01 1.02
Corn—Open. High. Low. Close.
May..... .65 1.06 1.05 1.06
Sept..... .66 1.07 1.06 1.07
Oats—Open. High. Low. Close.
May..... .46 1.47 1.46 1.47
Sept..... .47 1.48 1.47 1.48
Rye—Open. High. Low. Close.
May..... .22 1.22 1.22 1.22
Sept..... .22 1.22 1.22 1.22

THE GRAIN MARKET.
C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, received the following from their Chicago correspondent: "Wheat—The wheat market was very firm and prices advanced during the morning about 1 cent a bushel. There seemed to be very little wheat on the market. Liverpool was higher and reported decidedly less pressure to sell Argentine and Australian wheat. North-west receipts were not so large and there were reports from the West that a prominent house which has been bullish on the markets was operating on the bull side. Statement of Price Current was construed a little bullish. The fact that the distribution of wheat keeps so large is, however, the most important factor in the situation.

Corn—The market was quiet and firmer. There seemed to be a fair amount of stuff wanted and not very much for sale. The market rather easily advanced and the offerings on the rise were well taken.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—Following are the opening, high, low and fast sales of the principal active stocks today:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Fast
Alfa-Chalmers pf.	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
Amalgamated.....	74 1/2	75 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
Am Ag Chemical.....	43	43 1/2	43	43 1/2
Am Beet Sugar.....	35 1/2	36 1/2	35 1/2	35 3/4
Am Beet Sugar pf.....	93 1/2	93 3/4	93 1/2	93 3/4
Am Can.....	11	11 1/2	11	11 1/2
Am Can pf.....	74 1/2	75 1/2	74 1/2	75 1/2
Am Car & Found.....	59 1/2	60	59 1/2	59 3/4
Am C & F pf.....	117 1/2	118 1/2	117 1/2	118 1/2
Am Cotton Oil.....	60	60 1/2	59 1/2	60 1/2
Am Hide & L. pf.....	35 1/2	36 1/2	34 1/2	35 1/2
Am Ice.....	21 1/2	21 3/4	21 1/2	21 3/4
Am Lined Oil.....	14	14 1/2	13 1/2	14 1/2
Am Locomotive.....	48	49	48	48 1/2
Am Malt.....	6	6 1/2	6	6 1/2
Am Malt pf.....	37	37 1/2	37	37 1/2
Am Smelt & Rm.....	80 1/2	81 1/2	79 1/2	80 1/2
Am S. & R. pf.....	107 1/2	107 3/4	107 1/2	107 3/4
Am Smelt Sec B.....	88 1/2	89 1/2	88 1/2	88 3/4
Am Steel Ex new.....	57 1/2	58 1/2	56 1/2	57 1/2
Am Sugar.....	122 1/2	122 3/4	121 1/2	122 1/2
Am Tel. & Tel.....	136	136 1/2	135 1/2	136 1/2
Am Woolen.....	32 1/2	33 1/2	32 1/2	33 1/2
Am Woolen pf.....	100	100 1/2	100	100 1/2
Anaconda.....	49 1/2	49 3/4	48 1/2	49 1/2
Atchafalaya.....	114 1/2	115 1/2	113 1/2	114 1/2
Atchafalaya pf.....	103 1/2	103 3/4	103 1/2	103 3/4
At Coast Line.....	126 1/2	127 1/2	126 1/2	127 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio.....	111 1/2	111 3/4	110 1/2	111 1/2
Brooklyn Rap Tr.....	71 1/2	72 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Brooklyn Un Gas.....	149	149 1/2	149	149 1/2
Brunswick D&C Co.....	12 1/2	12 3/4	12 1/2	12 3/4
Canadian Pacific.....	180	179 1/2	179 1/2	180
Central Leather.....	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
Central Leather pf.....	106 1/2	106 3/4	106 1/2	106 3/4
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	81 1/2	82 1/2	81 1/2	81 3/4
Chicago & Alton.....	55 1/2	55 3/4	55 1/2	55 3/4
Chi Gt West (n).....	29 1/2	30 1/2	29 1/2	29 3/4
Chi Gt West pf (n).....	53 1/2	54 1/2	53 1/2	53 3/4
Chi N T pf (n).....	94	94 1/2	94	94 1/2
Col & So. Ind.....	78	78 1/2	77 1/2	78 1/2
Col Fuel & Iron.....	35 1/2	36 1/2	35 1/2	35 3/4
Col Southern.....	57 1/2	57 3/4	57 1/2	57 3/4
Col Southern 1st pf.....	80 1/2	80 3/4	80 1/2	80 3/4
Con Gas.....	143 1/2	144 1/2	143 1/2	144 1/2
Corn Products.....	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/2	18 3/4
Corn Products pf.....	82	82 1/2	82	82 1/2
Dal & Hudson.....	173	173 1/2	172 1/2	173 1/2
Den & Rio Grande.....	38 1/2	38 3/4	38 1/2	38 3/4
Elgin.....	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 3/4
Elgin 1st pf.....	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
Elgin 2nd pf.....	35 1/2	35 3/4	35 1/2	35 3/4
Fed M & S Co pf.....	81	81 1/2	81	81 1/2
General Electric.....	151 1/2	151 3/4	150 1/2	151 1/2
Genl Electric pf.....	135 1/2	135 3/4	135 1/2	135 3/4
Genl Electric 1st pf.....	69 1/2	69 3/4	69 1/2	69 3/4
Havana Electric.....	95 1/2	95 3/4	95 1/2	95 3/4
Havana Electric pf.....	94 1/2	94 3/4	94 1/2	94 3/4
Hocking Coal.....	16 1/2	16 3/4	16 1/2	16 3/4
Hocking Val rets.....	104	104 1/2	104	104 1/2
Illinois Central.....	141 1/2	141 3/4	141 1/2	141 3/4
Inter-Mt.....	19 1/2	19 3/4	19 1/2	19 3/4
Inter-Mt pf.....	49 1/2	49 3/4	49 1/2	49 3/4
Int Harvester.....	85 1/2	85 3/4	85 1/2	85 3/4
Int Mer Marine pf.....	19 1/2	19 3/4	19 1/2	19 3/4
Int Paper pf.....	54 1/2	54 3/4	54 1/2	54 3/4
Int Pump.....	47 1/2	47 3/4	47 1/2	47 3/4
Int Pump pf.....	84 1/2	84 3/4	84 1/2	84 3/4
Iowa Central.....	21 1/2	21 3/4	21 1/2	21 3/4
Iowa Central pf.....	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
Kansas City.....	38 1/2	38 3/4	38 1/2	38 3/4
Kansas City 1st pf.....	68 1/2	68 3/4	68 1/2	68 3/4
Kansas & Texas.....	41 1/2	41 3/4	41 1/2	41 3/4
Laclede Gas.....	101 1/2	101 3/4	101 1/2	101 3/4
Lake Erie & West.....	22 1/2	22 3/4	22 1/2	22 3/4
Louis & Nash.....	145 1/2	145 3/4	145 1/2	145 3/4
Mackay pf.....	76 1/2	76 3/4	76 1/2	76 3/4
Met St Ry.....	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/2	17 3/4
Minn & St Louis.....	42 1/2	42 3/4	42 1/2	42 3/4
Mt P & St Louis.....	134 1/2	134 3/4	134 1/2	134 3/4
Mt P & St Louis pf.....	151 1/2	151 3/4	151 1/2	151 3/4
National Pacific.....	69 1/2	69 3/4	69 1/2	69 3/4
National Enameling.....	22 1/2	22 3/4	22 1/2	22 3/4
Nat Bleach Co.....	110 1/2	110 3/4	110 1/2	110 3/4
Nat Bleach Co pf.....	123 1/2	123 3/4	123 1/2	123 3/4
Nat Lead.....	78 1/2	78 3/4	78 1/2	78 3/4
N. R. of Mex 2d pf.....	27 1/2	27 3/4	27 1/2	27 3/4
N. Y. Air Brake.....	75 1/2	75 3/4	75 1/2	75 3/4
N. Y. Central.....	119 1/2	119 3/4	119 1/2	119 3/4
N. Y. N. H. & H.....	158 1/2	158 3/4	157 1/2	158 1/2
Norfolk & Western.....	102 1/2	102 3/4	102 1/2	102 3/4
Norfolk & Western pf.....	78 1/2	78 3/4	78 1/2	78 3/4
Northern Pac.....	136 1/2	136 3/4	136 1/2	136 3/4
Northern Pac pf.....	155 1/2	155 3/4	155 1/2	155 3/4
Ontario & Western.....	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
Pacific Mail.....	29 1/2	29 3/4	29 1/2	29 3/4
Pac T & T.....	36 1/2	36 3/4	36 1/2	36 3/4
Pennsylvania.....	132 1/2	132 3/4	132 1/2	132 3/4
People's Gas.....	108 1/2	108 3/4	108 1/2	108 3/4
Philadelphia Co.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/2	98 3/4
Pittsburgh Coal.....	20 1/2	20 3/4	20 1/2	20 3/4
Pitts Coal pf.....	70 1/2	70 3/4	70 1/2	70 3/4
Pitts C & S L.....	96 1/2	96 3/4	96 1/2	96 3/4
Porto Rico Sugar.....	81 1/2	81 3/4	81 1/2	81 3/4
Pressed Steel Car.....	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
Quicksilver Min.....	3 1/2	3 3/4	3 1/2	3 3/4
Reading.....	169 1/2	169 3/4	169 1/2	169 3/4
Reading 2d pf.....	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
Republic Steel.....	37 1/2	37 3/4	37 1/2	37 3/4
Republic Steel pf.....	100 1/2	100 3/4	100 1/2	100 3/4
Rock Island.....	45 1/2	45 3/4	45 1/2	45 3/4
R. I. & W. pf.....	69 1/2	69 3/4	69 1/2	69 3/4
Ry Steel Spring.....	37 1/2	37 3/4	37 1/2	37 3/4
S. C. & S. L. pf.....	75 1/2	75 3/4	75 1/2	75 3/4
Southern Pacific.....	124 1/2	124 3/4	124 1/2	124 3/4
Southern Pacific pf.....	27 1/2	27 3/4	27 1/2	27 3/4
Southern Ry.....	63 1/2	63 3/4	63 1/2	63 3/4
St. L. & F. 2d pf.....	48 1/2	48 3/4	48 1/2	48 3/4
St. L. & F. W. pf.....	27 1/2	27 3/4	27 1/2	27 3/4
St. Louis & S. W. pf.....	72 1/2	72 3/4	72 1/2	72 3/4
St. Paul.....	144 1/2	144 3/4	143 1/2	144 1/2
Tennessee Copper.....	32 1/2	32 3/4	32 1/2	32 3/4
Texas Pacific.....	29 1/2	29 3/4	29 1/2	29 3/4
Third Ave.....	11 1/2	11 3/4	11 1/2	11 3/4
Toledo Ry & Light.....	11 1/2	11 3/4	11 1/2	11 3/4
U. S. L. & W. pf.....	43 1/2	43 3/4	43 1/2	43 3/4
U. S. L. & W. pf.....	64 1/2	64 3/4	64 1/2	64 3/4
Union Bag & Paper.....	70 1/2	70 3/4	70 1/2	70 3/4
Union Pacific.....	182 1/2	182 3/4	182 1/2	182 3/4
U. P. pf.....	98 1/2	98 3/4	98 1/2	98 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	63 1/2	63 3/4	63 1/2	63 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	24 1/2	24 3/4	24 1/2	24 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	78 1/2	78 3/4	78 1/2	78 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	73 1/2	73 3/4	73 1/2	73 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	74 1/2	74 3/4	74 1/2	74 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	39 1/2	39 3/4	39 1/2	39 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	110 1/2	110 3/4	110 1/2	110 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	78 1/2	78 3/4	78 1/2	78 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	119 1/2	119 3/4	119 1/2	119 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	50 1/2	50 3/4	50 1/2	50 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	20 1/2	20 3/4	20 1/2	20 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	44 1/2	44 3/4	44 1/2	44 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	165 1/2	165 3/4	165 1/2	165 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	47 1/2	47 3/4	47 1/2	47 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	71 1/2	71 3/4	71 1/2	71 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	68 1/2	68 3/4	68 1/2	68 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	50 1/2	50 3/4	50 1/2	50 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	9 1/2	9 3/4	9 1/2	9 3/4
U. S. Inv Co pf.....	6 1/2	6 3/4	6 1/2	6 3/4

BOSTON CURB

Stocks. High. Low. Last.

Bohemian	16	11 1/4
Boston Fly	3 1/2	3 1/4
Bowditch	3 1/2	3 1/4
Cactus	5 1/2	5 1/4
Calaveras	5 1/2	5 1/4
Champion	3 1/2	3 1/4
Chief	2 1/2	2 1/4
Chino	13	12 1/4
Cobalt Central	20 1/2	20 1/4
Columbia	21 1/2	21 1/4
Cortez	2 1/2	2 1/4
Corbin	10 1/2	10 1/4
Crown Reserve	3 1/2	3 1/4
Davis Daily	3 1/2	3 1/4
Dominion Syndicate	10 1/2	10 1/4
Eagle & Blue Bell	70 1/2	70 1/4
Eclipse, new stock	20 1/2	18 1/4
Ely Central	1 1/2	1 1/4
First Nat Copper	5 1/2	5 1/4
Geyer	5 1/2	5 1/4
Goldfield Consol	7 1/2	7 1/4
Granite	3 1/2	3 1/4
La Rose	4 1/2	4 1/4
Live Oak	20 1/2	19 1/4
McKinley	66 1/2	66 1/4
Majestic	0 3/4	0 1/2
Mississ Coal	1 1/2	1 1/4
Monarch of Iowa	0 6/8	0 1/2
Nevada Utah	1 1/2	1 1/4
Ohio Copper	4 1/2	4 1/4
Oneco	7 1/2	7 1/4
Rippen	5 1/2	5 1/4
Rawhide Coal	1 1/2	1 1/4
Rawhide Mining	24 1/2	24 1/4
Revere	3 1/2	3 1/4
Rhode Island Coal	10 1/2	10 1/4
Seneca	0 1/2	0 1/4
Shenandoah	1 1/2	1 1/4
Superior Globe	1 1/2	1 1/4
Union	5 1/2	5 1/4
Willett	5 1/2	5 1/4
Yuma	14 1/2	14 1/4

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HELP WANTED—FEMA

WAITRESS—Competent waitress and chambermaid wanted for family of two and child in the country. Mrs. G. G. LONDS, Fishers Island, N. Y. 14

TER: neat appearance. Apply HEAD-
TER, 1501 Beacon st., Brooklyn. 16

MAST DRAPERS, makers, skirt drap-
ers also first-class fitters on waists and
s. MME. ELISE, 330 Newbury st.
on. 16

E EMPLOY all kinds of reliable help,
e and colored. MARY RATES WEBB,
W. Saratoga st., Baltimore, Md. 16

DRINKING HOUSEKEEPER desired, with
reference and capability. DICKEN-
S EMPLOYMENT. 16

DRINKING HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged, wanted for family of two; slight weight and good home offered. Call Valcutt a/c. L. H. GOLDBERG, morning before 11. 15

YOUNG GIRL wanted to make herself really useful in ladies' waist and underwear business. Mrs. B. P. SCULLY, 2524 W. 14th ave., Chicago. 14

YOUNG GIRL wanted to work as moth-

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE
CONTRACTOR—Position wanted in about office, western country; best references furnished. **W. J. HARRIS**, 1401 E. 1st St., St. Paul, Minn.
WANTED—A position in a business or office, where I can be of service. **W. J. HARRIS**, 1401 E. 1st St., St. Paul, Minn.
VERTISING MANAGER—Experienced in advertising and business management. **W. J. HARRIS**, 1401 E. 1st St., St. Paul, Minn.

man water position in Chicago as advertising man or mail order manager; successful organizer and handler of large group writer; expert knowledge of preparation of booklets, show cards and commercial art work, cover designs, halfpines, cuts and color work; some knowledge of street car advertising and laying out buying catalogs and printing; wide acquaintance in Chicago; highest recommendation. Address J. M. D., Monitor Office, Vestra Bldg., Chicago. 14

Y TRADE—Young man desires occu-
pation where he can advance himself and
business; no experience, but good
education. R. THOMSON, 310 W. 45th
New York city. 16

ARCHITECT—Letter-carrier working ev-
ery wishes employment in small Chi-
cago architect's office loop district pre-
ferred. L. H. ARNOLD, collection depart-
ment, Chicago P. O., Ill. 17

Y TRADE—Bright, energetic boy, 15
years of age, wishes to learn a good trade.

references. O. W. C., 258 Shirley st.
Brook, Mass. 11

TIST—High-class magazine and
paper illustrator and designer wants
day employment with periodical mag-
azine or advertiser in Chicago. A. CON-
PEXTON, Tree Studio bldg., Ohio
State sts., Chicago, Ill. 11

ASISTANT SUPERINTENDENT of
chief foreman of manufacturing plant
and expert mechanic of 20 years' experi-
ence. A broad-gauge man possessing expec-

ability and thoroughly familiar with most approved processes for the manufacture of interchangeable work of all types, experienced in the design, construction and use of dies, jigs and fixtures. Chicago the West preferred; minimum salary \$4.00. A. H. N., Monitor Office, Orchestra Chicago. 11

SAXTON, general dealer, wanted
best of references. J. RODERQUE,
Hampden st., Boston. 12

SISTANT-Ambitious man, 27, mar-
ried; desirable situation as general manager's
office; understands bookkeeping, selling
merchandise, insurance; employed city ref-
erences; bound. A. I. SCHWITZER, 68
E. ave., New York City. 11

TENDANT OR COMPANION desired
with elderly gentleman; experience
in clean habits; best of references.
MRS. A. ABBOTT, 20 Essex st. Mel.

STUDENT — Four years' experience position as companion to gentlemen in care at home; best of references. **ERICK A. LUBEN**, 163 Turner st., Rapids, Mich. 14

DOMESTIC SALESMAN — College 4 years' experience steam and gas-machines; best references; desires position south or west. **W. ELLIOTT**, P. O. Box 15, Harrington, Me. 15

Cook-Wanted; position as auditor;
ing preferred; 20 years' experience;
references furnished. FREDERICK
TOMPSON, P. O. box 288, Erie, Pa. 11

Baker-Wanted; position as cook or
general houseworker. ROBERT
FON, 404 W. Saratoga st., Baltimore.
1c

Dishwasher-Thoroughly competent
keeper and general office man, age 38,
as position; best of references; no ob-
stacles to location. CHAS. S. REIN-

227 Bouquet St., Pittsburg, Pa. 11
BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MAN of 3
 experience, age 26, desires position
 good future; prefer the West or
 e. West. **H. H. NEUFELD**, 115A
 St., Hutchinson, Kan. 11
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER—Young
 33 years old, married, employed, seven
 experience stenographer, time-keeper,
 eeper, assistant bookkeeper, desires
 on Colorado. **THOS. B. HALE**, care
 Bird Mills, Ouray, Col. 11

BOOKKEEPER—Assistant or other reliable position desired; accurate; references. K. J. JENSEN, 213 West 127th st., York. 11

BOOKKEEPER, with A1 references and 6 years' experience in the bank-business, desires position. WALTER C. S. 94 Lincoln st., Winthrop. 15

BOOKKEEPER, cashier or correspondent position; 15 years' experience as clerk for one corporation; references. ARNOLD A. CHASE, 317 Geneva ave., York. 11

TELETYPE wants work, day or con-
Phone Main 9538, Los Angeles, Cal. 10
MIDE PRINTER, with good ex-
perience, desires position; also some ex-
perience as Field winder. JOSEPH ARM-
STRONG, 30 Russell road, W. Somerville, 16
WINDING SUPERINTENDENT, with 12
years experience, seeks position; will pro-
vide results if given an opportunity to
demonstrate ability. LEON J. FOSS, rooms
12, 1 Madison ave., New York City. 12

FISHER—Gold and silver burnisher. Dependable and honest. 24 years' experience. designation as such or position as gentleman in house, store or hotel near ; any kind of work. **PETER C. WAY**, 25 Carver st., Boston. 12

LER OR VALET—Position wanted. English servant; single; age 34; good references as to character and abilities. **RICHARDSON**, 41 Hillaide ave., Rox. Mass. 12

ER, steady, references, med. up-
board, permanent positions. Address
S. A. GLADWIN, room 814, 902 Cha-
New Haven, Conn. 14

ER OR ASSISTANT of china and
furnishings desires position; 12 years'
ence; best of references. L. T.
ER, Bedford, Mass. 14

PENTER—Married man, temperate,
the carpenter, painter, desires situa-
J. A. ROBERTS, 333 W. 27th st.,
York. 11

PENTERS, experienced, desire posi-
will go out of town. CONCORD
AGENCY, Concord, N. H. 12

PENTER desires employment as fin-
20 years' experience. GEORGE D.
NED, 3311 17th st., San Francisco. 15

PEKAKER-Colored couple would like
a with some good family or caretak-
reference can be had if needed.
L. C. OSBORNE, 77 Sussex ave.,
N. J. 19

ETAKER—Man and wife, past mid-
dle, desire positions as caretakers for
persons or couple; home in St.
preferred. W. J. MORRISON, 1331
ave., St. Louis, Mo. 12

ETAKERS, man and wife, desire posi-
tional residential place; well referenced.
TO MRS. S. A. GLADWIN, Room 614,
Appl st., New Haven, Conn. 14

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free by The Christian Science Monitor and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

If All
Those
Who
Apply

through these columns for positions or for employees could be supplied without delay, it might simplify the labor problem, both for employer and for employee. The PUBLICATION of these advertisements however, is but the first step toward adjusting the balance.

Are You Helping

these seekers
to find and to
take the
next step?
Why not read
these columns
carefully each
day and see
whether you
can help supply
the needs
enumerated
therein?

The Christian
Science Monitor

Falmouth and St. Paul
Streets, Boston, Mass.

Additional Want Advs. on
Next Page

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAL

TRIMMER, card writer and ad position with a good firm; can keep references. WILLIAM H. CONCORD, N.Y. 14
CHOPPERS desire situations; anywhere. CONCORD EMP. Agency, N.Y. 14
—Colored man would like work as evenings. C.W. HUGHES, 35 St. Dorchester, Mass. 12
—BY Day-Honest, sober, charming man wants work, any kind, day or week; good references. F.R. HANSEN, Chicago, Ill. 12
—of any kind wanted by two men; hotel preferable; will go anywhere. References. JAMES W. 23 Hyde st., Danvers, Mass. 14
—Very handy man would like to work for room and board in restaurant; employer that would furnish English grammar lessons preferred. MCMAN MacPHERSON, 34 Tremont, Col. 10
—MAN, 25, would like employment in hotel; best of references; would like kitchen or storeroom. E.E. EXLEY, 45 Lincoln st., Hudson, Mass. 9
—MAN, Italian, several years in classical education; speaks Italian, French, English, Spanish, Southern European dialects, desires position. J. JACKSON, 58 Elm St., Fall River, Mass. 10
—MAN, sober, honest, wishes position anything. HARRON, 207 West 14th St., New York City. 10
—MAN, married (26), wants position anything where energy and good character can be experienced. E. MORRIS, Box 50, Hathorne, N.J. 16
POSITIONS WANTED-FEMALE
—JENNIE-Refined English woman wishes appointment as private stenographer or secretary ability. L. LOCKE, 21 Michigan ave., South Boston, Mass. 15
—FINE young lady desires position, English city, experience in office, music, French, good needlewoman, etc. Miss B. CHEEVERS, 123 East 10th St., New York City. 11
—WANT BOOKKEEPER-Would like as assistant bookkeeper or cash-hand several cities; experience. LEE, 818 St. Charles st., New Orleans, La. 10
—BOOKKEEPER-Young lady would like as assistant bookkeeper in Portland. JOSIE HANSEN, Gorham, Me. 11
—Capable, experienced stenographer woman desires position as experienced with children; willing generally to relocate. ALTER, Wakefield, Mass. 12
—DAMANT-Experienced young colored attendant few hours daily also sewing and ironing. Address Metropolitan bldg., New York. 14
—DAMANT-Woman of refinement desires employment as stenographer or as attendant; price reasonable. MISS H. ELLSWORTH, 5447 S. Chicago, Ill. 14
—DAMANT-Wanted position as usendant to adult or child; experienced German. AMY C. SCHILL, 604 St. New York City. 14
—DAMANT or housekeeper's position in middle-aged American woman; capable, reliable, trustworthy. MOORE, 679 Tremont st., Boston, Mass. 15
—MAN furnishes select cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, houseworkers. ROBERT BAILEY, Annapolis, Md. 16
—DAMANT-Refined woman desires position as bookkeeper, or will office in or near Philadelphia. RICKABAUGH, King road, N.J. 10
—DAMANT-SALESWOMAN-Capable with executive ability and good business sense; desires position as clerk or saleswoman. I. E. COOKE, St. Boston, Mass. 14
—DAMANT-Young woman desires writing or light bookkeeping work. Would go out cashiering a day. HATTIE GRANT, 100 South Boston, Mass. 12
—DAMANT-Expert also stenographer permanent position where faithful worker. Good references, 15 years experience. Miss M. E. 135 E. 34th st., Manhattan, N.Y. 12
—DAMANT-Durable entry bookkeeper/grapher, thoroughly competent and desirable position. First class reference experience. Address R. 4, 2093 Clinton bldg., New York. 12
—DAMANT-Lady competent and desirable wages permanent position; salary; can furnish best of references. Address L. C. 6203 Washington, Chicago, Ill. 12
—DAMANT-With knowledge of stenographic desirous position; 7 years' experience. High st., Somersworth, N.H. 14
—DAMANT-Business woman desires business and salary. A. M. SPENGLER, 1073 N. 54th st., W. Phila. Pa. 15
—DAMANT-Employment as book-keeper or to take charge of an office and conducting a dress reform. E. 202, Monitor Office. 15
—DAMANT-For general office work 15 years' experience; can give ref. Bell phone South 2340. 16
—DAMANT-Young woman. 10 perience in bookkeeping and gen-eral work, waiting on tables, references. L. M. MILLER, 343 Mill Pittsburg, Pa. 16
LESS SECRETARY-Stenographer, capable young woman, holding responsible position over five years; O. 4, 2093 Metropolitan bldg., N.Y. 12
—BAKER-Position as caretaker, or as housekeeper by a capable woman of refinement; refer-ences. Miss B. and family, Mass. 15
—BANKER-Young lady (21) desires pos-ition as cashier or clerk; best of references and references ability. Address Metropolitan bldg., New York. 12
—BERMUDA-Colored girl wouldlike as chambermaid or morning's maid or waitress. EDWARDS, 45 St., suite 1, Boston. 14
—CAPABLE POSITION-Refined, edu-cated extensively; had 2 1/2 years' expe-rience in retail store. General clerical. E. D. Mc., 1123 Washington, D.C. 10
—DAMANT-Work desired by a woman capable cataloging, press work, and alphabetic. L. 102, Monitor Office. 14
—DAMANT-Young lady student desires scholarly studies; no travel dur-ing vacation. MARION H. 3 Anatin st., Fenway, Boston. 15
—DAMANT-Position wanted by young experienced cable, clerical, check-order business; would accommo-date short hours and mail herself useful; references. ETNA WAR-REN, W. Rutland sq., Boston. 15
—Young lady mail and file clerk position with relative success re-furnished. BERTHA W. PROUT, furnished st., Hyde Park, Mass. 14
—STORE, store demonstrator or experienced saleswoman; references; would leave Boston. JENNIE M. BAKER, 174 Elm st., Cambridge, Mass. 14
—NUN-Single woman would care person or act as mother's aid small family and good home. 155 Massachusetts ave., suite 10
Want Advs. on Next Page

All
those
who
apply
through these
columns for
positions or for
employees
could be
supplied with-
out delay, it
might simplify
the labor
problem, both
for employer
and for
employee. The
PUBLICATION
of these
advertisements,
however, is
but the first
step toward
adjusting the
balance.

Do You
"Helping"
these seekers
to find and to
take the
next step?
Why not read
these columns
carefully each
day and see
whether you
can help supply
the needs
enumerated
herein?

**Christian
Finance Monitor**
South and St. Paul
Apts., Boston, Mass.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

An important transaction in the South End of the city proper has just been made whereby the interest in the Hotel Plaza at 417 to 427 Columbus avenue, junction of Holyoke street, owned by the Tulane University of Louisiana, is transferred to the Hotel Plaza Company. The Plaza is an attractive five-story brick and stone structure and it occupies 11,330 square feet of land, taxed on \$98,000. The total valuation is \$220,000. The final papers in the deal have been recorded at the Suffolk registry of deeds.

Simon Kaplan has purchased a couple of parcels in Worcester street, South End, one a vacant lot containing 15,183 square feet of land, taxed on \$23,800, and the other the property numbered 83, consisting of a four-story and basement brick house and 2002 square feet of land, the whole rated by assessors as worth \$9000. The grantor in the first instance was George C. Peterson and in the latter sale Mr. Kaplan purchases from Arthur S. Tucker, the title coming through the Jennie W. Wallace estate.

Henry W. Savage reports the sale for Mrs. Sophia Baker of the house owned and occupied by her for many years, located at 146 West Canton street, South End, containing 10 rooms, assessed for \$5100. There are 1900 feet of land, assessed on \$2900, making a total assessment of \$8000. Peter Barsuglia was the purchaser.

SALE IN DEVONSHIRE STREET.

The sale of the property at 288 to 290 Devonshire street has been effected. The grantor was William H. Tucker and the buyer Herbert C. Birtwell. The purchase price is not stated, but it was much in excess of the total assessed value of \$55,500. There is a large four-story stone front structure, occupying about 2250 square feet of land, near the corner of Summer street. The lot is rated at \$40,000. Hughes & Holdsworth, Kimball building, were the brokers.

ANOTHER CHANGE ON BEACON HILL

Alice E. Wheatland has purchased from Francis H. Burr the large four-story and basement wall front brick house at 31 Chestnut street, Beacon Hill. The property is considered one of the finest old residences on the hill. It occupies 3166 square feet of land, and was a portion of the well known George F. Parkman estate that was left to the city of Boston, which has sold through J. Murray Howe. The new owner will thoroughly improve and occupy. The assessors value it at \$28,500, of which \$13,500 is on the 3166 square feet of land.

Louis Rosenstien has purchased from Bessie Kaplan the five-story brick house

numbered 111 to 113 Brighton street, near Poplar street, West End, having a total rating of \$23,000. The house has a large frontage and stands on 2400 square feet of land, taxed for \$6000.

ROXBURY-BROOKLINE.

A block of frame houses in Roxbury has been sold to Jacob Sandler. The location is at 38 Bowers street and 4 to 5 Comins terrace. Dina Levenson was the buyer. The buildings occupy 7854 square feet of land, rated at \$1300, while the total assessment is \$12,600.

Through the office of J. D. Bruce the frame house with 3440 square feet of land at 17 Montrose street, near the Roxbury high school, has been sold by Arthur I. Fiske to Clinton F. Smith, for occupancy. Of the total rating of \$5500 \$1500 is on the lot.

Frank A. Russell has sold for Edward S. Beach of New York the brick dwelling and 2410 square feet of land numbered 4 Regent circle, Brookline. The purchaser was Mrs. Carol Hoyt Powers, wife of Leland T. Powers, who buys for occupancy. The total rating is \$12,000, but the price paid was above that sum, it is said.

CHELSEA LAND FOR GOVERNMENT.

More property in Chelsea to be used by the United States government for additions to the marine hospital has been purchased and the final papers recorded at the Suffolk registry of deeds.

The deed was given by Susan L. Pearce, and the location on Bellingham street. The sum paid was \$2850. A short time ago several other parcels in the immediate vicinity were also conveyed to the government.

HYDE PARK WATER DECISION TONIGHT

HYDE PARK, Mass., Twenty years' negotiations with the Hyde Park Water Company come to an end this evening at a special town meeting in Waverly hall, when it is expected the voters will ratify the agreement between counsel for the town and the company for the sale of the plant to the town.

The meeting will vote on the report of the committee appointed to fix the price of the sale and on the question of bonding to pay for the plant. The company was incorporated in 1844, and has been a success. Robert Bleakie, its first president, and David Perkins, one of the first directors, are still officials of the company. The town voted to purchase two years ago. The stockholders recently voted unanimously to sell.

FEDERAL CHEMIST TELLS OF CROPS

Dr. Wiley Says the Meat Boycott Is Not the Proper Way to Fight High Prices—Predicts Greater Supply.

Dr. Harvey N. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture, speaking before the Technology Society of Arts in Huntington hall Wednesday evening on "Chemistry and the Public Welfare" said that the present meat boycott is not the proper way to lower the present high scale of prices.

Dr. Wiley proposed as a remedy increased production and told what chemistry is doing to bring this about. He said in part: "Chemistry will show the farmers of New England that it is perfectly possible to double their crops if they know how to use the proper means, and in a century from now, when the country has a population of three hundred millions, chemistry will provide for their sustenance without tilling any more of the soil than is now under cultivation."

"In regard to the \$17,000,000 deficit which the postal department has to bear, I will make one hint. Let the newspapers and magazines carry no advertising of a misleading character and charge the rest first class letter rates. In a short time the coffers of the treasury of the nation would be filled to overflowing."

COMET WILL TROUBLE EARTH

The statement of Prof. Edwin Booth of the University of California that the tail of Halley's comet will affect the earth injuriously as it sweeps by is denied by Prof. W. H. Pickering, professor of astronomy at the Harvard observatory. During the last century the earth passed through the tails of three comets without harm, he added.

Prof. T. W. Richards and H. A. Torrey of the chemistry department at Harvard also took exception to Professor Booth's statement.

PETITION FOR TAYLOR MEMORIAL.

Grand Army men in this state are signing a petition to be sent to the Legislature asking for the erection of a memorial in Massachusetts in honor of Charles A. Taylor, the first soldier to fall in the civil war. The members of the Women's Relief Corps are also endeavoring to have a memorial built. He was a member of the sixth Massachusetts regiment.

BOSTON INVESTMENT ESTATE FOR FARM EXCHANGE

Four-story brick block, with 2 stores and 9 modern suites; rental \$280 per month; price \$30,000; assessed value \$13,000; annual income \$2000. 1/2. Excellent location where real estate is sure to increase in value. Will exchange for a good New England up-to-date farm.

CHAS. G. WOODBRIDGE, 41 Central ave., Lynn, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND FARM

44 miles from Boston; 77 acres; good, heavy soil, suitable for corn or potatoes; excellent grass land; 200 apple trees, small fruits, good wells; large rock maple around the house; buildings set up high; disjunct, commanding, 2-story house, 2-story ell, 12 rooms, well heated, large carriage house, barn 100x20 feet, large hen house; some tools; telephone. Further details by letter. Price \$4500; will take \$1500 mortgage, 5 years, any reasonable terms. Want to sell and buy smaller farm nearer Boston. Call or write at any time. Address D507, Monitor Office.

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS

Los Angeles Municipal Harbor Now building; cost \$10,000,000; investments increasing 25 to 100 per cent per year in value; all kinds of terms if desired. Write call GEORGE W. VAN SYCKLE, 416 Union Trust bldg., Los Angeles.

FINANCIAL

"SMALL INVESTORS—Invest in a stock that will earn 10% dividend and better; that will not be manipulated; in a corporation whose goods have exclusive merit; worn by many who cannot wear any other make, and sold and exported where others cannot be carried; in a stock which few blocks share offered at \$10 per share in blocks to suit. GIFFORD FISCAL AGENCY, 2 Park st., Boston, Mass.

ATTENTION—Investigate this grand opening for a man with capital to put up building, market publication, laundry power; 2000 pounds pressure in 1 minute; this is especially adapted for automobiles, heating, and laundry; complete and reliable. WM. C. JONES, 62 St. James st., Roxbury, Mass.

Rare Chance Fine Opening

Growing table water business, established by owner of well-known springs (S.S.), water of the highest quality, five interest. W. F. HALLETT, Bridgeport, Conn.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE CHEAP—2 upright steam engines, 10 h.p., (two five connected) and 3 h.p. Used up to full run, in excellent condition. N. E. WILSON, 25 Thomas st., West Haven, Conn.

FOR SALE—The finest 52-foot motor boat, 10 h.p., motor, HOLLIS BURGESS YACHT AGENCY, 15 Exchange st., Boston, Mass., Tel. Mar. 21.

TRAVEL

ETROPE AND THE PASSION PLAY. Small select party, first cabin, June 25 to Aug. 1, 1910. E. H. HUNTINGTON, 100 N. 7th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

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RATES—One insertion, 12 cents a line, three or more insertions, 10 cents a line. Telephone your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising. Advertisers may have answers sent care of New York Office, Suites 2092-2093, Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 510 Orchestra Bldg., 168 Michigan Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET

TO LET

SUITE 2, 81 Westland ave., 8 rooms, steam heated, and continuous hot water. C. TERNHILL, 147 Congress st., Boston.

TO LET

TO LET—Two or three sunny unfurnished rooms, singly or en suite, within half minute of electric cars, Mass. ave.; suitable for small family for light house-keeping or for four girl students or clerks; terms moderate. For appointment address A 502, Monitor Office.

WOULD rent part of light shop on High st., with heat and elevator service. Address B 110, Monitor Office.

OFFICES TO LET

TO SUBLET—During the day, 2-room apartment on first floor; suitable for practice office; extra fine location; Back Bay location; terms moderate. D 302, Monitor Office.

PRACTITIONER'S office on Boylston at West for afternoons. Address E 501, Monitor Office.

HOUSES TO LET

FURNISHED HOUSE—New, 7 rooms; all modern conveniences; including electric pump. Lot \$2420. Two blocks from Central. Rent from April to October, \$800. Call or write. R. A. STAGG, Box 183, Noroton Heights, Conn.

MACHINERY

SAFES AND MACHINERY moved promptly by YOUNG, SMITH & HOPKINS, 571 Atlantic ave.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE—Seven-seater White Steamer in perfect condition; top, glass wind shield, covers extra tires, speedometer, Frezette tank. Price \$1800. A 90, Monitor Office.

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Contributions on Topics of Interest
by Subscribers are Solicited.

THE HOME FORUM

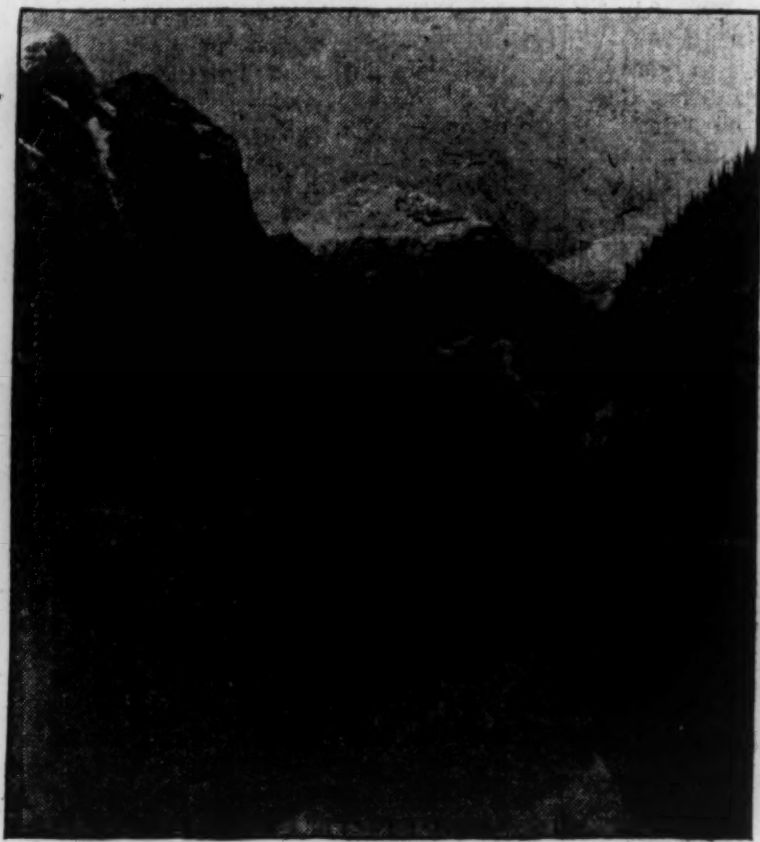
A Page of Interest to All
the Family

GEM OF THE CANADIAN ROCKIES

THIRTY-FOUR miles west of Banff, in Alberta, Canada, is Laggan, on the Canadian Pacific, the station for Lake Louise, perhaps the most beautiful place in the Canadian Rockies. Walter Dwight Wilcox, F. R. G. S., has written of the coloring of this glacier-walled lake as follows:

"I have seen 20 shades of green and several of blue in the waters of Lake Louise at one time. Sometimes in the evening, when the quantity of light is rapidly diminishing, and the lake lies calm or partly tremulous with dying ripples, marked vertically by the reflections of cliffs and trees, there is a light green in the shallowest water of the east shore, a more vivid color a little farther out, and then a succession of deeper shades merging one into another by imperceptible change, yet in irregular patches according to the depth of water, to the deep bluish green and the blue to the middle lake. The eye wanders from place to place and comes back a few moments later to where the brightest colors were, but no doubt, they are gone now and the mirror surface is dulled by a puff of air, while the sharp reflections have been replaced by purple shadows, or the obscure repetition of the red-brown cliffs above the water."

Lake Louise lies at an elevation of 5045 feet, and is shut in on every side by rocky, white heights, offering a picture of perfect peace. Mr. Edward Whymper has compared it to Lake Oeschinen in Switzerland, but has declared it "is more picturesque and has more magnificent environments." It is about 1½ miles long and half a mile broad, while its



LAKE LOUISE, ALBERTA, CAN.

depth is over 200 feet. Mt. Victoria, Lefroy and other peaks tower beyond. The rare, keen breath of the high places of earth surrounds all with hardly a more limpid purity than is seen in the clear waters of the lake itself.

Wireless Railroading

Says R. F. Guder, in February Putnam's: Doctor Millener has constructed for the Union Pacific a cab signal consisting of a brass box, in the front of which a glass disc shows a red electric bulb and a semaphore. Attached to the outside of the box is a gong. This signal box was so placed in the cab that the engineer could see the glass disc without moving from his position at the levers. When the current at the sending station was thrown on, the antennae on the roof of the cab caught the electric waves and the gong on the signal box clanged loud enough to attract the attention of the engineer. At the same moment the electric bulb blazed, and the semaphore assumed the "block" or "danger" position following the motion of the semaphore of the block-signal system. After the first experiments with this apparatus, Doctor Millener concentrated his energies upon the construction of a more perfect arrangement of the signal box, with the result that the improved signal requires no battery in order to operate it; and furthermore, it was made virtually "fool proof."

"Hinsects Free."

An American was traveling with a dog in an English railway carriage. The guard told him the dog could not go free.

A neighboring passenger said to the guard: "I have a tortoise; shall I pay on that?" The guard did not know, but went to inquire.

He returned with this information, "Cats is dogs, and rabbits is dogs, but tortoises is hinsects, and hinsects goes free!"

Patience, not passion, builds up the great heart.—Frederick Tennyson.

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF

It is continually being said that history repeats itself and it is interesting to note in what extraordinary ways this sometimes occurs. Not much over half a century ago, when the road coaches rumbled through the streets of London, enlivening the city with the cheery call of the coaching horn, the inns that lie dotted about the country drove a roaring trade. Gradually, however, the spanking teams of the "Rocket," and other celebrated coaches, gave place to the iron horse of the railway, and one by one these old-time hostleries closed their doors, or were little patronized save by those living in the immediate neighborhood. The welcome sound of

the coach, loaded with passengers and carrying his majesty's mail, was heard no more. The public gradually patronized the train and forgot the road. For many years, in fact, until quite recently, the greater portion of the inns—such as the "Anchor" at Liphook, where Nelson slept on his way to the fleet at Portsmouth—have done no business worth speaking of. Now, however, "times is changed," as the yokel puts it. History is repeating itself, for these self-same inns are again crowded. It is true that the teams of steaming horses no longer turn into the yard. The clank of the bucket or homely pail may still be heard, but its gallons of water no longer

quench the thirst of the piebald, gray or chestnut team; they are poured wholesale into the radiator of the motor car to cool its throbbing engine. History repeats itself! The innkeeper is again driving a roaring trade and his customers are as grateful as ever for the welcome shelter for the night for themselves and the motor on their way, may be, to Scotland.

The old road coaches made use of the best and most direct highways, and the motors do the same today. It is for this reason that the old roadside inns have again become popular. The preparations for a journey by coach in former days required considerable thought and care. The preparations for a journey by a modern motor car need to be made with equal care, for there is only a limited space for luggage. Here again history is repeating itself, for the curiously shaped boxes so frequently seen today strapped to the different parts of the motor car, are identical with those used in the coaching days of our grandfathers, round, oblong, square, all shapes, and about a foot high. There is an old house some 150 miles from London, whence the journey to London was formerly accomplished in several stages, and quite recently an old loft was being cleared out when a quantity of these quaint old boxes were brought to light, boxes that could be well used for motor travel today.

There are some who maintain that the automobile will give place to the aeroplane. That may be, but the inns will remain, and it would seem that their present era of prosperity is not likely to be short-lived.

HOUSES OF GLASS

WITHIN 10 years people in this country will be building houses of glass, which will excel in beauty and durability, and also low cost of maintenance, any type of structure of the present time. In other words, the American people, within 10 years, will be living in glass houses. They will therefore be unable to throw stones.

This was the interesting declaration made recently by Roger S. Pease, one of the oldest glassmakers in the United States, a man who has taken an active part in all the improvements that have set the glass world face to face with new conditions, and placed it in line for the greatest development in its long history. By glass houses Mr. Pease said he meant just what he said—foundations of concrete, which are now recognized as standard, the walls of wired glass and the floors of tile, covered with a light sheeting of wood. Such a building would prove practically indestructible, can be made of any set of colors desired, and requires no painting, no papering inside,

will be soundproof, moisture-proof and fireproof.

Mr. Pease has planned a house that will be composed of glass and is going to have it finished in some color that will make it attractive and such colors will be permanent.

The moment this idea is started, Mr. Pease declared, the people will be quick to see the value of the material. Its cheapness and reliability are understood. Glass, he said, is the most honest and most easily understood material in the world. It is not mysterious and people will not have to employ experts to see that the quality is right. The glass for the walls of houses need not be transparent, but dense, like slate or stone. It will, however, be hard and durable. The roofs can be of the same character of glass. It withstands heat and cold alike, and whatever patents may interfere with the cheapness of the material now are so nearly expired that it will be but a short time before these will be eliminated as a cost factor.—Pittsburg Gazette-Times.

A Quaker Meeting

An incident of his childhood, in which Old Butler, a favorite ox, figured, was once related by Mr. Whittier. Quaker meetings were sometimes held in the large kitchen at his father's house. One summer day on such an occasion this ox had the curiosity to put his head in at the open window and survey the assembly. While a sweet-voiced woman was speaking Old Butler paid strict attention, but when she sat down and there arose a loud-voiced brother, the ox withdrew his head from the window, lifted his tail in the air and went off bellowing. This bovine criticism was greatly enjoyed by the younger members of the meeting.—S. T. Pickard.

In the time of Henry VIII. a T-roomed London house rented for a dollar a year.

Jews Colonizing Turkey

The Jewish question is now facing the constitutional government in Turkey as it has never done before, writes a correspondent of the London Standard from Jerusalem. Thousands and tens of thousands of Jewish colonists are already settled on the fairest lands of Palestine. Helped by rich capitalists in Europe, they build comfortable homes and establish flourishing colonies.

Large portions of land round Lake Tiberias have been bought up from poor natives and converted into prosperous domains. The Plain of Sharon, between Jaffa and Lydda, is one vast garden, owned and tended by Jewish skill and labor. The Hauran, one of the most fertile wheat districts in the world, is being gradually sold to Jewish syndicates. The Ghor (Valley of the Jordan), which two years ago belonged to Abdul Hamid, who was in communication with Jewish capitalists for its sale when his dethronement took place, is now being bargained for, and will soon become Jewish property. To say that Jaffa and Jerusalem are Jewish towns is only saying the bare truth. Towns like Ramoth-Gilead, Bethlehem, Nazareth and Gaza, where a few years ago no Jew dared show his face, have now their Jewish quarters and synagogues. Zionism in Europe has, indeed, been working with a will.

"Auctioned Off"

Mr. Whittier's first recollection was of the auction sale of a farm in his neighborhood, and he was surprised to find the next morning that the farm had not been taken away by the purchaser, and a large hole left in its place!

Children's Department

Paris Toys

Among the toys which were sold in Paris this year was a box of jointed and dressed dolls. The collection bore the label: "Royal People." A smiling couple in Spanish peasant costume wheeled a baby carriage, containing a number of little dolls were marked "Alfonso." A boy doll in recruit uniform reading a love letter bore the title "Manuel." Two of the lot were of the mechanical class—Wilhelmine, in the uniform of a Dutch corporal drilling a prince consort, and a white bearded doll, marked "Edward," making a giant swing on a tiny bar. The toys were not for sale outside of Paris.—New York Tribune.

He Knew

"Can any little boy," asked the new teacher, "tell me the difference between a lake and an ocean?" "I can," replied Edward, whose wisdom had been learned from experience. "Lakes are much pleasanter to swallow when you fall in."—Exchange.

"We must not stop with what we hear or read, but must examine most strictly the opinions of our ancestors, that we may add what is lacking and correct what is false. We must, with all our strength, prefer reason to custom, and the opinions of the wise to the opinions of the ignorant, and we must not say, 'this has been laid down, this has been long believed, and therefore, it is to be held by.' Though the world be possessed by these causes of error, let us freely hear opinions contrary to established usage."

This is the utterance of Roger Bacon, and at the last he said: "It is on account of the ignorance of those with whom I have had to deal that I have not been able to accomplish more."

THE VEIL OF MATERIALITY

THE tabernacle which Moses set up in the wilderness as the children of Israel journeyed to the promised land was a type of that true worship of Spirit which enables humanity to realize the everpresence of God, and not only His everpresence but His omniscience and omnipotence. To gain the realization of God's oneness and allness is the goal of human experience and true worship of the infinite always tends in this direction.

The various rites and ceremonies of the Mosaic law were for the purpose of inspiring the people with the desire to worship the true God in spirit and in truth.

The tabernacle and the work of all those who ministered therein was symbolic of the great work that must be wrought in each individual consciousness. The tabernacle was placed within an enclosure called the court of the tabernacle. Into this court all were privileged to enter. The tabernacle was divided into two parts—the holy place and the holy of holies. Into the holy place the priests went continually and offered sacrifices for the people; but the holy of holies was closed to all except the high priest, and he was allowed to enter but "once every year, not without blood, which he offered for himself and for the errors of the people." The privilege granted the high priest was denied the priests and the common people. This resulted in or was the result of the belief that the priests were able to do for the people all that was required. Mortal man has always indulged the belief that others could do his work for him, and was satisfied to think it was being done. Even today many have hope of salvation because of the labors and sacrifices of others, regardless of the inspired word of the apostle, "Work out your own salvation."

Metaphysically regarded, the tabernacle would seem to represent three conditions of thought. The outer court is the mortal consciousness which believes in something better than itself. The holy of holies is spiritual being. The holy place is the intermediate condition through which all must pass if they would become perfect as the Father in heaven is perfect. It is that consciousness of being wherein man not only has a desire to know and worship God, but also becomes his own priest and physician, because he is gaining the understanding of Truth, and with that understanding is enabled to overcome sin and sickness, working out his own salvation instead of trusting in the personality of another. A veil separates one condition from the other and it is only as the veil is taken away that human progress becomes possible. So long as the veil remains it shuts out the true sense of existence.

The materialistic belief that all are not privileged to know God and His saving power prevents mortals from enjoying a full salvation just as the veil prevented the children of Israel from entering the holy place and the holy of holies. As a result of the teachings of Jesus and his demonstration of the power of Truth to heal all men physically as well as morally "the veil of the temple was rent in twain from top to bottom." The way into the holy of holies was revealed and all who will may enter. Christian Science takes away the veil of materiality, and true being, which is forever harmonious, comes to light. It is becoming apparent that one must do more than simply be honest and conscientious in his convictions. He must know the truth. Not simply believe it because some one told him it is the truth, but know it because he has discerned the underlying principle of all true being and has perceived what he knows by demonstration.

Mortal man finds it a difficult task to accept the testimony of the material senses and he is in the main satisfied to do so. He believes there is something beyond the material but he also believes the time is not yet when he should know what that something is. A material sense of existence is to him the present reality of being. He does not understand that material sense is the veil which hides the real. He tries to believe in the reality of both the material and the spiritual, but the result has been that in practice he is a materialist, while in theory he claims a degree of spiritual perception which he confidently expects will avail him much in the future. From the material sense of things emanates all the discord and suffering of earth. If the Science of Jesus' teachings and demonstrations were understood, it would be seen that when the veil of materiality is taken away the true sense of God and

The Song of Songs

(Song of Solomon, ii, 8.)

How sweetly doth He show His face,
How gently speak and say
Rise up, my love, my fair one, rise
And come away.
Past is the winter and the cold,
The rain is over and gone,
The flowers appear upon the earth,
Now glows the sun.

The singing of the birds is come,
All listening now we stand,
The turtle dove's low note is heard,
Through all the land;
The fig-tree buds, the tender vines
Are fragrant as the day,
Arise, my love, my beautiful,
And come away.

Mine my Beloved is, I His,
Among the lilies He
Feedeth until the morning breaks
And shadows flee.

If we live truly we shall see truly.
It is as easy for the strong man to be
strong as for the weak to be weak.—Emerson.

Little Rug-Makers

In describing Persian industries, Mrs. Hume-Griffin, in "Behind the Veil in Persia and Turkish Arabia," tells how the beautiful carpets of that country are made, of course without machinery of any kind. The warp is stretched on a loom, which is merely a frame. The woof consists of short threads woven and knotted by hand without the aid of a shuttle. When a row is finished it is pressed tightly to the rest of the web by means of a comb inserted into the warp.

The weaver does not see the pattern as he works, for he sits with the reverse side of the web toward him. The looms are generally kept in an underground vaulted room, often with water running through the center. At each loom three or four workers sit, according to the size of the carpet. Sometimes the workers consist of one man and two children, and occasionally the owner uses boys and girls only for the weaving, one man acting as overseer to the children.

I sat on the high stool by the side of a tiny girl, whose fingers were working away so fast I could hardly follow her movements. The gyver was walking up and down the room, calling out instructions to the workers. To me it sounded a horrible, incoherent jumble, but the children seemed to understand it perfectly.—Youth's Companion.

In Bulgaria the hen is perhaps the leading financier. More than 8000 tons of egg fruit were shipped in 1908 at a value approximating close to \$1,500,000. Germany took half the output, and Austria more than one fifth.—Exchange.

Suffrage and Society

A TELLING article in the Delineator for January makes account of how the cause of woman suffrage has come to its own in the drawing rooms. Long heard in obscure dim and dusty halls, it is now proclaimed in the palaces of art at Newport and New York. Women the value of whose jewels would finance a reform strolled across the grass at "Marble House" at Newport to take their stand for a cause which but yesterday was nothing to them. Here Mrs. Howe spoke gently and sweetly of how the cause for which some of them had struggled so long had come to the sunshine of popular favor and the Governor of Rhode Island admitted that whatever one's personal convictions might be, one could no longer refuse to give respectful hearing to a cause that could assemble such a "representative gathering."

Mrs. Clarence Mackay with her own

lovely children refutes the argument that one may not be a suffragist and do justice to motherly duties. She says "It is because of the children that the woman should have the vote—to make the world a better place for the children to live in." In 1908 Mrs. Mackay invited a group of the women whose names are open sesame to the brilliant society of all the capitals of Europe, including the Duchess of Marlborough, to meet Mrs. Catt, Mrs. Blatch and the daughter of Elizabeth Cady Stanton and others at a suffragist luncheon. The suffragist ladies talked and taught their sisters of the butterfly world the meaning of the new crusade. Since then the cause has progressed till this winter it is the chief topic of society. The leaders hold that to win the world for suffrage needs only to make the cause known.

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"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Thursday, February 10, 1910.

Swedish Affairs

PATRIARCHALISM, rather than paternalism, is the social condition from which Sweden has just emerged. It would be extremely difficult to find a parallel in modern history for the effects produced by the great strike of last year. That is because it would be equally difficult to find a country so curiously unprepared—socially—for modern economic evolution. The adjustment was bound to come by something akin to revolutionary methods. For if the country at large was unprepared the Swedish masses had reached a degree of social maturity which made that extraordinary assertion by a general strike possible; at least, maturity alone can adequately account for that advancement. Three weeks ago the Swedish Parliament reassembled for the first time since that epochal clash and the issues raised but not decided in the struggle are now to be debated on the floor of the Riksdag.

There are two basic factors in Sweden's revolutionary advance; first, the country has exceedingly few cities, a condition which holds the great majority of the people back in the country, against the modern industrial tendency; second, the extreme scarcity of coal coupled with, or rather offset by, the great abundance of water power supplied by innumerable waterfalls which lend a peculiar charm to the estates of the landed gentry, is responsible for the unique circumstance that industry in Sweden, outside the few cities, is to all practical purposes a branch of agriculture. The age of electricity found industrial concerns ready for work without the process of formation characteristic of all other countries; the aristocracy and plutocracy suddenly found themselves in the double role of landowners with a numerous tenantry and of owners of water power with prospective industries and an adequate labor supply from that same tenantry.

It was inevitable that the time-honored patriarchal relation between owner and tenant should be transferred to the new plane of manufacturer and mill operative, but it was fatal: where no outside influence could shake the control of the landowner over his tenant, the rising waters of modern social tendencies broke like a tidal wave into the relation of these same people as mill owner and mill hand. That tidal wave was the strike. And this social message came to the rural masses from the urban labor whose leaders found the country folks excellently well prepared and receptive for the strict discipline of the modern labor organization, thanks to the control exercised over them for many generations by the landowners. One perceives in this the operation of the same factor which is responsible for the phenomenal growth of socialism in Germany—only that German paternalism reached, in Sweden, the superlative degree of patriarchalism, and so became responsible for an adjustment which called not for evolutionary but for quasi-revolutionary methods. If the great strike has completely recast the social physiognomy of Sweden, it is now for Parliament to sanction and legally establish the new order. At this juncture comes electoral reform as passed by the late Parliament, with universal suffrage and the proportional vote that will give the minority an adequate representation. Clearly, the prospects are excellent for the rise of a new democratic force in northern Europe.

A good many naval officers have owed their advancement to the manner in which they won some hot engagement, but Rear Admiral Peary will owe his promotion to the manner in which he disposed of a cold one.

American Fashions for Americans

"THE apparel oft proclaims the man." Even more frequently, perhaps, it announces the woman, since men very generally appear to delight in having their wives and daughters exhibit in their apparel the attempts at displaying beauty which the men, themselves, are not quite willing to undertake. That the women do not seem to be averse may be because of their eagerness to please the men or because the experiment seems pleasing to themselves. In any event, the word "fashion" has come to have an almost feminine significance, notwithstanding there are many "hints on dress" that every well and properly clothed man must heed. But that men have not always permitted women to outshine them in apparel is set forth throughout all history. Nothing the ladies have ever done could excel in fantastical appearance the English beau of the fourteenth century, with his long pointed shoes fastened to his knee by gold or silver chains; hose of one color on one leg and another color on the other; a coat the one half white and the other black or blue; a long silk hood, buttoned under the chin and embroidered with grotesque figures of animals and dancing men. Nor do the women of today indulge in any such extreme fashions as prevailed in the epoch when the farthingale held sway. Indeed, there seems to be manifest a desire on the part of the women of these latter times to dress becomingly and with a conservatism that only now and then is overridden.

That the women of America are disposed to make something like a national attempt to design their own fashions lends a new interest to the subject of feminine dress. The first national style show ever held in America was opened in the city of Washington on Monday last. The exhibits include American-made models of suits, cloaks, habits, gowns, hats, lingerie, hose, shoes, and silk and woolen materials. The slogan of those responsible for the exhibition is "American clothes for American women." Their purposes are still further illustrated by the exhibits of the United Ladies Tailors Association, whose convention is being held in connection with the style show. The suits shown are designed to fit the requirements of the American woman's figure and are said to be "free from the exaggerated styles affected by Parisian women." Masterpieces of the smartest tailors, dressmakers and milliners in Washington, Baltimore, Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Chicago are shown. It is believed that even though American fashions do not supersede those evolved by the French they will at least serve to modify them and give them an American "touch" that will better adapt them to the needs of American women.

Every nationality has its individuality in clothes, as in everything else, and that one people should allow another to tell it what to wear and how to wear it, is, all in all, somewhat unnatural if not unreasonable.

able. No one doubts that both individual and national character is indexed by costume. No person not pleased with himself or herself, even in a personal sense, can easily please others, for belief in one's own grace helps to make one graceful. It has been well said that if it is deemed commendable to dress our minds to the best advantage and to render ourselves as intellectually agreeable as possible, we should bestow similar pains on our outward personal appearance. Since President Taft has said that he considers it a great thing that Americans have become so prominent in originating styles of clothes, the public can but express a similar interest in the movement now being emphasized by this gathering at Washington.

IT APPEARS that the Senate inquiry into the high cost of living is to be largely a Republican defensive measure. No doubt there will be a minority report, but it will have only the force of minority reports in general. The House ways and means committee investigation into the same subject, already commended in these columns, promises much better results than it is reasonable to look for from the carrying out of the Senate program, but, from a partisan standpoint, the former will be carried on with too much deliberation. To meet pressing political exigencies, what is needed, from a Republican point of view, is quick work and an early report.

The Republican party, being in power, claims credit for whatever is encouraging, helpful and satisfying in the present economic situation. On the other hand, it must assume responsibility for whatever is disappointing, hurtful and popularly obnoxious. To the operation of its policies are attributed the conditions concerning which there is at present widespread complaint. Rightly or wrongly, the trusts are generally believed to be the natural outgrowth of the Republican tariff policy. Wrongly or rightly, the Republican party is blamed almost universally for the steady increase in the cost of living.

A congressional election is approaching. In many districts the campaign has already begun. It is admitted in Republican circles that the party's control of the House is in serious danger. Two recent by-elections have made it clear that the peril of the dominant party has not been exaggerated by those who have sounded the alarm. The present indications are unfavorable, at least, and the point is to take prompt and decisive action to reverse them. It can easily be shown in the hastened Senate inquiry that high prices set in with the election of President McKinley and that the tendencies have been upward ever since. No pains, of course, will be spared to show that high prices mean, or are the consequence of, prosperity. But the question is, are all or only a few, comparatively, sharing in this prosperity? Senator Crawford is quoted as saying that the important thing is to ascertain whether wages have been advanced correspondingly with foodstuffs and other necessities. The Republican majority of the Senate committee, it may be taken for granted, will strive to prove that the wage-earner has shared proportionately with the farmer, banker, manufacturer, middleman, and merchant; and if this can be established, and soon, it will unquestionably affect the present political trend.

In the meantime, it is not to be supposed that the opposition will be idle. Testimony in support of the contention that we are not all sharing equally in the present prosperity is very plentiful, and it is insistently seeking a hearing.

The Remaking of Our Cities--and Boston

CHICAGO, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Buffalo, Washington, Boston, and now New York, are among the larger cities of the country that, in some degree, are contemplating the making of important alterations and improvements. The metropolis is the latest of the big cities to wheel into line. New York is not thinking of making anything like a radical change in its physical appearance, nor would such a change be any more desirable than it is necessary. New York does propose, however, to have a greater Fifth avenue—one of the most magnificent boulevards in the world, extending from the heart of its business district to the island boundary and beyond. Chicago, Pittsburg and Philadelphia are considering alteration and improvement plans which, if carried out, will greatly improve the appearance of those cities. The promoters of the "Boston-1915" movement have set ideals for themselves whereof realization would undoubtedly make more modern and more convenient a very large district of the older part of the city, but at a sacrifice of one of its crowning attractions.

To alter the present configuration of Boston so that one may be able to look down its streets to the waterfront would mean, of course, the untangling of the network that gives Boston today a distinctive place among American cities. Boston is not the only city in the country that has narrow and crooked streets, but Boston might rightfully lay claim to the credit of having more narrow and crooked streets, and more attractive narrow and crooked streets, than any other of our cities. It is questionable if Boston appreciates the advantage it enjoys by reason of the historic associations and the quaintness of its older neighborhoods. Thousands of strangers from all parts of the country love to visit Boston for the relief it affords them from the monotony of the characteristic right-angled American city. It would be instructive as well as interesting to learn just how many thousands of dollars the ancient lay-out of Boston induces annually. To the westerner, in particular, the destruction of the present configuration of Boston will seem like a sacrilege.

The argument is advanced that Boston should be something more than a show town. This sounds strangely inconsistent. As a matter of fact, Boston has already expended many millions in making itself more attractive to visitors. What all of the cities named are striving for is beautification that will attract visitors and make and hold permanent residents. But Boston, while retaining its old attractions, which are priceless, need not stand still by any means. There are ample opportunities for development and expansion without impairing or destroying one of the very greatest of its assets.

ALTHOUGH large shipments of cabbage, cauliflower, beans, lettuce and cucumbers are now beginning to arrive from Texas and Florida, these early spring offerings are selling at figures that make them of little relief to the people who are abstaining from meat because of its high price.

M. ROSTAND's success in his latest play is another evidence that there is a good deal in knowing how. It isn't every playwright who can write a play right.

The Senate Food Inquiry Plan

Schools and Vocations

NEW HAVEN is discussing the advisability of establishing in that city a school designed, with the aid of local manufacturing concerns, to give to boys and perhaps girls a technical education that will prepare them for life's work. The benefits of trade schools have been recognized in other cities, and it is probable New Haven will see the wisdom of falling into line in this advance. The charge is made against the public school system that it does not fit boys for earning a livelihood, that they are not prepared in any way to enter industrial establishments. It is argued that the call for trade schools proceeds not more from the necessities of the case as they confront the employer of labor than from the necessities of the case as they confront the boy just starting out in life.

The work of the public schools is being practically supplemented by the vocational advice of experts, given under the direction of some of the Young Mens Christian Associations. This is an excellent idea. In many instances boys achieve but indifferent success in after life through having drifted into pursuits or callings for which they were poorly fitted or without special aptitude. A wise word from some one capable to advise, given at the right time, might have directed them into channels much more suitable, desirable and profitable. Prof. Frank Parsons of this city is credited with having done great service to young people by giving counsel regarding life careers, and his work has been carried on by those in charge of the Civic Service House on Salem street. A commission consisting of school principals and teachers appointed by the Boston school committee has been pursuing an investigation into this subject with a view to establishing closer relations between school and practical affairs. Under methods pursued heretofore there has been a waste to society as well as to the individual. This was becoming decidedly more marked with the rapidly changing conditions of industrial life, and the demand grew more and more imperative that something must be done in behalf of the oncoming generation as a duty to them and for the general good. It is good to know that this demand is now being heeded.

THE United States patent office has at length been outgrown. This will not surprise anybody who gives proper consideration to the fact that Americans are the most inventive people in the world, and the most disposed to protect legally everything they invent and every improvement they devise for inventions already patented. A few figures will be instructive. Last year the commissioner of patents, Edward B. Moore, reported 58,527 applications received for the previous twelve months. These were for ordinary patents, but in addition there were applications for design patents and for reissues which brought the total up to very nearly 60,000. Recently a great number of models that were formerly stored in the building were removed to another structure, and many models of great interest and value are now included among the exhibits of the National museum.

It will be somewhat in the nature of news to readers in general that the patent office is not only a self-supporting establishment, but that there is now in the treasury more than \$7,000,000 to its credit. This, and enough besides to meet the operating expenses of the office, has been paid in by the inventors of the country as fees. The commissioner in his last report pointed out that in view of the importance of the service sought and rendered, and in view of the constantly increasing difficulties in the way of properly transacting the patent office business, a new building, that would afford necessary facilities for many years to come, is greatly needed and desired, and Senator Daniel has now before Congress a measure framed to meet the requirements. This bill proposes the erection of a structure of the same general design as the Library of Congress, to occupy a similar site just north of that building.

Whether or not the patent office has enough money to its credit to meet the cost of the building it is seeking, there is no question as to its ability to lay by in time whatever additional funds may be necessary. And there is less question as to the wisdom of providing ample facilities for a bureau of the government whereof the province is to deal with the inventive genius of the country.

OUR domestic commerce on the Great Lakes last year just fell short of 90,000,000 net tons. While about one third larger than for the year before, this tonnage was 2,500,000 tons below the record for 1907, the biggest total in the history of the lake trade. An analysis shows that by far the greater part of the freight consisted of bulky and long-haul traffic. This was particularly true of the eastbound shipments of iron ore and grain and the westbound shipments of coal. In iron ore shipments Duluth bore off the palm with 13,260,399 gross tons. The total was 40,732,677 gross tons, a slight gain over 1907 and a vast increase over last year.

Over 87 per cent of the annual wheat shipments proceeded from Duluth and Superior, and over 84 per cent of the domestic lake shipments of corn were from Chicago. Domestic grain shipments during the past season totaled 118,203,760 bushels. The lumber shipments for the year fell about one third below the average for the preceding five-year period, notwithstanding the large demand for this material in the middle West and East. It is noteworthy that the average freight rates for the past year on hard coal from Lake Erie ports were higher, those of soft coal lower, than during 1908.

The annual movement of unclassified, chiefly package, freight shows a large increase, the total being 7,534,003 net tons, far exceeding any previous year. The aggregate outward-bound vessel tonnage was greater than ever before, between domestic lake ports, although the number of vessel departures has been exceeded. The freight tonnage of the Sault Ste. Marie (Michigan) and Ontario (Canada) canals was 40 per cent in excess of like tonnage in 1908, and the vessel tonnage reported by the canal authorities was larger than for any previous year. There was a 33 per cent increase in the freight tonnage of the Detroit river. The gain in the total lake shipments was about 34 per cent as compared with 1908.

NO DOUBT there are a good many congressmen who think that the river and harbor bill for the next year, which is to call for about \$40,000,000, shelters some appropriations that should be cut down in size. But as a matter of course it is the other fellows' appropriations that need trimming.

A New Patent Office Wanted

Our Lake Commerce Gains